INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

PRICE ONE ANNA
REGD. NO. B. 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
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VOL. XXI NO. 188 BOMBAY FRIDAY AUGUST 11, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

# DIE-HARDS OUT TO WRECK WHITE PAPER

## *Out Of The Gloaming.*

Sir T. B. has returned to Bombay and will soon disappear in a pile of fat briefs waiting in Allahabad, his ambition being to spend and end his days as a "provincial lawyer"—a term which has a very different meaning in this country to what it has in others.

* * * *

In the meanwhile there is a temporary reparation—not a divorce, of course,—between this Darby and Joan couple, M. R. J. is a sort of grass widow now, waiting not for hubby's return but for the time when she can fly back on wings of hope to him.

* * * *

M. R. J. is, according to Sir T. B., his political residuary legatee in England. But there are no political assets, so far as we can see, and the legacy will be unrealisable.

* * * *

We are afraid the widow may not have anything to keep her going, except the flower of culture,—the essence of Allahabad and Bombay, harmoniously blended together for British consumption. India too will have its share no doubt, but we in Bombay prefer our M. R. J. brand—undiluted!

* * * *

Sir Ghulam Hussain charges the Bombay Corporation with breach of promise, in that they refuse to wed that coy, but extravagant and somewhat elderly spinster, the Improvement Trust, without an adequate dot. The engagement is an old standing one, but somehow marriage has not materialised yet.

* * * *

The Council is now performing the ceremony and Sir Rustom Vakil is the officiating priest. Sir Ghulam Hussain ought to have acted as the best man, but unfortunately he can't. The Trust has a number of bridesmaids, both old and young, prominent among them being the Misses Solanki and Bole, also somewhat past their prime.

* * * *

It may seem strange, but you can't trust these modern fashions. It was proposed to give the bride tobacco duty as her dowry, but the Corporations' representatives are asking for more as the bridegroom's relatives sometimes do at the eleventh hour. But the priest is insistent, and no doubt the Corporation will fall an easy victim in the end.

* * * *

Bombay, according to the Poona Weather Prophets, is going to get 95 per cent. of its average rainfal this year. Our intelligent Hydraulic Engineer will now have to curtail the water supply—in readiness for next year's water famine. Forewarned is forearmed and you can't look too far ahead.

* * * *

This year we have had too much of a good thing, just to spite the Bombay citizens. To add insult to injury, Tansa is overflowing. The overflowing is like one of Dr. Alban De'Souza's oratorical spates—loud and never-ending, but sterile.

* * * *

Whatever may be said about A. P. it is a live service, for as soon as the Madras papers arrived in Bombay, it at once sent out a summary of Messrs. Aney's and Satyamurti's letters. If the Madras mail had been delayed, they would have had to date the message a day later, as a matter of honesty.

* * * *

As it is Bombay received these important letters only a couple of days later, for the "Hindu" had them in its Dak of August 7. We do not know what would have happened, if the Madrasi gentlemen in the A. P. office had not read the Madrasi Smart boy papers.

* * * *

"It is not that I mind it being stated that I have 25 eye-lashes or even 24. I do not."—Jeanette MacDonald, the famous film star, explaining her "attitude" towards a French journalist, who claimed that in an interview he had counted the 25 eye-lashes on each of her eyes.

What is more, she wouldn't mind even if you say that she hasn't got any eye-lashes at all. In fact, she hasn't got them, like every other "star." So that's that.

# OPPOSED TO CENTRAL RESPO. SIBILI Y

## Supru Sees No Prospect Of Any Advance

## INTERVIEWS VICEROY AT JAYA MAHAL BEFORE DEPARTURE

**On his arival in Bombay from London by the mail steamer "Naldera" on Thursday afternoon, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru received an invitation to see the Viceroy He was met at the mole by the A.D.C. to the Viceroy who extended the invitation.**

**Sir Tej Bahadur interviewed the Viceroy at 'Jaya Mahal", Bombay, before his departure to Allahabad on Thursday night.**

**In an interview with a "Chronicle" representative Sir Tej Bahadur did not deny the report that he contemplated retiring from active politics. 'I have never been a active politician and I do not propose to be one hereafter", he said.**

**WHOLLY OUT OF QUESTION.**

**He foresaw that the Churchill-Lloyd school of politicians will do all they can in the coming months to wreck and paralyse that portion of the White Paper which concerned the centre and added: "Any advance upon the White Paper seems to me to be wholly out of question. I should not feel surprised if the die-hard elements make still further concentrated efforts to whittle down the White Paper."**

**Sir Tej Bahadur anticipated that the new constitution may begin to function in the Provinces in 1935, but it was difficult to be sure as to the precise time when the new constitution may begin to function as regards the Centre.**

In the course of the interview Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru declared: "It was hoped when I left England that the Joint Parliamentary Committee would submit its report to Parliament before its present session was over, that is to say at the end of October or the beginning of November. I think it is correct to say that the supporters of the White Paper are stronger in numbers, but we must not overlook the fact that among its opponents are some men who wield considerable influence and weight in the counsels of the Conservative Party.

ADVANCE DOOMED.

Any advance upon the White Paper seems to me to be wholly out of question and I should not feel surprised if the die-hard politicians make a still further concentrated efforts to whittle down the White Paper in certain respects. The die-hard element in English politics is wholly opposed to central responsibility being established simultaneously with responsibility in the provinces, and I anticipate that the Churchill-Lloyd school of politicians will do all they can in the coming months to wreck or paralyse that portion of the White Paper which concerns the centre.

It is however believed by many who are in touch with English party machinery that in the contest between Mr. Baldwin and Mr Churchill the majority of the Conservatives will follow the former's lead and will not desert him. Nevertheless, we must be prepared for fierce and persistent attacks from Mr. Churchill and Lord Lloyd and their supporters in the press and the Parliament.

P. A. IN 1935.

As regards Sir Samuel Hoare himself, when he appeared before the Committee he knew his brief remarkably well and within the limits of the White Paper, he defended his proposals with remarkable skill and vigour.

The Report of the Joint Parliamentary Committee will probably be followed by a debate in Parliament and then the Bill will be introduced probably in the Spring of 1934. It is hoped it may be passed into Law in the autumn of 1934 thus enabling the new constitution to function in the provinces in 1935.

FEDERATION PROSPECTS.

As regards Federation, its materialisation has been made to depend upon certain conditions such as the readiness of a certain number of Indian States to come in about which I do not anticipate any serious difficulty and the fulfilment of certain financial prerequisites.

Before I left England I learnt that the conditions for the setting up of the Reserve Bank at an early date were understood to be encouraging. In the existing circumstances therefore, it is difficult to be sure as to the precise time when the new constitution may begin to function at the centre.

MEMORANDUM TO J. P. C.

At the same time, the importance of the changes at the Centre on Federation basis is being realised more and more in quarters which were absolutely hostile until a few weeks ago. More than this I cannot say.

I have dealt with the issues which arose at the Committee in a comprehensive memorandum which I have already submitted to the Lord Chairamn.

Mr. Jayakar, Mr. A. Ragaswami Iyengar and Mr. N. M. Joshi have written to me letters expressing their concurrence and I have submitted those letters also to Lord Chairman. Mr. Jayakar has written a supplementary note on commercial discrimination, and the two others will probably submit separate notes on some special matters in which they feel interested.

I have been told that it will be a breach of privilege to publish my memorandum until it is laid before Parliament. I propose therefore to release it as soon as it is laid on the table before the Parliament.

## *CONNECTED WITH WORK OF "JOINT"*

### *Sapru Explains His Talk With Viceroy*

That his talks with the Viceroy had nothing to do with the present political situation, but with the work of the Joint Parliamentary Committee, was stated by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to a "Chronicle" man just before he left for Allahabad by the Calcutta Mail on Thursday night.

# SHAUKAT ALI v SADANAND

### Mr. Horniman Called To Prove Widespread Effect Of Publication

### "ATTEMPT TO "DISCREDIT MAULANA"

**Witness states Impression Produced on his Mind by alleged Libellous Passages.**

That the report published under the heading "Another War Speech," published in the "Free Press Journal" on May 20, was in his opinion, libellous and sought to discredit Maulana Shaukat Ali, was the evidence tendered by Mr. B.G. Horniman at the resumed hearing before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, of the case in which Maulana Shaukat Ali is charging Mr. S. Sadanand and Mr. D.N. Nadkarni of the "Free Press of India Journal" with defamation. "I had myself received a similar report," said Mr. Horniman, "and as I did not believe it, I did not publish it in the 'Bombay Chronicle.' "

Mr. B. G. Horniman in his statement stated that he has been a journalist for 39 years. He was connected with the "Bombay Chronicle" when the last communal riots broke out in May 1932 in Bombay. He said that a copy of the "Rangoon Mail" was received by the "Bombay Chronicle" as an exchange copy. Shown a copy of the "Rangoon Mail" dated May 22, Mr. Horniman stated that he read the report published therein about Shaukat Ali's walk-out from the Peace Committee under the heading "Shaukat Ali Unmasks Himself."

Mr. Noori, for the prosecution tendered the article as an exhibit.

DEFENCE OBJECTION.

Mr. Kanuga for the defence, objected. He contended that the complainant had not shown that accused was responsible for this publication. Any paper could publish any kind of report, which was not evidence. The law required, he stated that strict proof should be adduced. What the prosecution was seeking to tender was a publication purported to have been published in the "Rangoon Mail," with the words in paranthesis "Free Press of India." Counsel submitted that it did not follow that what was published in the "Rangoon Mail" must be fathered upon the accused.

Mr. Noori modified his ground and said, he would prove only the widespread effect of the publication of the "Free Press" report of Mr. Shaukat Ali's walk-out from the Peace Committee.

HIS IMPRESSION.

Mr. Horniman, continuing his evidence then stated in reply to questions that, there were three recognised News Agencies in India, viz: Reuter; the Associated Press and the Free Press of India. Counsel then handed up a copy of the "Free Press Journal" of May 20 and asked Mr. Horniman:

What would you understand from the heading "Another War Speech in Peace Meeting"?

Mr. Horniman: That somebody had made a warlike speech. (Laughter).

Counsel:—What impression did the report leave on your mind?

Mr. Horniman:—I did not believe it and I thought it was an attempt to discredit Maulana Shaukat Ali. I thought the whole article was libellous. I had myself refused a similar report brought to me by some reporter for publication.

Counsel:—Do you know the name of the reporter?

Mr. Horniman:—No. I only remember some similar report

(Continued On page 7.)

# MR. DE VALERA SHOUTED DOWN

## Tumultuous Scene in Dail Debate

## Speaker Adjourns House Till Sept. 27

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.

**Mr. De Valera was shouted down for the first time since he entered the Dail in 1927 when he attempted to speak early to-day after a four hours' debate on the economic crisis and the position of private armies.**

**There were shouts of "You are ruining the country". "You are too weak to handle any situation."**

**Mr. De Valera, angry and livid, shouted his replies, and the Speaker twice ineffectually intervened. The row increased when a Deputy insulted the Speaker, Deputies bandying a buse.**

**THREAT TO ADJOURN.**

**Brief silence followed the Speaker's threat to adjourn, but Mr. De Valera had only spoken six words when the stentorian shouts of "Shirker" created fresh tumult till 2-15 a.m. when the Dail adjourned till 27th September without Mr. De Valera having an opportunity to explain the Government's attitude towards the parade of National Guards fixed for August 13 which the whole country is awaiting.—Reuter.**

# BRILLIANT JOCKEY DEAD

### Echo Of Injuries On Race Course

### RIDER FOR KING

**Alex Cottrill Who Headed List Of Amateurs For Four Years**

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug 10.

The death has occurred of Alex Cottrill, Amateur jockey, aged 23, after an operation for injuries sustained due to the mount who was subsequently destroyed falling in the Lewes races on Saturday owing to the saddle slipping.

Cottrill, son of Lambourn trainer and was a most brilliant amateur jockey for the last 20 years and headed the list of amateurs for four years.

There has been no finer finisher and judge of pace.

Cottrill rode for His Majesty.

## *ALLEGED ARMED DACOITIES*

### *Trial Of 21 Accused Adjourned*

MADRAS, Aug. 10.

The case against 21 persons charge-sheeted under Section 120-B.I.P.C (conspiracy to commit armed dacoities, etc.) was taken up this afternoon by Mr. Koli Pillai, Third Presidency Magistrate.

The Prosecuting Inspector represented that a man was arrested at Coimbatore yesterday with a revolver and the City police were investigating with a view to finding out whether he was connected with the present case. He therefore wanted adjournment for a fortnight.

Defence counsel protesting observed that a shorter remand should be sufficient. The Magistrate adjourned the case till 23rd August.—A. P.

## *POPE RECEIVES TRAVANCORE*

VATICAN City, Aug. 10.

The Pope received in audience the Maharaiah of Travancore.—Reuter.

ORANGE (France), Aug. 10.

The valet of the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava narrowly escaped death when the motor-car Marquess overturned and his chauffer was killed.—Reuter.

# GOLDEN MEAN

### Sir T. V. Chari On W. P. Proposals

### WHAT ENGLAND FEELS

**Satisfactory Solution of Indian Question Desired.**

LONDON, Aug. 10.

That the English people desired a satisfactory settlement of the Indian question was the impression that Sir T. Vijayagvacharya gave Reuter in an interview when leaving for India, today.

He added that India's fast-changing conditions and the necessity of large adjustments were now realised in England.

He believed that the White Paper proposals would go through as representing the golden mean between conflicting opinions.—Reuter.

INTERNED IN CAMP

MUNICH, Aug. 10.

Seventy communists are interned in a concentration camp following lightning searches of the houses of suspected communists. Quantities of explosives, cartridges and picric acid were found leading to the conclusion that bombing outrages were in preparation, while the discovery of a secret printing press, the police believe, exposes the source of the Communist leaflet and newspaper propaganda. It is stated that rifles were found concealed in beehives.—Reuter.

BALBO'S ARMADA.

LISBON, Aug. 10.

General Balbo's Armada will not leave for Rome until Saturday, as it is awaiting arrival of Squaglia's body which is being brought here 'en route' home. Commander described the lap between Iceland and Labrador the most difficult of all, and pointed out nobody had previously made this hop, without landing at Greenland.

General Balbo decorated the crew with the "wings", awarded to trans-ocean flyers, after three cheers for Sgr. Mussolini. General Balbo kissed each aviator twice and then followed ten minutes' silence for Squaglia.—Reuter's Special.

VATICAN CITY, Aug. 10.

Before landing at Ostia the Armada will fly over the Vatican and later General Balbo will be received byt he Pope.—Reuter's Special.

# INDIAN CHESS PRODIGY

### Girl Wins British Ladies Championship

***Special Cable***

***LONDON Aug. 10.***

***Miss Fatima, the Indian chess player who is still in her 'teens, won the British Ladies Championship securing nine and half points out of a possible ten.***

## *SITUATION ON FRONTIER*

### *Gandab Column Troops Reconnoitre Passes*

SIMLA, Aug. 10.

Latest reports from the Frontier show that troops from the Gandab column reconnoitred the passes two or three miles east, and north-east of Ghalanai with a view to ascertaining the practicability of troop movements or road-making through them.

The eastern pass was found difficult, while the other was quite satisfactory for pack transport. Troops met with no opposition whatsoever.—A. P.

# STOP PRESS

### NAZIS AND EUROPEAN GOVTS.

LONDON, August 10.

Nazi activities abroad continue to arouse the anxiety of the European Governments. A serious view is taken in London diplomatic circles of Habicht's latest broadcast lecture from Munich, attacking the Austrian Government.

It is recognised, however, that the German Government have a difficult task in receding from the position originally adopted in view of the expectations of their supporters, and there is no desire to humiliate them or make the task more difficult, and in well-informed circles, it is considered barely possible that Habicht may not have received instructions from Berlin to cease interference in the Austrian affair's.

Nevertheless, the position is being watched very closely. In Paris diplomatic circles the only comment hitherto made is that Habicht's broadcast speach is a breach of the assurances given to Italy.

Meanwhile, the demand for a vigorous Government protest to Berlin is made by the Swiss Socialist newspaper "Arbeiter Zeitung" of Basle, following the Nazi search of the electric power-station in the Swiss territory. The newspaper also demands a piece of legislation to prevent future recurrence of the episode.—Reuter's Special.

AVIATORS DEPART FOR PARIS.

BEYROUT, August 10.

Aviators Codos and Rossi, who recently broke the long-distance record, have departed for Paris, via Marseilles nonstop.—Reuter.

REPUBLIC BILL REJECTED.

LONDON, Aug. 10.

A resolution favouring the fusion of Nationalist and South African parties was passed by Transvaal Nationlist Congress by 591 votes to 9, while the proposal for eventual establishment of a Republic was rejected by 579 votes to 21.

General Hertzog in a speech declared that the fusion was a matter for people to decide, and leaders must abide by his decision. Transvaal will now request the Unionwide congress of the Nationlist Party in order to discuss the question of fusion.—Reuter.

# TABULATED ADLETS

## 1 Anna Per Word.

## Minimum Re. 1

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle'," Red Building. Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

**9. SITUATIONS VACANT.**

**Wanted Engineer, Store-Superintendent,** Stenotypist, Time-Keeper, Accountant for Sugar factory. Apply stating salary to Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (1051)

**10. SITUATIONS WANTED.**

**A Weaving Master possessing** expert Technical knowledge of Weaving, Sizing and finishing, and extensive practical experience of five years, working for the last seven years in a Mill of 580 Looms under the management of a reputable firm desires a change of place and an employment in a Mill of long standing owing to the climate of the present situation being not agreeable to his family. Apply Box No. 1041, "Bombay Chronicle."

**20. OFFICES TO LET.**

**For Solicitors—Well-lighted and** airy Office premises in Meadows Street. Reasonable Rent. Apply Box No. 123, "Bombay Chronicle."

**56. EDUCATIONAL.**

**Wanted candidates to learn Short-**hand by post in 6 weeks. Practical training. Low cost. Easy terms. Booklet free. International Correspondence College. Post Box 412, Calcutta. (1003).

**73. AGENTS WANTED.**

**Wanted town and district agents** in unrepresented areas to sell our best high grown Darjeeling tea On liberal commission. For agency terms apply to the Manager, Ghyabari Tea Estate, P.O. Ghyabari (Darjeeling). (975).

**74. AGENCIES WANTED**

**Applications are invited from per**sons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwallor, Mhow and Amraoti. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

**76. TRADE FORECASTS.**

**American Cotton Futures.** Sure forecasts. Our charges will be accepted only after results come correct. For further particulars write to Kumbha (B.A., LL.B.), Post Box 2057, Bombay 2. (1061).

**Cotton Forecast: Free to genuine** clients. Rs. 50 capital gets you Rs. 1,000. Apply Varr, Byculla 8. (1059).

**85. ENGINEERS.**

**Wanted candidates to qualify** Overseers; Sub-Engineers through correspondence. British India Technical College (Registered by Government). Sukkur, Sind. (1015)

**100. MACHINERY WANTED.**

**Wanted a Pumping Engine for** Cotton Baling Press. Apply to Box No. 1053 "Bombay Chronicle."

**154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE**

**A Bargain—Norweglar Glazed** Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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|---|---|
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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

## NOTICE

No. 77 of 1933.

Chief Customs Office,
Jamnagar, 28th July, 1933.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for general information that Nawanagar State is going to farm out by Public Auction the contract of selling country liquors of local preparation and imported English liquors for one year or a suitable period from 1st September, 1933.

Persons desirous of submitting offers to keep the Ijara are requested to be present at our Office on 21-8-1933 morning.

Conditions of the contract will be explained at the time of the auction.

DWARKADAS L. SARAYA,
Chief Customs Officer,
Nawanagar State

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## Public Notices

### The Currimbhoy Mills Co., Ltd.,

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House," No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 28th day of August, 1933, at 3-0 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1933.
2. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, will be CLOSED from the 21st day of August 1933 to the 5th day of September, 1933, both days, inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 11th August, 1933.

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### The Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd.,

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House," No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 28th day of August, 1933, at 4-0 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1933.
2. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st day of August, 1933 to the 5th day of September, 1933, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 11th August, 1933.

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### The Ceylon Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd.

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House," No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 28th day of August, 1933, at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1933.
2. To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, will be CLOSED from the 21st day of August, 1933, to the 5th day of September, 1933, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 11th August, 1933.

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## Public Notices

### The Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited.

**NOTICE**

THE FORTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th August, 1933, at 3 p.m. (Standard Time) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 28th February, 1933
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To re-elect Mr. W. G. McKee who retires under Article 103 of the Articles of Association, as a Director of the Company.
4. To appoint two Directors in place of Mr. Albert Raymond, and Mr. H. P. Mody who retire by rotation, and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st August, 1933, to 30th August, 1933, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 4th August, 1933.

N. B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Monday, the 11th September 1933 between 12 noon and 3 p.m. on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. on Saturdays, on production of the Share Certificates, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 19th August, 1933.

7085

### Notice To Consignees

S. S. "LONDON MARU".

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 9th August, 1933, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

## Legal Notices

### In the High Court of Judicature At Bombay

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 1154 OF 1933.

(1) BINODILAL BISHAMBHERDAYAL, (2) MAKHANLAL BHAWANISAHAYA ..... Plaintiffs

Vs.

GOPAL SHIVRAM DYANEKAR ..... Defendant.

To

The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed this suit against you to recover from you Rs. 34,580-0-6 with interest costs and interest on judgment as mentioned in the Plaint herein and the Court has fixed the hearing of the suit on the 30th day of August 1933.

Also take Notice that in default of your appearance on the day aforesaid the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 10th day of August, 1933.

VACHHA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys,
Yusuf Building, Churchgate St.
Fort, Bombay.

7099


**The CARLTON**

LAST TWO SHOWS
6-30 & 10 P.M.

Your last chance to see
THE GREAT JUNGLE THRILLER

**EAST of BORNEO**

WITH
ROSE HOBART
CHARLES BICKFORD


## AUCTION SALES

### MENESSE & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 15th August, 1933, at 2 p.m. in the Liquor Shed (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

Matches: 21 cases C. P. Goods; 2 cases art silk; scissors; toilet requisites; Porcelain and Glassware; One Motor Car (Riley); Hardware; iron &c.

MENESSE & CO.


**N. Y. K. LINE**

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS.

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| *Tango Maru | 6,893 | 30 July |
| Tokiwa Maru | 6,972 | 19 Aug |
| *Ginyo Maru | 9,000 | 29 Aug |
| Calcutta Maru | 5,339 | 17 Sep |

| | | 13 Aug |
|---|---|---|
| | | 24 Aug |
| | | 10 Sep |
| | | 27 Sep |

*Passenger steamer with excelle accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS.

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Kashima Maru | 10,000 | 22 Aug. |
| Yasukuni Maru | 12,000 | 2 Sep. |
| Hakone Maru | 10500 | 18 Sept. |

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON.

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Hakozaki Maru | 10,500 | 16 Aug |
| Terukuni Maru | 12,000 | 26 Aug. |

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO.

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Hongkong |
|---|---|---|
| Asama Maru | 17,000 | 6 Sep. |
| Taiyo Maru | 14,500 | Ex-Kobe 23 Sep. |

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

| Steamers | Tons | Leave Kobe |
|---|---|---|
| Hikawa Maru | 11,600 | 4 Sep. |
| Hiye Maru | 11,600 | 18 Sep. |

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279: Telegrams "YUSEN."


### COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF

COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. I. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients are remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening midway fluctuations to the closing prices.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE—The Sterling-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

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DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST:—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cabled advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.

OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE

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COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU.
181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY
Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET."


**HYDROCELE** Provaka Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasis, Hernia, etc. Application removes pain at once and removes size and weight soon. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Hanchrapara (Bengal).



LAST DAY

**WELLINGTON TALKIES, Dhobi Talao**

6-30 and 10 p.m.

TOM WALLS' most HILARIOUS COMEDY.

**THE BLARNEY STONE**

enacted by a brilliant cast including

ANNE GREY

TO-MORROW

Your favourite comedian in his best role.

SIDNEY HOWARD

in the fine comedy released by United Artists

**NIGHT OF THE GARTER**


### DEPRESSION LEADS TO STORM

#### Weekly Survey Of Weather In India

POONA, Aug. 10.

The monsoon was vigorous from Konkan to Orissa and in and around Rajputana and active in Lower Burma, Bengal; Chota Nagpur; North Madras coast and Malabar.

The depression in the North Bay of Bengal at the end of the previous week intensified into a storm by 3rd morning, which crossed the Coast between Balasore and Chandbali in the course of the day. It lay as a deep depression near Sambalpur on 4th and moving Northwestwards accentuated the seasonal low pressure over North Baluchistan on 8th.

This depression was responsible for widespread and locally heavy rain along and near its track.

Some notable falls of rain during the period were :Veraval 7 inches on 2nd, Mahableshwar 10 inches on 2nd, 12 inches on 3rd and 13 inches the next day; Cuttack 13 inches and Raipur 5 inches on 3rd; Khandala 11 inches and Pachmarhi 5 inches on the 4th; Neemuch 6 inches on 5th; Dwarka 12 inches; Ajmer 6 and Mount Abu 5 inches on 6th and Bikaner 5 inches the next day.

The low pressure wave from the east passed into the Bay of Bengal across Burma after 5th and a depression formed off Arakan Coast by the 7th evening. Moving rapidly northwestwards the depression crossed the coast near Chanbali on 9th morning. Under its influence locally heavy rain occurred in Orissa on 8th.—A. P.

### THREE BENGALI GIRLS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Aug. 10.

The Special Branch of Calcutta Police arrested to-day three Bengali girl students following searches of their respective houses, it is stated, in connection with terrorist activities.

A Bengali youth was arrested in Amherst Street, and a revolver and four cartridges were found in his possession.—A. P.

### HAMMOND'S 86, NOT OUT

LONDON, Aug. 10.

The match between Gloucestershire and Worcestershire which began yesterday resulted in a win for Gloucester by nine wickets.

SCORES:—

Worcester 193 and 205 (Goddard six for 73).

Gloucester 253 (Brook four for 69) and 149 for one (Hammond 86 not out, Barnett 50 not out).—Reuter Special.

RESULTS OF MATCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 10.

The following are results of first-class cricket matches which commenced yesterday:—

Warwickshire Versus West Indies: match ended in a draw. Warwickshire 361 for seven and declared.

West Indies 474 (Headley 182, Merry 146; Paine five for 143). Warwick's second innings 48 for one.

Kent versus Derbyshire: Kent won by 160 runs. Kent 309 and 229 (Woolley 161; Copson four for 62). Derby 84 and 194 (Freeman six for 82).

CLOSING SCORES.

Hampshire versus Notts: Hampshire 466; (Pothecary 112, Bailey 59; Harris four for 72). Notts 282 for seven (Keeton 110; Carr 84).—Reuter's Special.

## NO SURRENDER OF ASSYRIANS

### Irak Govt. Protest To League Of Nations

LONDON, Aug. 10.

The report of unconditional surrender of Assyrians is premature. The Irak Government have protested strongly to the League of Nations against the attitude of the French mandatory authorities in allowing an armed Assyrian band to enter Irak, resulting in an all-night battle and many casualties.—Reuter.

### NEW AIR VENTURE

#### Six Dehavilands To Commence Feeder Line Operation

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, August 10.

I understand that the Indian National Airways Company, which is to work Feeder Services to the Trans-Continental Airways, will make arrangements to purchase six Dehaviland machines with all the up-to-date conveniences for passengers, and that, according to the present scheme, there will be a very important Feeder Line from Jodhpur, Bikaner, Ferozepur, Lahore and Rawalpindi. It is expected that that before the end of the year, arrangements will also be made for a Feeder Line between Calcutta and Bombay, via stations like Cawnpore, Lahore, Agra and Cawnpore.

### PHONE LINKS FORGING AHEAD

#### New Short Circuit Lines To Operate Soon

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, August 10.

I learn that further improvement in the recently started long distance Telephone Service between Madras and North India will be made as soon as an adequate quantity of telephone cables are available. It is hoped that before the end of the year, arrangements will have been made for short circuiting Bombay by connecting the line to Madras, via Bhusaval, Dhond and Manmad, and simultaneously it is expected that arrangements for the extension of service from Madras to Colombo will also commence.

### OUTBREAK OF LOOTING FEARED

#### Closed Shops Get Machine-Gun Bullets

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.

An outbreak of looting is feared in Havana, where poorer inhabitants have been virtually without food for the last 48 hours. Police cars are patrolling main streets, spraying closed shops with machine gun bullets.

Mr. Ferrara, Secretary of State, a Cuban of Italian extraction, declares that the Popular Party and Liberals still support President Machado. Ferrara, who has become the man of the hour, deputizes for President Machado in the discussions with the American Ambassador.—Reuter.

### VARNARSHRAM SWARAJ SANGH

#### Working Committee Meets At Benares On Aug. 19

(From A Correspondent.)

BENARES, Aug. 10.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangh will take place on August 19 at Benares to discuss the report of the Badrinath Transfer Commission appointed by the Sangh.

The report is ready and will be shortly submitted to the Sangh.

### FOREST LAW DEFIED

#### Five Wardha Satyagrahis Arrested

(From A Correspondent.)

WARDHA, Aug. 9.

Five satyagrahis marched from Deoli, a big village 10 miles from Wardha to Kelzor 28 miles from Deoli on foot and broke the forest law there by cutting grass in the Government reserved forest on Monday. All of them had given notice to the District Magistrate on the 5th, two days before the day of Satyagraha.

All of them were arrested and brought down to Wardha. They have been remanded to the police till the 10th.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

# CITY AND SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu—Shravan Vad 6, 1989.
Muslim—Rabi-ul-Akhar 16. 1353.
Uarsi—Aspandad 9. 1302.
Sunrise—6-18.
Sunset—7-9.
Hightide—3.20 15.14.
Lowtide—8 54 21.37.

PHASES OF THE MOON: Last Quarter 13th August, 9h. 19m. a.m. New Moon 21st August, 11h. 18m. a.m. First Quarter 28th August. 3h. 43m. p.m.

Wakf Act protest meeting of the Dawoodi Bohras. Sir C. J.Hall, 4 p.m.

Tea Party to celebrate 15th anniversary of Afghan Independence, Royal Afghan Consulate. 5 p.m.

Mayor's Tea Party to the Viceroy, Corporation Hall, 3-36 p.m. (B.T.)

**SATURDAY**, August 12.

S.S. "Ranpura", with the English mails, sails at 1 p.m.

**SUNDAY**, August 13.

"Close The Andamans", public Meeting at Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Admission Rs. 2, Re. 1, annas 8 and annas 4.

## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

**PATHE:** "A Farewell to Arms". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
**CAPITOL:** "Rasputin and The Empress". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
**CARLTON:** "The Love Race". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
**IMPERIAL:** "Miss 1933". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
**WELLINGTON:** "The Blarney Stone". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
**WEST-END:** "Maya Machhindra." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
**MAJESTIC:** "Sati Ansuya". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
**ROXY:** "Let Me Explain Dear". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
**KRISHNA:** "Fairy of Punjab". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m.—Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.
12-00 Noon.—Selection of Indian Gramophone Records.
12-30 p.m.—Selection of European Gramophone Records.
1-00 p.m.—Bombay Market: Opening Rates.
6-00 p.m.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
Relay of Music from Pathe Cinema.
6-30 p.m.—News available.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
Light Music.
MISS LAKDAWALLA
Instrumental Music.
MAHOMED KHAN.
Surbahar solo.
8-00 p.m
Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.
Empire Relay if reception satisfactory.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
9-00 p.m.—News in Hindi.
New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
9-10 p.m.—Weather Report and News Bulletin.
FILM CHAT
By
THE PICTUREGOER
Rossetti and his Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra.
Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel
11-00 p.m.—God Save the King Emperor.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m.—Omni-directional broadcast.
7-00 p.m.—Time Signal from Big Ben.
News Bulletin.
7-15 p.m.—The Week Abroad. a talk by Mr. Vernon Bartlett.
7-30 p.m.—Scottish Studio Orchestra.
8-45 p.m.—Hotel Metropole Orchestra.
9-45 p.m.—B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.
10-15 p.m.—Gramophone records.
10-45 p.m.—News Bulletin.

HON. PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES:—An ordinary general meeting of the society of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay will be held to day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m (S.T.) at the First floor, Esplanade police Court Premises Fort.

STEAMER MOVEMENT:—Clan Line Steamer Clanmaciver arrived in London on the morning of the 9th inst.

POONA LECTURES:—Under the the auspices of the Gokhale Institute of politics and Economics Poona 4. Mr. K. T. Shah will deliver two lectures on the "Problems before the World Economic Conference and Some Proposed Solutions" on 12th and 13th August at the Gokhale Memorial Hall-Sadashiv Peth Poona. The lectures will commence each day at 6 p.m.


# THE CAPITOL

POSITIVELY
THE LAST DAY
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

THRILLS!

Rasputin' comes to the end of his reign of terror and debauchery

Never before such spectacular magnificence, such world-shattering drama!

JOHN · ETHEL · LIONEL BARRYMORE

Royal Family of the Theatre For the First Time Together IN

RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS

13—STIRRING PARTS—13

*TO-MORROW*

Your own beating heart... your own quivering lips..... your own tears and cheers will tell you best that here truly is a great motion picture... one to see again and again ... one to treasure in your memory!

THE STARS YOU'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO SEE TOGETHER!

TODAY WE LIVE


# ARRESTED IN COURT

### Judge Orders Exhibits To Be Sent To Public Prosecuter

### FORGED POST MARKS ON POST CARDS ?

**Court calls for Bailiff and Hands Defendant over to Custody.**

The unusual step of ordering the arrest of a defendant in execution of a decree before it was sealed was taken by Mr. Justice Kania in the Bombay High Court on Tuesday.

The Suit was that of Dulichand Shivlal V. Salegram Muzaffernagarwalla and was disposed of by Mr. Justice Kania on the Original Side.

The suit was brought by the Plaintiff to recover from the Defendant the amount due to him at the foot of his account in respect of wheat transactions for may 1930 Viada. The Defendant admitted all the transactions with the Plaintiff except the transaction of purchase by him of 150 Tons of wheat on 4th October 1929 (Aso Sud 2nd 1986). According to the Defendant's contention if the said transaction of purchase of 150 Tons of wheat was eliminated the Plaintiff would be found indebted to the Defendant in the sum of about Rs. 3,860.

ALLEGED "ALIBI".

The suit came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Kania on 31st July and 1st August. The Plaintiff in the course of his evidence stated that the Defendant had signed in his "Sauda Khata" in respect of the purchase transaction of 150 tons of wheat. The Defendant denied having signed the said entry. The Defendant sought to prove an "alibi" contending that he was not in Bombay on the 4th October 1929.

Chokhelal and Ramanlal Salegram (Delendant's son) gave evidence in the case on behalf of the defence and produced post cards. The Defendant's son produced post cards purported to have been written by the Defendant from Uchegaon on the 3rd October 1929. As the Plaintiff was taken by surprise His Lordship Mr. Justice Kania, was pleased to adjourn the suit to Tuesday the 8th instant to enable the Plaintiff and his Attorneys to make further inquiries regarding the evidence of "alibi" brought by the Defendant.

Inquiries made by the Plaintiff's Attorneys showed that the delivery time for the Kalbadevi Post Office in October, 1929. was 10-30 a.m. and not 11 a.m. as was shown by the Postal Seal impression on the post cards produced by the Defendant's witnesses. As soon as the suit was called on the Defendant's counsel intimated to the Court that his client was prepared to submit to a Decree and allow his Counterclaim to be dismissed.

IMMEDIATE ARREST.

In passing judgment his Lordship stated that the Defendant had made young boys give evidence in this case. Having regard to the Defendant's conduct and view His Lordship took of the matter His Lordship directed that the post cards exhibited in Court be impounded and forwarded to the public prosecutor for investigation.

On the oral application by Mr. M. V. Desai, Counsel on behalf of the Plaintiff. His Lordship also ordered immediate arrest of the Defendant in execution of the Decree before it was sealed.

His Lordship sent for the Head Bailiff and ordered the Defendant to be arrested in Court.

Mr. M. V. Desai with Mr. M P. Amin instructed by Messrs Benjamin Chhatrapati and Co., appeared for the Plaintiff and Mr. M. J. Mehta instructed by Messrs. Shastri and Co., appeared for the Defendant.

DASHASHRIMALI EDUCATION FUND.—Applications are invited from students desiring to take help from Dashashrimali Gohilwad Education Fund up to 31st August 1933. Applicants must give full details and address to Dr. Vallabhadas Motichand Bhayani 110 Bhuleshwar. III Bhoiwada Bombay 2.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION:—Mr. Ardeshir M. Modi will lecture in English at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall. (French Bridge. Chowpatty) to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. "Ramayan" Part II (with Magic Lantern).

LECTURE ON HOLY PROPHET. "A public lecture will be delivered by Moulana Gulam Farid Sahib of Sialkot on the life of the Holy Prophet Mohamed (to-day Friday) after the prayer at the mosque in the Bruse lane near the Imperial Bank Of India Fort.

# MANUFACTURING OF COINS ?

### Seven Persons On Trial At High Court Sessions

Mr. Justice Murphy and a common jury at the High Court Sessions commenced the hearing of the case in which seven persons including four women are charged with offences connected with counterfeit coins.

Mr. M. M. Thakore appeared for the prosecution and Mr Jhabwalla defended the accused.

The accused persons belong to the "Wagir" community and are related to one another. According to the prosecution, the accused persons prepared counterfeit coins in a room at Shroff's chawl at Parel which they occupied, between January 1 and 28.

Their operations were discovered by a neighbour who informed the rent collector. The latter reported the matter to the De Lisle Road police who raided the place. At the time of the raid, the second accused threw away 14 counterfeit coins and 24 4-anna coins were recovered from the verandah of the building.

The case is proceeding.

## BOMBAY SWADESHI FESTIVAL

### Fancy Dress Competition For Children

During the Swadeshi Festival to be observed between 4th and 11th September the Bombay Swadeshi League proposes to arrange a Fancy Dress Competition for children.

The competition will be held on the afternoon of Friday, 8th September at the Blavatsky Lodge. The competition is open to children under 12, and the only condition regarding admission is that the Fancy Dress should be made purely of Swadeshi material. Prizes will be offered for the best dressed children, the most artistic costumes and the most original costumes. No fees are charged for entry to the competition. Names of the competitors need not be enrolled in advance; but will be noted down on the day of the competition. The exact hour at which the competition will be held will be announced later.

## TOBACCO DUTY AMENDMENT ACT

A Bill further to amend the tobacco duty (Town of Bombay) Act 1857 has been published. It shall come into force on October 1, next.

According to the amendment the Commissioner of Excise may appoint public warehouses and, on payment of such fees and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by him by general or special order, may license warehouses, wherein tobacco may be warehoused without payment of the municipal duty on the importation thereof and may cancel any such appointment or licence.

## WILLINGDONS VISIT J. J. SCHOOL OF ART

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Countess of Willingdon paid a visit to the J. J. School of Art on Thursday afternoon.

Making a comprehensive survey of all the classes, beginning with the junior students in the Department of Design, Their Excellencies proceeded through the Drawing Teachers' class, to the Architectural works which were on view. After inspecting these Their Excellencies visited the School of Sculpture, where they ordered several of the students' works. They then made a tour of the Painting Classes, and paid particular attention to the Classes of Mural Painting and Indian Design, where they spent a considerable time.

Their Excellencies then proceeded to the Reay Art Workshops, where they gave several orders for works to be executed for them.

GANPATI FESTIVAL.

Sanatan Dharma Jagatprabha Mandal proposes to arrange lectures, pravachans and entertainments in the coming Ganpati and other religious festivals, to enlighten the masses on present topics and the Sanatan Cult.

Organisers of festivals are requested to see the Sanchalak of the Mandal, Mr. S. N. Modak, Progressive English School, 371 Girgaum Back Road, Bombay 4 to settle suitable programmes for their festivals.

# HAMALS' STRIKE CALLED OFF

### Workers Accept Terms Of Settlement Offered By Contractors'

### FIXED HOURS AND MORE WAGES

**Miss Maniben Kara Takes Hand In Bringing about Final Agreement.**

Through the efforts of Miss Maniben Kara, a settlement was effected on Thursday morning in the Carnac Bundar Goods Shed Hamals' Strike and the Hamals have agreed to resume work from Friday (to-day) morning.

Messrs. Fakirji Rustomji and Sons, the contractors, have agreed to take on their books as monthly paid workers all the old Hamals who were working with the B. B. & C. I. Railway. The workers will be employed in two batches and will be given work on alternate days. Extra work will be given to the workers of the other batch and not to outside workers. Workers will be paid on the 10th of the following month at the rate of Rs. 30 for 26 working days. The working hours will be ordinarily from 8 in the morning till 7 in the evening including an hour's rest in the afternoon.

TERMS ACCEPTED.

Thes. terms of the settlement were explained to the workers and were accepted by them. Accordingly the workers presented themselves for enrolment on Thursday afternoon and will start normal work from Friday morning.

WHAT THEY GAIN.

According to the settlement, the workers get Rs. 1/2/6 per day, instead of Annas 12 on which they were asked to work. They succeeded in getting from the contractors an increase of Rs. 5 per month or annas 3 per day over the original rate at which the contractors wanted to engage them. They have also obtained the very substantial advantage of being converted from casual into monthly paid workers. The hours of work have also been fixed and the contractors have agreed not to engage any outside workers.

The workers received the settlement with satisfaction and decided to call off their strike.

## TO WELCOME PALESTINE DEPUTATION

### Muslim Public Meeting On Dongri Maidan On Aug. 15

A meeting of representative Muslims of Bombay was held in the Office of the Hon. Sardar Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha, on Tuesday last when it was resolved to hold a mass meeting of the Muslims of Bombay, on Tuesday the 15th inst. at 9 p. m. (S. T.) on the Dongri Maidan under the Presidentship of the Hon. Sardar Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha, to give expression to the feelings of the Muslims of India with regard to the Zionist activities in Palestine and to accord a hearty welcome to the Palestine Deputation in connection with the proposed Islamic University in Jerusalem, (Palestine).

## MEERUT PRISONERS EULOGISED

### Dock Workers Hold Meeting In Honour Of Their Release

A huge meeting of the Dock Workers was held on Wednesday evening at Thana Street, opposite the Princess Dock Clock Tower to receive Messrs. Alwe, Kasle and Jhabwalla.

Mr. Ismail Chacha, the acting President of the Bombay Dock Workers Union who presided welcomed the guests in the name of the Bombay Dock Workers and profusely garlanded them.

Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Abdul Majid, Abdul Razak and Mahomed Ibrahim, sulogising the services of the Meerut prisoners in general and Messrs. Jhabwalla, Alwe and Kasle in particular to the Indian working class. They expressed their gratification at seeing the released leaders back in their midst and hoped that others, who are still rotting in jail, would also be soon in their midst to lead the movement of the Indian working class.

Messrs. Jhabwalla, Alwe and Kasle made short speeches in reply and exhorted the workers to strengthen their union and to prepare for resisting the attacks of the capitalists.

The meeting then terminated.

# Khoja Girl Murder Case

### Police Prosecutor Asks For Postponement Till Tuesday

The Court room of Mr. P. L. Thakker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon was crowded on Thursday morning when the "Khoja Girl Murder Case" was to have been taken up for hearing.

At 12-30, the time fixed for commencing the proceedings Mr. R.P. Thanawalla, Police Prosecutor addressing the Court asked for a further postponement of the case. He said that as Mr. R. D. Kothare, who was in charge of the case had gone on ten days' sick leave, the case had been handed over to him. He had finished going through the papers but in view of Mr. Kothare's illness, the witnesses had not been summoned. The Police Prosecutor had also seen the Police Commissioner in connection with the postponement and hence applied for the same.

Mr. M.K. Azad, appearing for Sakinabai Hasham, who is charged both with murder and Criminal negligence, informed the Court that he had no objection to the postponement if it was a short one. He wanted to know from the prosecution as to which case they would proceed with first. Sakinabai is charged with murder and negligence whereas Fazal Hashal, was charged with only negligence.

The Magistrate asked Mr. Thanawalla as to whether he was taking up the cases differently or taking it up as one. The Magistrate was of opinion as both the charges were concerning the same transactions, the cases might be heard together.

Mr. Thanawalla stated that it was not so. He said, the charges concerned different persons and the offence was committed at different times. The charge of murder against Sakinabai was only concerning the child, which is alleged to have been thrown out of a window, before the girl Jainbi died. The charge against both Fazal Hasham and Sakinabai was for negligence in the [illegible] daughter who died at about 2 in the morning. He however asked the court to reserve orders on that question to the day when the case would be opened. The Prosecutor asked the case to be postponed to Tuesday, when the different Doctors concerned in the case would be first examined.

The Magistrate agreed to the suggestion and postponed the case to Tuesday, the case to begin at exactly 12.

It will be rememberec on July 1, the police found the dead body of a newly born child lying on the road at Pydhownie. During inquiries, the police found that the same morning an unmarried Khoja girl named Jainbi had also died and had been cremated. Suspecting that she might be the mother of the dead child, the police obtained a warrant from the City Coroner and exhumed the body of Jainbi. It was found during examination by the Police Surgeon that the dead woman had died after giving birth to a child.

Further inquiries by the police revealed the fact that there were blood stains on the window sill of the flat, where the deceased was living with her parents. It was also found out that the accused, the mother and father of the deceased had taken her a few days prior to her death to Dr. Hakim.

The deceased before her death was also examined by two other doctors, both of whom informed the parents that Jainbi was not suffering from a tumour but was pregnant.

On the day in question when the child's body was found, the police got information that Sakinabai had thrown out of the window, a bundle in the early hours of the morning. Acting on this information, the Pydhownie Police arrested Fazal Hasham, Sakinabai Hasham and the brother of the deceased, who was later discharged by the Court as nothing against him was found.

## FURTHER SUPPORT TO RENT ACT BILL

Under the auspices of the Bara Chawl Tenants' Association, Bombay, a public meeting of the tenants of 'G' Ward was held under the presidentship of Mr. B. K. Taralker at Parbhadevi Nagoo Sayaji Wadi, on Wednesday evening to support Mr. R. R. Bakhale's Rent Reducing and Restriction Bill introduced in the Legislative Council.

All speakers urged the necessity of such a Bill for the welfare of the poor and middle class tenants and appealed to His Excellency and the members of the Council to be sympathetic towards the poor tenants.

A resolution to that effect was passed unanimously and the meeting terminated.

## SOCIAL REFORM MARRIAGE

A pleasant function took place on Monday afternoon when Dr. (Miss) Sunderabai Ravut, M. B. B. S., daughter of Mr. Vasantrao S. Ravut, J. P., the Hon. Treasurer of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, married to Mr. Shankar. A. Despande under the Civil Marriage Act.

The bride belongs to the Somavanshi Khsatriya Community and bridegroom is a high class Brahmin practicing as an Advocate at the Bombay High Court.

## SUCCUMBS TO OPIUM POISONING ?

Mangalsen Bholanath aged 28 was found lying unconscious on the 'otla' of Messrs. Trilokchand Charanjilal and Company, Shaikh Memon Street, on Wednesday morning, and was removed by his friend to the G. T. Hospital. On being examined it was found that he was suffering from opium poisoning. He died about the same midday.

The verdict of the jury will be given on the 21st. instant.

MAHARASHTRA MUSICAL CONFERENCE.

The fourth sessions of the Maharashtra Provincial Sangit Parishad (Musical Conference) will be held at Sholapur on the 19th, 20th and 21st Aug. under the auspices of the Shri Ram Sangit Vidyalay Sholapur.

Jahagirdar Vamanrao Ramchandra Naik of Hyderabad (Dn.) will preside.

BAND AT POONA.—By the permission of the Officers of the 2nd Bn., 5th Mahratta Light Infantry, the Band will play at the Empress Gardens, Poona, on Saturday August 12 from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.


PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10
A FAREWELL TO ARMS
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE
"One of the best Talkies ever made".
"Daily Telegraph"

HELEN HAYES—GARY COOPER

# Latest Gallop Notes From Poona

## Jorrocks Catches The Eye

## WATCH CHANTICLEER AND PAILAZAMAN

*(By Our Resident Correspondent)*

POONA, Aug. 10.

The improvement in the weather has been welcomed by trainers, who were able to give their charges the work necessary to get them ready for coming events. With the tan track open again some good gallops were done:—

GLEN GOWAN (Burn) moved well when sent 6 furlongs on the tan. A fit horse.

EINGA (Brace) and ETHICS (Munro spurter 4 furlongs on the tan, finishing level. Both are ready.

ZORAWAR (Whiteside) was accompanied by LON (Clarke) in a 6 furlongs gallop on the tan. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

SMART ALECK (Brace) showed to advantage against RAPHAEL (Riding Boy) over 5 furlongs on the tan. The former can win when wanted.

GOLDEN TRAIL (Northmore) shaped well over 6 furlongs on the tan. In form.

SHRI NARAYEN (Riding Boy) and BILLY BUTTON (Riding Boy) covered 6 furlongs on the sand, finishing with a strong burst. Keep an eye on this pair.

BLACKETTE (Peck) had LOCHMORE (Howell) for company in a 6 furlongs gallop. The former pleased.

POLLUX (Brace) and HAPPY SCOT (Munro) were given an easy 6 furlongs gallop on the sand.

SERVIETTE (Selby) and EASTERN ESSEX (Blyth) travelled 6 furlongs on the tan. Both are in form.

DILECTUS (Northmore) showed to advantage against PHILLIP SYDNEY (Riding Boy) over a mile.

DE BEERS II (Harding) was superior to SKY SIGN (Riding Boy) over 7 furlongs on the tan.

OVER (Evans) held NEDDINS (Riding Boy) in a 7 furlongs gallop on the sand.

GREAT PEARL (Fletcher) assisted FOLLOW ME (Marrable) over a mile on the sand. The latter is ready.

JARROCKS (Hill) and INSULT (O'Neale) spurted 4 furlongs. Watch the formnr.

D'ARTAGNAN (Obaid) shaped better than GIFT HORSE (McQuade) in a mile gallop on the tan.

SASSABY (Dall Acqua) prevailed over TAN (Maurice) when sent a mile.

CAPTAIN DESMOND (Munro) was too speedy for KILEAGER (McCarthy) over 6 furlongs.

FROST (Alford) held TINDER GEE (Hill) in a 7 furlongs gallop.

DRY SAND (Obaid) covered a mile in fine style.

TRURO (Burn) and TORCH DANCE (M. Hoyt) were sent 6 furlongs. They are fit and well.

DAFTRUM (Dillon) pleased in a mile gallop

CHEER UP (Riding Boy) moved well over a mile. Has reached his best.

CHANTICLEER (Evans) moved in fine style when doing an easy mile. Should win soon.

CHEERY BOY (Balfour) and FANCY FREE (Riding Boy) were sent 6 furlongs on the sand. An improving pair.

BAHRIYAH (Obaid) covered 6 furlongs in excellent style.

JAIBALA (Selby) and the THE VICEROY (Graham) traversed 6 furlongs. A forward pair.

GOOD EVENING (Burn) did a fair 6 furlongs gallop.

NADI AL IRAQ (Harding) spurted 4 furlongs and gave satisfaction

AKTOOM (Whiteside) was much superior to a stable companion over 6 furlongs. Should make amends next time.

YOUNG CHAYNA (Bowley) finished in front of O'BRIEN II (Forsyth) over 6 furlongs.

MUTASHAR (Bowley) out placed a stablemate over 6 furlongs. Very fit.

MURJAN (Marrable) pleased immensely over 5 furlongs.

BILLY BOY (Dillon) held QUARRY (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs. The former is a much improved animal.

PAILAZAMAN (Khalil) was seen to advantage in a 6 furlongs gallop on the sand track.

RUSTOM (C. Hoty) and KUSHROO (M. Hoyt) finished level over 6 furlongs.

BUSHIR AL KHAIR (Riding Boy) was in front of a stablemate at the end of a 6 furlongs trial.

SAMMANDAR (Dall Acqua) was ahead of MAKHOOL (Maurice) over 6 furlongs.

SAIFULDOWLA (Thompson) showed up in a mile gallop with ZOZAN (Riding Boy). The former has reached his best.

PASHA (Burn) was fair in a mile gallop.

GARIBKHAN (Whiteside) went a mile on the tan and gave satisfaction.

FUNNY FACE (C. Hoyt) was far superior to ORIENT (M. Hoyt) over a mile.

FARAJ PASHA (Riding Boy) covered 9 furlongs and appears to be very well at the moment.

HAZIMA (Dillon) was restricted to a 6 furlongs gallop on the sand as she is fit for her engagements.

ANCHOR (Brace) travelled a mile in the company of BLUE FUNNEL (Black). A fit pair.

KABAILA (Evans) and SQUARE DEAL (Riding Boy) were fair in a mile gallop.

MURAT (Riding Boy) made a good impression over a mile on the tan.

AMAN (Riding Boy) travelled a mile in good style. Likes the Poona course

RUSHDI (Riding Boy) held TENNYSON (Riding Boy) in a 4 furlongs spurt.

BUSHBOOS (Thompson) prevailed over ABRASH (Riding Boy) in a mile gallop.

JINANAR (Riding Boy) beat HARDINGE (Riding Boy) over 1¼ miles in easy style.

DANDY DUKE (Riding Boy) shaped well over 6 furlongs on the sand.

The following have given satisfaction in their work:—

TRANCOLIN: SAUER KRANT: BROADWAY JOE: HAMDI: REGARD and REDOUBT.

## MEAD SCORES HIS 138TH CENTURY

### *Wyatt Compiles Third Century In Four Successive Innings*

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Jardine was watching the match between Kent and Derbyshire at Canterbury from his car. He was walking with the aid of two sticks.

Kent lost Todd for 18, but the partnership between Woolley and Ashdown produced 75 runs in 50 minutes. Woolley took an hour and five minutes to hoist his individual 53. He collected his 72 including one 6 and nine 4's in 85 minutes.

Woolley became the fifth of Kent's batsmen to reach 1,000 runs for the season. Kent were 126 for 4 wickets at lunch, and they lost their next 3 wickets for 11 runs.

Copson at one period had taken 3 wickets yielding only 9 runs, but his final analysis was 19 overs, 4 maidens, 62 runs and 5 wickets.

The Nawab of Pataudi is not playing for Worcester in their match against Gloucestershire.

Walters and Gibbons sent up 50 runs in 40 minutes and Walters himself took 65 minutes to reach his individual 50. Placing was an outstanding feature of his batting. During his stay at the wicket for an hour and 40 minutes he hit thrice to the ropes, and scored 8 which was caused by Lyon sending the ball to the boundary after the batsman had scored 4 from a leg hit.

Nichol did some fast scoring piling 45 in 35 minutes. 32 of his runs coming through 4's.

Worcester had lost 3 wickets for 154 runs, but soon afterwards they lost two more wickets for the addition of only 5 runs.

WYATT'S BRILLIANT DISPLAY

Wyatt gave a brilliant display but his innings to-day was marred by a chance at 126. He has compiled his third century in four successive innings, and up to now he has stayed at the wicket for 4¼ hours. When stumps were drawn for the day, Wyatt who carried his bat for 150 had hit two 5's and eleven boundaries.

Mead scored the 138th century of his career to-day, and incidentally reached 2,000 runs for the season. He played a confident innings for 4¼ hours. He took 155 minutes to hoist his century while Pothecary with whom Mead put on 142 in 2 hours for the fourth wicket took 140 minutes to reach his century.

Mead's chief hits were thirteen boundaries. Pothecary gave an exhibition of stylish batting, and at close of play to-day he had hit thirteen 4's, and occupied the crease for ten minutes over three hours.—Reuter's Special.

## INDIA'S CHANCES AGAINST M. C. C.

### *Mr. Grant Govan Thinks We Can Put Up Good Show*

NEW DELHI, Aug. 9.

Mr. Grant Govan, the Chairman of the All-India Cricket Board of Control interviewed, said that England were paying India a high compliment by sending out a very strong and representative team.

"It is also expected that India will be able to put up a good show. There are several Indian cricketers, who might well have been selected for last year's tour in England but who, for private reasons, were unable to go.

It is hoped, therefore, that the Indian Test team will prove considerably stronger than the one which represented India in England last year. Messrs. Jai, Merchant and Champak Mehta are three Bombay bats who are likely to distinguish themselves, while Calcutta has a new bowler—Sweeney an Anglo-Indian, slow left hander—of whom a lot is expected."—A.P.

### WEEK-END CRICKET.

The following will represent Greaves Cotton and Co.'s Cricket Club in a half-day cricket match against Turner Morrison's on Saturday at 3 p.m. (S.T.) on Plot No. 4A. Marine Lines Cross Maidan.

J. Blezard (Capt.); P. H. Bolland; J. D. Desai; B. Fonseca; D. Vessaokar; S. V. Gangolli; H. A. Tata; V. G. Navrange; A. D. Petty; N. R. Kapadia; P. J. Ayem. Reserves:—J. Rocha and H. Wilson.

## PATHAN STABBED BY MUSLIM

### Fatal Sequel To Street Brawl

On Tuesday at about 11 p.m. A Mangani ceremony was in progress at New Bengalpura. A boy named Nur Mahomed Ismail aged about 12 had received some sweets on the occasion. A Pathan named Abdul Khaliq asked him for some of the sweets which the boy stoutly refused to give, whereupon the former began to assault him. At this time an unknown Mahomedan coming upon the scene and seeing the little boy assaulted, turned on the Pathan. The Pathan taking up the challenge a free fight ensued between the two and the unknown Mahomedan is alleged to have stabbed the Pathan who collapsed.

The latter was at once removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died on Wednesday evening as he never regained unconsciousness until his death, it is stated, his dying statement could not be recorded.

A post-mortem examination will be held shortly and the inquest over the dead body has been accordingly postponed to the 28th instant.

## WATCHMAN SUCCUMBS TO INJURIES

### *Found Unconscious In Street By Policeman*

Tej Bahadur Surji Bhansingh (35), a watchman, was found lying unconscious on Sandhurst Road with several injuries on his head on Wednesday at midnight. A constable immediately removed him to J J Hospital where he expired an hour after admission.

The inquest has been adjourned to August 25.

### OKHA PORT NEWS

PORT OKHA, Aug. 9.

The Port Officer, Okha, wires that the S.S. "Durenda" of the British India Steam Navigation Co., Agents Messrs. Chotalal Premji and Co., arrived at Port Okha on the 8th inst. for Bhavnagar with 110 tons of cargo of castor seeds and magnesium and drugs.—A.P.

## IMPROPER USE OF RY. PASS

### Fireman & Brother Charged With Cheating

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Aug. 6.

A fireman of the North Western Railway is undergoing trial before the Additional City Magistrate of Karachi on a charge of permitting his brother to travel on a pass meant for him (the accused). The brother is also being prosecuted on a charge of cheating by impersonation The latter is alleged to have been caught ded-handed while travelling with his brother's pass.

## DHARWAR BANK RE-CONSTRUCTION

### *High Court Sanctions Creditors' Proposal*

(From Our Correspondent)

DHARWAR. Aug 8

The High Court of Bombay accorded sanction to the revised Scheme of re-construction put forth by the Dharwar Bank on July 28.

The scheme as passed in the Creditors' meeting which was held according to the orders of the High Court is therefore brought into force with retrospective effect from last year.

It will be remembered that the High Court had ordered two meetings—one of the Shareholders and the other of the creditors in which the scheme of re-construction was to be passed. Both the meetings had duly passed the Scheme originally proposed, though with some amendments. The right of voting by proxy of the Shareholders which according to the administration, was largely responsible for the downfall of the Bank was sought to be deleted by the Creditors, while the Shareholders refused to sanction the same.

The High Court however accorded sanction to the Creditors' proposals.

## WAR ON DAMAGED FOODSTUFF

((From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Aug. 6.

Sequel to the very heavy rainfall over a fortnight back, when Karachi received 15 inches 25 cents in five days, thousands of wheat bags, cotton bales, and other merchandise were damaged.

The Health Department of the Karachi Municipality during the past two weeks have seized 4,000 bags of wheat unfit for human consumption, and destroyed them.

This destruction was decided upon in order to prevent injurious foodstuff from being passed on to the poor.

## SEN GUPTA FILM BANNED

### *Madras Police Chief's Ukase*

MADRAS, Aug. 9.

The Commissioner of Police has notified the city cinema proprietors that the film taken of the funeral of the late Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta in Calcutta should not be exhibited to the public without his permission.—A.P.

## DAUGHTER TO U. P. GOVERNOR

NAINITAL, Aug. 9.

At Nainital to-day, Lady Said Ahmed Khan, wife of His Excellency Capt. Nawab Sir Said Ahmad Khan of Chhatari, the Acting Governor of U. P. gave birth to a daughter. Mother and child are doing well.—A. P.

## IMPERIAL BANK RATE

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 3-1|2 per cent.

The Naini Tal Art Society will hold an art exhibition at the Metropole Hotel on September 25, 26 and 27, 1933. Amongst the numerous collection of pictures and paintings there will be a stall of work from Missions in Southern India of textiles and embroideries.

The society has secured the services of Mr. P. Ganguly, a well-known artist, to judge the pictures. The prospectus can be had from Mrs. Hotham, Honorary Secretary.—A. P.

## DISCHARGED MAN DUPED ?

### Victim Of Muslim Confidence Trickster ?

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Aug. 8.

The smart arrest of a Muslim youth was effected by the Kurla police after tracing his residence in Bombay within three hours of the complaint lodged at the police station. The victim of the confidence trickster was a Muslim hotel-waiter of Kurla, who was cheated by his "friend" in respect of goods and cash collectively valued at Rs. 88.

Kaloo Dildar Hussein the complainant was, it is stated, discharged from service last Saturday, by the hotel-keeper. Kaloo, therefore, packed all his belongings in a hand-bag, and was on the point of leaving the hotel, when one Mahomedalli Abdul Gani, aged 20, came to the hotel, and requested his "friend" to accompany him to a place, where, the former was paying a visit.

BAG WITH OLD WOMAN.

At the request of Mahomedalli, Kaloo deposited his bag with an old woman, residing at Pipe Road. Finding that the person was not at home, the accused proposed to the complainant that the latter might wait for the former at the hotel till he returned with the bag, which he would take back from the old woman.

The complainant grew suspicious, when the accused did not put in his appearance after an hour. In the course of his inquiries, he found that his Muslim "friend" had bolted with the bag.

On a complaint being lodged at 6 in the evening, the police traced the accused at his residence in Bombay and brought him down to Kurla, where he is detained in the lock-up.

## JEALOUS HUSBAND STABS WIFE

### Tragedy Of Chamar Woman's Love For Brahmin Paramour

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 8.

A very interesting case is being heard these days in the Court of Mr. I. M. Kidwai, Additional Sessions Judge, based on a love affair which led to the murder of a woman by her own husband.

The facts of the case revealed so far are that one Gopi Charan, a Brahmin by caste, fell in love with a Chamar woman named Mst Sundaria. The secret leaked out after some time The Chamars of her village Matauli ex-communicated her.

Some time later, a compromse was effected and she agreed to live with her husband. Shortly afterwards, she again left her husband and went to her paramour's place. This irritated her husband who one day went to Gopi Charan's house and killed her outright with a knife. Immediately afterwards he reported himself at the Thana, where he was taken into custody.

## FLOOD HAVOC IN ORISSA

### *Relief Committee's Appeal For Funds*

The following appeal has been issued on behalf of the Orissa Flood Relief Committee:—

Owing to the unusually high flood of the Mahanadi, people of the coastal districts of Orissa are suffering untold miseries. Houses have collapsed, crops unreparably gone. Many lives are reported to be lost. The distress is widespread. Some of us are eye-witnesses to the heart-rendering scenes of the distress poor struggling in the neck-deep water just to save their lives even losing their young ones cruelly cut off from their breast in the struggle.

Without immediate help deaths due to starvations certain. Local relief has just begun. But without outside help it cannot cope with the magnitude of the distress. All philanthropic organisations are solicited to come to the immediate rescue.

### BREACHES REPAIRED.

NAGPUR, Aug. 10.

The Divisional Transportation Superintendent wires as follows from Nagpur:—

The breaches between the mileages 544 and 546 at Amla and Jaulkhera on the Itarsi-Nagpur chord line have been repaired at 11 a.m. to-day. Normal working has been resumed.—A. P.

Flash lamp signals by a former Army Signaller visiting Plymouth led to the rescue of a Boy Scout who was unconscious in a dangerous position at the foot of a cliff over which he had fallen when he was picked up under Rodney's searchlight.

## ACCEPTANCES FOR SATURDAY'S RACES

## Fields Will Be Large Again

***The following are the acceptances for the Third Day of the Poona Summer Meeting to be held on Saturday:—***

### *1st Race (2-30 p. m.)*

THE GHORPURI PLATE. Division I—Listance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1932, once 7lbs; twice 12lbs; oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Beyrut 9-8; O'Brien II 9-3; Mutashar 8-11; Bussad 9-3; Wurud Pasha 9-3; Quarry 8-11; Khairi 8-10; Mujalli 8-10; Elhadi 8-8; Rasool 8-8; Afzal 8-8; Ramesis 8-6; Young Mamnoon 8-4; Dandy Duke 8-4; Al Wajeeh 8-4; Adil Beg 8-4; Anaifan 8-4; Banco 8-4; Serheed 8-4; Defender 8-4; Bahnood 8-4; Hitler 7-12; Mushkoor 7-1.

### *2nd Race (3-0 p. m.)*

THE GHORPURI PLATE. Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March 1932, once 7lbs; twice 12lbs; oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Zoolum 9-3; Mu'mar 9-3; Taj Asad 8-13; Babriyah 8-10; Jaibala 8-10; Viking 8-10; Nussrat Pasha 8-10; Al Sedouk 8-10; Al Amira 8-8; Shiwangi 8-8; Happy Boy 8-4; Sammandar 8-8; Maneck's Hope 8-7; Nafea al Khair 8-6; Hamid Beg 8-4; Salaibeg 8-4; Platono 8-4; Shamshir 8-4; Zainin 8-4; Nawazaman 8-4; Selected 7-7; Khusroo 7-7.

### *3rd Race (3-30 p. m.)*

THE GHORPURI PLATE. Division III—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March 1932, once 7lbs; twice 12lbs; oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies, 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Elaine 9-8; Lucky Boy 9-8; The Viceroy 9-6; Murjan 9-6; Al Capone 9-6; Raza Khan 9-4; Nadi al Iraq 9-3; Billy Boy 9-3; Munsoor 9-3; Molly King 9-3; Good Evening 9-2; Young Chayna 9-2; Mattar 9-2;; Kanzalzaman 9-1; Aktoom 8-11; Yanoos 8-11; Rustom 8-10; White Gold 8-10; My King 8-8; Pallazaman 8-8; Bushir al Khair 8-4; Shogat Aziz 8-0; Breach 7-7.

### *4th Race (4-0 p. m.)*

THE MYSORE PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Old Scar 9-12; Rose-water 9-12; Narina 6-12; Johnnie Walker 9-2; Knight at Arms 7-7; Sentinel 7-0; Poetry 8-11; Rozario 7-5; Cheer Up 8-9; Daftrum 8-7; Spring Song 8-5; Cartoon 8-4; Diadem 7-12; Truro 7-9; Marcodia 7-0; Fancy Free 6-12; Magnetic 6-12; Navroz Charm 6-12; Fanciful 6-12.

### *5th Race (4-30 p. m.)*

THE BASRA PLATE. Division II—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Anchor 9-7; Taimurlung 9-1; Zozan 8-12; Garibkhan 8-10; Jinanar 8-9; Prince Charlie 8-8; Fiery Face 8-8; Hazar 8-7; Bushboos 8-5; Shikar 8-5; Faraj Pasha 8-4; Subrang 8-3; Tara 8-2; Buick 8-2; Falcon 8-2; Hamdi 8-1; Dowla 7-12; Broker 7-12; Aman 7-12; Abrash 7-10; Saada II 7-10; Jaibala II 7-10; Aslan Beg 7-9; Redoubt 7-8.

### *6th Race (5-0 p. m.)*

THE BRABANT PLATE—Distance 1 mile

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for horses in Class IV.

Away 9-7; Rosette 9-4; Height Record 8-1; Bridgethorn 9-4; Mountgarret 9-3; Lothair 6-12; Tinder Gee 9-1; Many Ways 9-0; Sassaby 9-0; Frost 8-12; Oratorio 8-7; Buckskin 8-12; Harvard 8-11; Old Roy 6-12; Thyroid 8-10; Captain Desmond 8-10; Cherrymoir 8-9; Ascalon 8-3; Lady Friarsdale 8-6; Soso 8-4; Bright Nigger 8-1; Levanon 7-13; Frater 7-11; Fight Fair 7-11; Kirkibost 7-8; The Clown 7-7; Crinoline 7-5.

### *7th Race (5-30 p. m.)*

THE READY PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; and third Rs. 750. A handicap for horses in Class II.

Einga 9-9; Smart Aleck 8-1; Gallinph 9-4; Seaton Ross 9-2; Happy Scot 9-1; Rooz 9-0; Safety Match 9-0; Heritage 8-4; Cavern 9-0; Glen Gowan 8-12; Serviette 8-12; Raphael 8-9; Knight's Adventure 8-7; Custodian 8-4; Lochmore 8-4; Monreale 8-4; Follow Me 8-3; Zecos 8-2; Blackette 8-0; Pobleda 7-7; Billy Button 7-7; Dinan Taigle 6-10; Golden Trail 7-6; Sauer Kraut 7-4; Francolin 7-0; Zorawar 6-10.

### *8th Race (6-0 p. m.)*

THE ANDOVER PLATE.—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in Class III.

Martin Place 9-7; De Beers II 8-13; Financier 8-12; D'Artagnan 8-12; Powders 8-11; Knockdon 8-11; Hollywood Nights 7-3; Broadway Joe 8-10; Eagle's Prey 8-7; Black Jest 8-7; Miss Mount 8-5; Glenlinnhe 8-3; Thaxted 8-3; Great Pearl 8-3; Meredian 8-0; Sky Hawk 7-13; Dandy Brush 7-12; Jorrocks 7-10; Over 7-9; Dilectus 7-7; Cardinal Point 7-3; Fors Abbey 7-3; Solomon's Seal 7-0.

### *9th Race (6-30 p. m.)*

THE BASRA PLATE. Division I—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Tair al Iraq 9-3; Saifuldowla 9-2; Sarsam 9-2; Pasha 9-2; Tennyson 9-2; Funny Face 9-1; Blue Funnel 8-8; Al Hamil 8-12; Hakim Pasha 8-9; Rushdi 8-5; Mumrih 8-3; Murat 7-9; Sannam 7-1; Kabaila 7-9; Samra Layali 7-8; Hazima 7-5; Muhaisin 7-2; Bhawani Prasad 7-0; Misyer 6-13 and Shikar 6-12.

## SABARMATI ASHRAM LIBRARY

### *Mr. Jamnalal Ramlal Denies Report Of Purchase*

HYDERABAD, Aug. 6.

Mr. Jamnalal Ramlal, a local banker, has issued a denial of a press report that he has offered Rs. 50,000 to the Ahmedabad Municipality, for acquiring the library of the Sabarmati Ashram.

### SMUGGLING IN HERAT

QUETTA, Aug. 9.

A good deal of smuggling has been reported from Herat and customs posts along the border of Herat province have been strengthened by additional cavalry.—A.P.

The Duke of York is entertaining 400 boys drawn from Public Schools and industrial centres in a camp at Southwold. During games, the Duke wearing pullover and shorts won a race in which competitors carried heavy bags of pebbles.

## MUSLIM PICKETER SENT TO JAIL

### *Informs Police Commissioner Of His Intention To Picket*

The Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay, sentenced Abdul Gani Mohideen Kaji to six months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default six weeks rigorous imprisonment on Thursday on a charge of picketing a foreign piece-goods shop in Mulji Jetha Market at 4-30 p.m. on Wednesday.

INTIMATED POLICE CHIEF.

The accused had sent a letter to the Commissioner of Police intimating him, of his intention to picket the foreign piece-goods shops at Girgaum Back Road and Charni Road on August 9. The accused was seen picketing the foreign-piece-goods shops in Mulji Jetha market on August 9. As soon as he posted himself in front of the shop and exhorted customers not to go in, he was arrested. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

# Engineering And Textile Section

## EQUAL TARIFFS WILL SAVE SITUATION

### Japan Will Bend If Lancashire Is Shown No Preference, Says Prominent Cotton Merchant

The following remarks of a well-known and influential cotton merchant, who has a considerable stake both in the export trade of India and in her textile industry, should be read with care and attention by those who will take an active part and interest in the coming Simla discussions, says the "Indian Textile Journal." He champions the cause of the "down and out" cotton grower and challenges Indian mill-owners to raise their voice for equalising tariff differences to mollify Japanese susceptibilities. What will our millowners do if faced with this problem? They may, in their turn, retort that a good part of the present high tariff against Japan is primarily for levelling currency depreciation and cannot be truthfully applied to Lancashire.

Currency depreciation could have benefitted Japan if they were only exporting their textile piecegoods to India. But so far as Indo-Japanese relations are concerned the Japanese buy much more Indian cotton than the textile piecegoods which they export to India. Therefore the net result will be this. For their cotton purchase in India they have to take a bigger amount of the currency of their own in the same ratio as their currency is made to depreciate artificially. As for instance when Japan continued on the Gold Standard for a few months after Great Britain had left the Standard they used to get one picul of Akola cotton at 18 yen per picul, c.i.f. Japan, while when they left the Gold Standard and depreciated their currency to the present level they were paying 40 yen per picul for the same Akola cotton c.i.f. Japan when the prices of cotton were the same in rupees in Bombay. Whatever that may be, he approaching meeting at Simla of delegates from Japan, India and Lancashire is going to be a battle of wits.

LOSS MORE THAN GAIN.

Regarding the Indo-Japanese tussle the prominent cotton merchant says:—

"We being Indians do not like agitation on a question which may help the object of Japan, because we feel that if the Japanese continue to dump their cloth, then our textile industry will be ruined and we certainly cannot brook that. Is the benefit derive till now by the action of the Government of India and the counter-action by the Japanese Spinners' Cotton Association sufficient to balance the loss sustained in the prices of the Indian cotton, and I would frankly and without hesitation say that it is not. The loss in Indian cotton prices has outstripped tremendously any benefit whatsoever derived by the textile industry of India. In the near future when seasonal Indian cotton begins to move in tremendous quantity, the effect of the boycott by Japan if continued will not only be disastrous but also destructive. Therefore it is highly necessary that this question should be tackled satisfactorily at the earliest opportunity in order to avoid the crisis which is looming ahead.

"Before proceeding with our arguments, in the first place it is very important to remember that Japan has stocks of Indian cotton to last two to three months for normal consumption. It is also possible that Japanese Spinners can do business with Shanghai and other places. In the course of the last 10 years there has been no such delicate cotton situation as what exists to-day. The prices of Indian cotton as against American cotton have never been so cheap, and the farmers of India who are essentially rural and who have already lost heavily will not be able to sustain further losses if the boycott is continued.

'Moreover the Japanese have made a very special study and are particularly adept in the handling of short and medium staple cotton and after years of technical research they have come to a stage when they are in a position to make proper mixings for production of the quality and kind of cotton cloth from mixings of Indian cotton and send to the Indian and other markets.

WITHDRAW PREFERENCE.

"By all means impose the 75 per cent. duty, or even more on all foreign goods including Lancashire's. If that is done the Japanese who have an impression that the tariff preference is for the benefit of Lancashire only will promptly withdraw their boycott which will be one way of rescuing our poor cotton grower from further disaster. If Indian millowners were to suggest and prevail on the Government of India to show no preference to Lancashire goods then the Japanese will most certainly withdraw their boycott as they will then feel that it is not India but Lancashire which is antagonistic to the interests of Japan. Our millowners should also tell the Government of India that if Japan by boycotting Indian cotton is prepared to harm us to an abnormal extent, the first condition should be that they withdraw their boycott before the Japanese delegation comes to India to discuss the matter further with us."

Finally the merchant looks into the future and declares that "at present the Japanese have only been taking cotton for which they have done business during April, May and the first week of June and are certainly not doing any business for the future. If they were even doing it in an indirect manner, India would be able to come to know about it immediately. It should be clearly understood that even after a hundred years the total quantity of cotton produced in India will never be completely used by any of our Indian mills and the export of cotton will always remain a vital factor. This means that we must export Indian cotton to foreign countries under any circumstances as as the crop is enormous and cannot be totally absorbed by all the Indian mills alone.

"From this it can easily be surmised that the price of one bale of cotton that is exported will be the determining factor for the price of the whole crop of Indian cotton. And therefore India cannot afford to lose such an important customer as Japan, unless all arrangements are made to consume the entire crop of cotton which our country produces."

## Osaka—Japan's Cotton City

### With Its 4,600 Factories And 2,300,000 Population Osaka Ranks Amongst Most Productive Cities In Far East

The City of Osaka dates from ancient times. The first Emperor of Japan, Jimmu ("Emperor of Divine Valour"), landed at Osaka in the year 660 B.C. on his way to Kashiwabara, and according to Japanese history he settled down there and made it the capital. The Emperor Jimmu is considered as the founder of the Japanese Empire and is said to have been 5th in descent from the Sun Goddess Amaterasu-Omikami ("Heaven - Illuminating Great August Deity"). He died in 585 B.C., 127 years old, and is the head of the existing line of Japanese Emperors. His accession, 11th February, is observed as a holiday in Japan.

"VENICE OF JAPAN."

The City of Osaka remained the capital for several of the following Emperors' reigns and during that period the numerous canals were built, from which it has got the name "the Venice of Japan". The total length of the canals is now 40 miles and 1,600 bridges span them. Thus, having been in the limelight from the very beginning, it became an important trade centre during the long Kyoto period (794—1868), when Kyoto was the capital of Japan. And to-day, Osaka stands as the industrial and commercial centre, it, with its 2,300,000 inhabitants, being the largest city in Japan. The principle products are cotton piece-goods, cotton yarns, paper, knitted goods, glass ware, iron and steel, the predominant industry being the cotton one. Osaka, with its 4,600 factories, the annual output of which is valued at 100 million pounds, ranks amongst the busiest and most productive cities in the Far East. Cotton goods to a value of £26,500,000 are shipped yearly to all parts of the world.

ELECTRIC SERVICE.

It is a matter of course that electric power should be utilized in an industrial city of Osaka's magnitude and as early as 30 years ago the municipal authorities took charge of the electric distribution in the city, buying power from a private enterprise. In 1905, they began construction of their first power station, which was completed in 1908. After a remarkable expansion, the Osaka Municipal Electric Bureau in conjunction with the Ujigawa Electric Co. controls the whole distribution of electric power and lighting. It owns now several power stations and, besides, buys large quantities of energy from other power companies. The average load is 120,000 kW. 2,874,000 lamps and 63,908 motors being connected to its network. The number of consumers is 496,063. It is interesting to note that the heaters installed represent a total load of not less than 52,822 kW.—"Asea Journal".

## ALL-SOVIET CAR MANUFACTURED

### Leningrad Poet Bursts Forth Challenging Detroit

The Russian Government has announced with great pride the production in Leningrad of an all-Soviet-made automobile, not a single part of which was imported.

Six models of the car, called L-1, are now on exhibition and leave no doubt that, it is a direct copy of the 8-cylinder Ford. Nevertheless, the event has stirred up the patriotism, not alone of politicians, but of poets.

Inspired by the home-made automobile, a Leningrad poet burst forth in print with verses captioned "Detroit in Leningrad," declaring in part:

"The work of our enthusiasts will make American bankrupts mad; hey you in Detroit, pappa Ford and Ford-son, growl and stamp the ground with your heels. Our shockbrigadiers and enthusiasts, for their own people, not for money, will create two Detroits in Leningrad."

## *ARTIFICIAL EYE WITH 3,000,000 CELLS*

### *Invention Likely To Revolutionize Television In Home*

An artificial eye which has a retina, rods and cones, and nerves leading to an artifical brain exacity similar to the human eye, was described for the first time by Dr. Vladimir Zworykin, of a leading wireless laboratory. It is expected to revolutionize television in the home, says a New York message.

The invention, which is the result of ten years' experiment, involves a new principle in television. It does away with all the mechanical parts and its efficiency is 7,000 times greater than that of other systems.

The artificial eye—or iconoscope to use the scientific name—consists of 3,000,000 photoelectric cells which are so small that they can be seen only under a microscope. So minute are they that 10,000 can be crowded into a square centimeter.

One of the most remarkable features of the invention is that the artificial eye has an artificial memory, enabling it to retain images of light and transmit them undiminished to the artificial brain, kinescope. The iconoscope takes light from the object to be televised by means of an ordinary movie camera lens and transforms it inside a cathode ray tube, by means of an electron beam playing on the 3,000,000 cells, into electric energy or short radio waves.

This energy is picked up by the cathode ray tube of the kinescope and there transformed back into light energy. Engineers regard the invention as the greatest single step towards making television of practical use to the public.

## SOVIET PROJECTS LOFTIEST RAILWAY

### To Be Built Over Caucasus From North To South

The construction division of the Soviet Commissariat of Transportation has announced the beginning this year of the building of a new, electrified line over the Caucasus Mountains from north to south.

The railroad will cut down the journey from Moscow to Tiflis by 24 hours. Economy in transport will amount to 50,000,000 rubles a year. The natural wealth of Ossetia will be utilized. Silver, iron, manganese, molybdenum, lead—all these will flow along the arteries of the new line, passing a parallel current of grain, sugar, cloth and machines flowing south.

In many places the line will be bored through high mountains. One of the tunnels will be nearly four miles long. The tracks of the Transcaucasian Summit Line will be higher than the celebrated Pyrenels line; it will be the highest electric railroad in the world.

## "HOT ICE"

"Hot Ice," is the product of an amazing scientific experiment, the results of which are announced by Prof. Percy W. Bridgman, of Harvard University. With a machine that exerts a pressure of 600,000 pounds to the square inch Professor Bridgman makes "ice" that is as hot as a cup of steaming coffee and "boils" eggs by compressing them. In Professor Bridgman's machine, hardened steel flows like putty under a force that can be visualized by imagining the entire weight of a passenger train—engine, coaches, and all—supported on the area of a single dime. Such pressure, it has been estimated, would raise water in pipe to a level 260 miles above the earth!

## *POCKET-WIRELESS NEXT!*

It is predicted that within two years' time "pocket wireless" will be available for all, enabling friends to hold private wireless conversation though separated by hundreds of miles.

Experts in England are at work on a miniature radio set, the smallest ever made, and which will work on short wavelengths, receiving and transmitting with the current from ordinary flashlight batteries. This new set, says one scientist, will be independent of the enormous power-stations at present necessary to transmission, and will cost little to maintain. At the moment the maximum distance of transmission is 200 miles but that will certainly be increased.

The one big problem to be solved is that of the "direct" wave, which will keep transmission and reception private.

## NEW INSULATING MATERIAL

The General Electric Company of New York have developed an insulating material known as Glyptal. This is a synthetic resin which is produced from phthalic anhydride and glycerine. When applied to cloth, this provides a substance which is stated to be capable of resisting oil and high temperatures for long periods, besides being of unusual flexibility and toughness, so that it can withstand severe mechanical stresses. Its dieletric strength is initially not so high as varnish-treated cloths, but it retains its value for longer periods under arduous conditions. Cables insulated with Glyptal treated cloth can, it is claimed, be advantageously used for low and medium voltage purposes.—Engineering (London).

## INVENTION MAY AID AVIATION

### Model Designed To Record On Map Exact Location Of Plane In Air

Designed to record on an airport map the exact minute-by-minute location of any 'plane in the air, an elaborate model of "a mirror of the sky," to-day had been given its first public showing by the inventor, Samuel Spitz, a retired naval lieutenant commander, says a Los Angeles report.

Spitz, whose submarine work during the Great War and prior to it led to development of the marimeter an ocean depth sounding apparatus, said his invention utilized delicate and hitherto undeveloped wireless devices.

While prominent aviation figures, including Colonel Roscoe Turner, watched him, Spitz operated his model. Turner said if the actual device works as well as the model it would aid aviation greatly.

A model airplane with propeller whirling was electrically sent circling a post, to which were attached three microphones. At the other end of a table was a map of the United States, behind glass, and in front of 325 small electric lights.

The sound of the propeller was transmitted through the microphones, through a maze of wires and the 'plane was automatically shown by a light appearing on the map. Because the 'plane by necessity circled around the post, one light flashed on and off.

Spitz said his invention involves two new principles, the binaural indicator, revealing the plane's direction, and the ether wave indicator, showing distance from the home port.

"I hope that some day, by this invention, the operation head of an airline will know every minute where his 'planes are located by lights flashing across the country" Spitz said. "Pilots will not trust to instruments. They can be instructed from the field and the central may. If a 'plane is lost, such as that of Jimmie Mittern, a light will show where it is."

## SWEDISH BUILD PERSIAN RAILWAY

### Stockholm Engineers Undertake Extensive Project Employing 12,000

According to a Stockholm report, a number of engineers at the head of 10,000 to 12,000 workmen are this year conducting the work on one of the biggest railway construction projects at present being carried out. It is the new railway built by the Persian Government connecting the Persian Gulf with the Caspian Sea, which is now being energetically pushed so as to be completed, if possible, in about four years.

This project is to a great extent being carried through with the aid of Swedish engineers and Swedish material. The line at present under work runs through mountainous and wild districts requiring a great number of tunnels, viaducts and bridges, for which concrete and other materials from Sweden are being used.

The first cement factory in Persia will now be built, and the Swedish firm Nydqvist & Holm, who have for a number of years co-operated with the Persian Government have obtained the contract for the construction of this plant.

Swedish engineers, often called the successors of the old-time Vikings, are at present working in many parts of the globe on road building, power plant construction, ore prospecting, survey and industrial organization work. Several of these men have been placed by the institute of Swedish Service Abroad, the object of which is to place the services of Swedish skilled workmen and engineers at the disposal of foreign countries.

## A GREAT FRENCH ACHIEVEMENT

### Huge New Sluice Lock At Saint-Nazaire Will Be Second Largest In The World

Great interest is taken abroad, particularly in America, in the construction of the Compagnie Transatlartique's steamer "Normandie", which is being completed in the Penhoet shipyards. If all goes well, the huge liner will undertake her first passage from Havre to New York in the spring of 1935, nor is the delay at all excessive, considering the enormous amount of work involved.

The putting into commission of the "Normandie" will bring about a considerable saving of time in the passage of the North Atlantic. Whereas such single-class steamers as the La Fayette (1930), or the 'Champlain' (1932) accomplish it in 7 or 8 days, and luxury liners such as the "Ile-de-France" still require six days for the purpose, the Normandie will take but four day. This splendid navel achevement' boldly carried out by France, is therefore of a nature to cause a great sensation.

Now the building of such a ship, the length of which is no less than 313 metres, demanded the carrying out of new arrangements in the ports called upon to harbour her. For purposes of her completion, which is of course being effected in dry dock, the special basins of the port of Saint-Nazaire were utterly inadequate. As far back as 1925, when the technical services of the Compagnie Transatlantique drew up the plans of the "Ile-de-France," the specifications laid down were closely conditioned by the width of the lock of the floating dock, which is 28, m. 50.

As early as 1926 a scheme of works was submitted to the Ministry of Public Works, on the initiative of the Saint-Nazaire Chambers of Commerce. This scheme comprised the widening of the lock, to 40 metres, as well as a deepening of the Penhoet dock: opposite the fitting up wharfs of the dockyard. The Government preferred the more radical scheme which has now been carried out, and which consists in the construction of a new channel linking up the Penhoet dock with the Loire. Closed by gates at either end, this canal can thus do duty as a lock, afloating dock and a graving or dry dock. The cost was assessed at 80,000,000 francs of which 64,000,000 were contributed by the State, and 16000000 by the Chamber of Commerce; the time taken to complete the work was four years.

The most spacious lock now in existence in the whole world is that of Ymuiden on the canal between Amsterdam and the North Sea; its body attains the really collossal dimensions of 400 m. by 50 m. True, Canada boasts a lock 405 m., 50 long, on the Welland Canal, which puts Lake Erie in communication with Lake Ontario, but it is only 25 m. wide, which is sufficient for river traffic. As for the famous Panama locks, their measurements do not exceed 305 m. by 33 m., 50 and this restricted width, which precludes the passage of very big ships was not without affecting the decisions of the Washington Conference, when it fixed 30,000 tons as the limit of tonnage of warships.

SECOND LARGEST IN WORLD.

The new Saint-Nazaire Penhoet lock, with its length of 350 m., its width of 53 m. at the top, and 50 m. at the floor, is therefore undeniably the next largest in the world to the Ymuiden lock.

The work of construction was, indeed, extraordinarily difficult. The bedrock lay very deep, and was topped with huge pockets of mowing sands.

The water welled in on all sides. It was necessary to proceed by stages and this arduous preliminary work lasted more than a twelvemonth; 150,000 cubic metres of water had to be pumped out and 150,000 cubic metres of cement inserted.

The building of the two gates was above all an unprecedented task. The principle adopted was that of "semi-floating gates", huge steel caissons, weighting 1,250 tons each, or more than 6 times the weight of a big locomotive, but which nevertheless are able to float, in case of need, with the help of an entirely new rack-and-pinion contrivance.

Now, thanks to the contrivance, it takes but "five minutes" to dry dock the 'Normandie,' This statement dispenses with any further comment. By its remarkable mechanical equipment, as well as by the difficulties successfully overcome, in the course of its construction, the Penhoet "sluice-lock" is one of the finest achievements of French civil engineering.

## NEW PRINCIPLE IN HEATING SYSTEMS

### Using Human Body As Principal Source Of Indoor Heat

Use of the human body itself as the principal source of indoor heat and keeping the body comfortable by controlling its radiation of heat, were suggested by Dr. L. W. Chubb, director of research laboratories of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, in a talk before the Canadian Electrical Association, meeting. His subject was "Engineering Progress Contributes to Industrial Recovery."

A revolutionary system of heating houses and buildings, totally unlike the central heating plant system now in vogue, was visualized for the future by Dr. Chubb. Recognizing that the human body is constantly losing heat and that the greatest percentage of this loss is heat radiated to cold walls, he proposes to adjust conditions by heating walls either electrically or by imbedded pipes.

"Instead of assuming that we keep an individual comfortable by warming him in a bath of warm air," said the speaker, "let us assume that he keeps himself warm and we adjust his feelings by the control of the heat that he gives off. Comfort then becomes a question of controlling heat emission from the body."

Dr. Chubb told of tests now being conducted in an experimental room in the Westinghouse research laboratories at East Pittsburgh. The walls of this room are heated electrically and fresh air, directly from the outside, is led in through ducts in the ceiling. There is a warm, comfortable feeling in the room with air in the 50's, he said, and the walls at 80 degrees Fahrenheit. In a room heated by present day methods, air in the 50's feels decidedly cool.

"At the present rates for electrical power, the direct heating of houses by electricity is not economical," Dr. Chubb asserted. "However I look forward confidently to an economical system using pipes in the wall and ceiling which are heated in winter and cooled in summer by reversed and direct refrigeration respectively."

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY. AUGUST 11, 1933

# DANGER TO LIBERTY

The fuller report that is now available of the Allahabad High Court's judgment in the Meerut Conspiracy case does not convince us that the charge of conspiracy has been established beyond doubt against those of the accused whose conviction has been upheld. In some respects the judgment makes the interpretation of the law of conspiracy, whether against Communists or others, nearly as wide and uncertain as the law of sedition in this country. A certain measure of indefiniteness may be inevitable in the law of sedition as it may involve the appraisement of an intangible anti-Government feeling. But a conspiracy against the Crown is something definite. It must have a definite and an achievable object and the offenders must be proved to have combined for the purpose of achieving that object. Leaving legal technicalities aside, it seems to us extravagant to hold that the propaganda carried on by the accused in this case could be brought within the limits of a charge of conspiracy to wage war against the King. And that is the view of this case widely held in England.

**HOW DID THEY CONSPIRE?**

What precise act or acts of the accused constituted a conspiracy? The mere holding of Communist doctrines is not an offence. Membership of the Communist Party does not constitute conspiracy. If to such membership is added constitutional labour agitation on Trade Union lines, including the promotion of strikes, that cannot be interpreted as conspiracy. Assuming that the convicted accused were all members of the Communist Party, what more has been established against them than that they carried on labour propaganda on Trade Union lines in an intensive manner, holding out to the workers the necessary hope that they would some day overthrow all the evils of Capitalism and Imperialism?

**IMPRACTICABLE.**

Even if some of them interspersed their labour propaganda with the expression of some Communist doctrines which have much in common with the past socialism of the Premier and the present expressed beliefs of many members of Parliament, we do not understand how the charge of conspiracy can be based on that. If the accused seriously hoped to transform the present social and political structure in the near future, it was, as their Lordships remark, "impracticable, one might as well say, impossible of achievement." And "the steps taken by the accused," their Lordships proceed to say, "were in one sense utterly puerile and could not be conceived to lead to any such serious consequences as the accused dreamt of". If the aims are impossible and the methods futile and puerile, and, if no specific act is by itself proved to be an offence, can a charge of conspiracy stand? Our impression is that the rulings of the English Courts, at any rate, do not support such a view. Their Lordships contend that "the offence of criminal conspiracy was complete as soon as two or more persons had agreed to do or cause to be done an illegal act." That is true just so far as it goes. But the question should not be begged as to what is the illegal act they have done or caused to be done.

**PREJUDICE AND SUSPENSION.**

It is curious that the judges justify the prosecution even of those whom they have acquitted. They say, "The accused who are being acquitted have themselves very largely to thank for their prosecution. Their seditious activities and association with Communists created a natural suspicion that they were engaged in a conspiracy." What were the seditious activities? Has sedition been proved against them? Is it an offence to associate with Communists? The prosecution carried their prejudice and suspicion too far in refusing to withdraw the charge against the innocent accused at any stage of the trial. Referring to Hutchinson, their Lordships hold that,

"Although no doubt there are many suspicious circumstances which suggest that he might have been in conspiracy with other accused, we feel that his activities were so limited that it would not be safe to convict him on a charge of conspiring and we must accordingly give him the benefit of the doubt and hold the offence not established against him."

Our own feeling is that the same plea can be urged with more or less propriety in favour of almost all, if not all, the accused whose conviction is upheld. Apart from the merits of the present case their Lordships' interpretation of the law of conspiracy may, unless it is clarified by a higher authority, make it so dangerous as gravely to curtail the rights of legitimate political agitation and enable the victimisation of innocent persons.

# Underhand Attack

There can be little doubt that the Minister for Local Self-Government in Bengal has brought forward his Calcutta Municipal Act Amendment Bill with a view to clip the wings of the Corporation and make it more amenable to the wishes of the Government. There has been a virulent campaign both in India and Britain against the Corporation and one notoriously anti-Indian Police officer has been responsible for statements, which were not based on facts, with a view apparently to mislead British public opinion. Though the Corporation lost no time in rebutting these lies, the Government in obedience to the demand of the Anglo-Indian Press and the blatant European Association, have now brought this Bill to curtail its powers.

Whatever the Minister may say, we have no hesitation in stating that he has allowed himself to be jockeyed into this enterprise by the enemies of Indian Nationalism. There are two direct charges against the Calcutta Municipality,—that they were employing terrorists, and second, that they had about 30 teachers who had taken part in thn Civil Disobedience movement. Dealing with the second charge first, some of the Mayors which the Calcutta Municipality has had since its capture by Congressmen have been persons who had taken a very prominent part in the Civil Disobedience movement and had been to jail repeatedly. If imprisonment for political offences is no disqualification for a mayor, who is the head of the whole administration, we do not know why it should be so in the case of teachers and other minor officers of the Corporation.

In these days when the Police have the fullest license to arrest indiscriminately and detain persons on suspicion of being "terrorists," it is not very difficult for a super-loyal Minister to charge the Corporation with employing "terrorists." These men might have been perfectly harmless and loyal to the Corporation, though they have been arrested by the Police on suspicion and then sent to one of the detention camps for an indefinite period. The Minister must have referred to these men. But granting that they were "terrorists" how are the Corporation to know their antecedents, or what they are secretly doing while in municipal service?

It is easy enough to make such wild charges at the dictation of people who are the enemies of local self-government in India and then curtail the powers of a Municipality. The Minister is a creature of the Government, dependent on the Government majority for his tenure, and we are not surprised at his excessive zeal. But if he believes that the Bill will help the loyalists to come into power in the Corporation the Minister will find himself mistaken. Calcutta Congressmen have a firm grip over the city's affairs, as the Minister must have realised when he himself was an obscure member of the Corporation. Nothing can dislodge them from their strong position, and every such effort will merely add to their strength.

# Must Go Forward

The increasing demand for compulsory primary education in the city of Bombay has compelled the Corporation to cast about for ways and means to meet the additional expenditure. For some years past, owing to the attitude of the Government, further progress has been held up, as they are unwilling to pay more money towards this object. The Government have no money for education—they never had it, and ultimately it will be the lot of the Corporation to bear all this additional expenditure.

In the Council debate at Poona, Government spokesmen held forth on the failings of the Corporation, ignoring their own egregious failures and forgetting that Government have been deliberately retarding the progress of primary and compulsory education in the Presidency on the score of economy. The Governor told the public the other day that, out of the 20 per cent. cut in Education, the Administration had been so generous as to give back 6 per cent. for the year. That is the sorry position to which we have come, that we have to be grateful, for a six per cent. restoration of a 20 per cent cut.

The Corporation must reconcile themselves to a special levy to further the cause of compulsory primary education in the city, and the sooner they impose the levy the better it will be. The landlord element in the city will no doubt rise in arms against any such proposal, but the extension of education cannot decently be delayed any longer. The Corporation will have to depend more on themselves, than on the shifting policy of the Government, to finance compulsory primary education.

While we do not suggest that compulsion will bring a new heaven and earth in the city, it will undoubtedly make for its progress. Bombay as the premier Municipal Corporation in India cannot delay such a measure any longer. At the same time the Corporation can continue their pressure on the Government. Whatever the decision of the Government, the Corporation must not further postpone continuing the work they have undertaken. They must persist in it, whatever the cost.

# Press Views

## Mockery

The act of civil disobedience, of which the Mahatma has just been convicted, is one for which the Government itself obligingly furnished him with both the opportunity and the material. The position would, indeed, be amusing if it were not so terrible in its consequences. Firmly as both the Mahatma and the present Government seem to believe in non-co-operation with each other, they have in this matter, acted in a spirit of the truest co-operation. The Mahatma wantad to go to jail. The Government readily sent him there. The Government wanted to keep the Mahatma in jail for a fairly long period. The Mahatma gladly said, "Yes, take me and keep me in jail for as long a time as you think you can safely keep me there." But, while both are seemingly happy, the cause of justice has irretrievably suffered.—"Tribune."

## Still Undisputed Leader

Some of our Anglo-Indian contemporaries have discovered that it was useless to make a frontal attack on Gandhiji. They have, therefore, been taking pains to prove that, since the Poona Conference, his influance, aldeady waning, has gone, that he is now a man altogether isolated, that the Congress is in revolt and is in search of another leader. Of course they wish that all these were true. But unfortunately for them the fact is otherwise. There may be dissent from some of Mahatmaji's views in the ranks of Congressmen, but his leadership is as undisputed and undisputable as it ever was. The Poona Conference did not shake it and his arrest and conviction have, if possible, made it even firmer than it ever was.

If ever reconciliation comes it will come through the man who has once again been immured within prison walls.—"A. B. Patrika."

## What Will Congress Do ?

The reactionary scheme of reforms outlined in the White Paper has been condemned in unequivocal terms by nationalist India. The proceedings of the Joint Select Committee have further deepened national resentment and it is freely said that some of the members of the British Indian delegation are returning to India sorely disappointed. From the turn events are taking in Britain it is apprehended the Government are succumbing to the diehard pressure to whittle down the already reactionary proposals of the White Paper. The constitution, therefore, that will be imposed on India is bound to be demonstrably in the interests of Britain—of her trade and commerce—and not of India.—"Leader."

# MUSLIM DECADENCE IN HYDERABAD

## Monopolies For European Contractors

(By "SCRUTATOR.")

(Continued from previous issue).

Hyderabad has been annually importing, of late, piecegoods and silk of the value of Rs. 3-1|2 crores, sugar worth 70 lakhs, fruits 60 lakhs, jaggery 42 lakhs, iron and corrugated iron sheets 60 lakhs, cigars and cigarettes 15 lakhs and match boxes 14 lakhs. Now which of these commodities, I should like to know, cannot be replaced by local production, provided there is a will to do it? Niether men nor money would be found to be wanting, if a well-thought-out and well-planned scheme were prepared on a business-like basis. If our Nawabs and Jagirdars would only take up these ideas seriously, they would not only be enriching themselves but would be conferring a great boon on the State as well as on the young and qualified unemployed Mulkis.

**SUGAR MONOPOLY.**

There are ugly rumours already afloat that the monopoly for sugar manufacture in the Nizamsagar area is going to be given to a European firm, Messrs. Masseys Ltd. So also, the monopoly for electric supply and the telephone service is, it is said, going to be given to Messrs. Callendar Cable Company and the Imperial Communications Ltd. of which Sir William Barton, a former Resident at Hyderabad, is the Chairman. Why cannot local capitalists and Jagirdars float a company and get these monopolies? They can engage outside experts for sometime till local talent is ready to take their places.

I hope, Nawab Sadar Jung Bahadur and others will give serious consideration to these suggestions. Anyway, the earlier Muslims cease depending on Government jobs for their livelihood the better for them as well as for the State.

**MUSLIMS AS LITIGANTS**

It is because they have neither trade nor industry in their hands that we find that 90 per cent of the litigants in Civil Courts against whom decrees are issued are Muslims; so also a majority of those convicted in criminal courts are Muslims. The upper strata of Muslims figure in Civil Courts and the lower strata in Criminal Courts, while the middle classes are hard put to it to maintain themselves and their families in unhealthy and unhygienic surroundings. An experienced and old doctor of this city, who commands a large practice, was telling me the other day that there is hardly a middle class Muslim family, in which there is not at least one case of consumption, and this fell disease is more common amongst Muslim women.

Now a word about their religion. It is, indeed, a sad irony of fate that the Muslims of the very

(Continued on page 8.)

# Frankly Speaking

**TOWARDS A REPUBLIC?**

Events are moving fast in the Irish Free State.

Not content with the abolition of the Oath of Allegiance to the Crown and of the Annuities, Mr. de Valera has introduced in the Dail three constitutional Bills which, if they become law, will practically abolish the office of the Governor-General and drop all contact with the Crown.

Two of these take away the right of the representative of the King to recommend appropriation of money and to withhold or delay assent to Bills and the third ends appeals to the Privy Council.

The Bills may be, for aught one knows, a prelude to an early declaration of a Republic.

The Statute of Westminster gives every Dominion the right to secede. But owing to the economic and political unrest in the State, which is being exploited by the extremists on both sides, Mr. de Valera will have to proceed with the utmost caution and may have to be content for some time with the substance of independence.

**CUBAN CRISIS.**

President Roosevelt's advice to President Machado of Cuba is timely, and must have a decisive influence in making him resign his office, which has been instrumental in inflicting oppression and tyranny on the Cubans.

Machado was tolerated by America all these years, we do not know for what reason. In American papers of the Radical type, there have been complaints of his atrocities and inhuman cruelties.

The new American Ambassador went there to bring about an understanding and help the President to quit the scene of his activities. Evidently, the Liberals are unwilling to give up a good thing when they have got possession of it.

Mr. Roosevelt's determined attitude, it is to be hoped, will bring order out of the chaos now reigning. But that should not be made an excuse for permanently annexing the islands, or worse still handing them over to the tender mercies of American financiers to exploit at their leisure.

**SURPRISING GENEROSITY.**

It is difficult to understand why the Minister for Local Self-Government should be so very insistent on the insertion of a provision for the appointment of a Deputy Municipal Commissioner (Improvements) in the Act now under discussion.

When the Corporation gets charge of this body with its bloated debts and other liabilities, it will be for them to bear the additional financial burden and at the same time look after the Trust's affairs.

The Minister and the Government are anxious to create a post and perhaps job somebody into it. Since the Corporation and not the Government will pay him, this vicarious generosity is rather out of place and even surprising.

Sir Ghulam Hussain's arguments were, to say the least, very childish and do not become a leader of the House. Particular members may go, but the Corporation will have to go on, and it is they who are responsible and not Mr. Nissim or Mr. Chandavarker.

**WHY SHOULD IT LOSE?**

The Posts and Telegraphs Department shows a loss of Rs. 42 lakhs in 1932-33, as against Rs. 96 lakhs in the pear previous. We are told this happened despite radical economies in the Department.

There was increased tariff to help the Department to bridge the gulf created by the present depression. Even then the loss is very large, and must be met after making further economies.

Even if the Department is a public utility department, it ought to be run on economic lines. The depression, no doubt, is greatly responsible for the present fall in the revenue. But more than that, the increased postal rates have made the public economise in their expenditure.

This should open the eyes of the Department, though we doubt it. We have an idea the British Postal Department is now a paying proposition, though it once worked at a loss.

We do not know why it should not be possible to make the Department in India, where the working expenses are so very low a paying proposition.

**PROSPECTS OF PROHIBITION.**

In a letter to Mr. C. Rajagopalachari Mr. "Pussyfoot Johnson," the veteran prohibitionist of America, frankly admits that, for the time being prohibition is on the rocks in America.

He describes the reaction as the "aftermath of the great World War."

But that is only half the truth. Prohibitionists recently relied too much on law and too little on persuasive propaganda. This should be specially noted in India where many prohibitionist workers commit a somewhat similar mistake and are guided more by the political desire to reduce Government's revenue than by a genuine zeal for temperance or total abstinence.

We share Mr. Johnson's faith in the inauguration or revival of prohibition in due time in many countries including America. That hope can be fulfilled soon enough only if there is well-organised world-wide propaganda.

It should be possible for India to inaugurate the next prohibition drive. Her success will be a boon to the world as well as to herself

# Readers' Views

## HAWKERS NUISANCE

**From Dr. C. L. D'Avoine, M D.**

The controversy regarding the Hawkers' Nuisance is very interesting in so far that, it shows that the authorities are, at last, aware of it and have realized that a stop must be put to it.

I don't think there is any doubt about the Police Commissioner's contention that the public themselves are greatly responsible for the existence of this class of traders, and that the Municipality is to blame for issuing licenses so freely to all and sundry regardless of the kind of commodities they hawk. One can well imagine that a certain type of hawkers is useful, such as vegetable and fruit vendors, who call from door to door. Even they, especially the fruitwallahs, are a great nuisance on account of the abominable and unnecessary noise they create. In issuing licenses to them a condition should be attached that they must not make unnecessary noises.

Is there any necessity in a city like Bombay to issue licenses to dealers in toys, earthen and glass ware, shoes, clothes, dry fruits and such like things? Cannot the public go to the bazar to buy these articles? The great objection to hawkers in general is the noise they create especially during the time many people require a brief afternoon's rest. Unfortunately, it is precisely the time they come and shout themselves hoarse.

I remember a sad case sometime ago, when a poor child, who suffered from meningitis at Byculla, died, as it was impossible for the poor little patient to get rest owing to these hawkers. The parents of the child had the misfortune to reside in the compound of a place known as the "Retreat," a place invaded all day long by hawkers. Every time the baby tried to sleep, a hawker would appear on the scene and the child would wake up with a start. Thousands of patients in Bombay are disturbed in like manner.

The Bombay public are a long suffering lot; yet, even they are entitled to a little quietness in the localities they live in. As far as I am aware, the Police here do not seem to think that unnecessary noises must be prevented except in certain favoured localities!

Of late, a new nuisance has been added in Bombay by allowing a large number of ice-vendors to drag rickety hand-carts all over, announcing their presence by large bells which they carry. These people not only obstruct the traffic, but are positively an intolerable nuisance all day long until late at night. From an hygenic point of view also, they should not be allowed to sell the crushed ice they deal in, as this is flavoured with some compositions of their own making. These people are a filthy lot, and the stuff they sell cannot be clean! Thousands of school children greedily eat these ice balls all over Bombay, and one wonders that these ice-ball-sellers are tolerated near the schools.

The Municipality would do well also not to allow fruit-sellers to sell their goods on the footpaths. Many people who consume such fruits on the spot, throw the skin on the pavement which is a danger to pedestrians.

## SUICIDAL FORMALITIES

**From Hari Prasad Gupta.**

The formalities of the Bombay University are suicidal to its aims and objects.

Under the existing regulations no private candidate is allowed to appear at the Intermediate, B.A. and other higher examinations. These exams. are the monopoly of collegians. Thus, it is that many a budding scholar is denied the privilege of graduation. The diffusion of knowledge and culture is thus hampered and crushed under the heavy stone of the so-called rules and regulations.

Last year a large number of Matriculates were refused admission into the Ahmedabad College for want of space. Why should these poor candidates be not allowed to appear privately at the Intermediate Examination? Besides being useful to them this measure will bring a good income to the University in the form of examination fees.

A young Matriculate teacher has no right to graduate in the Bombay University. Poor fellow! He must teach 'C—A—T' cat and 'R-A—T' rat all his life. Is it not a disgrace to the University?

Why should the Graduates of other Universities, engaged in the teaching professions, be not permitted to appear at the M. A. Examination of the Bombay University?

The Calcutta, Benares, Punjab, Nagpur, Patna and other Universities have full provisions for private candidates, especially the teachers; but the single solitary University of Bombay stands all aloof, an alien as it were from its sister Universities in this aspect.

Will the members of the Syndicate or the Academic Councils or the Parliament, or whatever body care to purge the University of these old, orthodox, relentless and unjust rules and regulations in the cause of education?

It is said that the Bombay University was founded on the model of the University of London. If there be any truth in this, it is regrettable to find that, while the London University has progressed in leaps and bounds, the Bombay University is same as it was at the time of its incorporation. Perhaps, they are the followers of the principle 'Old Is Gold.'

## TENANTS' DUTY

**From P. D. Kesharia.**

For the last few days we have seen reports in newspapers regarding the meeting of the citizens of different Wards of the City to give their support to Mr. Bukhle's Rent Reduction Bill, and from the large attendance and the hearty support the public is giving to this piece of legislation, it seems that majority of the population is groaning under the heavy burden of exorbitant rents.

Within a very few days the Rent Reduction Bill will come up before the Legislative Council, and I earnestly appeal to all rent-paying citizens to put their signatures on the memorials which are to be presented to His Excellency the Governor and the President of the Legislative Council.

The forms for signature can be had from Mr. Kesharia at Nyaya Sagar Printing Press, 413, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

I think it is worth while to draw the attention of everybody concerned that two years ago the Bombay Municipal Corporation passed a resolution requesting the Government to enforce the reduction of 25 per cent. in rents; but at that time the Government was more occupied with the political upheaval and no steps were taken, but now, owing to worsened economical situation, it is an urgent and pressing need and the authorities must stand by the poor and unprotected rent-payers.

## ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENTS

P. K. Vyas Ghatkopar.—We have already given publicity to complaints about the G.D.A. Examination, and we cannot give space for such a lengthy letter as yours.

## CREDIT OF BHILS IMPROVING

### Adequate Water & Fodder Save Situation

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The latest report received from the Collector of Panch Mahals is to the effect that the recent rainfall has been sufficient for all purposes. The kharif crops are in good condition and there is adequate water and fodder. The credit of the Bhils has improved.

**GRATUITOUS RELIEF.**

The taluka officers are continuing to advance tagavi from the grants at their disposal. Gratuitous relief has been given by the taluka officers in deserving cases from the District Famine Relief Fund, from which over Rs. 1,400 have been spent. Some of the Bhils will still require work for about a month and they will obtain it from the works opened by the Public Works Department, the Local Board and the Municipality of Dohad; but at the end of July there were only twelve workers on the Public Works Department works, 443 on Local Board works and 400 on Municipal works and the numbers are steadily falling.

**FREE FROM ANXIETY.**

Gratuitous relief will also be given from the balance of the District Famine Relief Fund under the Collector's control in case of necessity. The Mahajan at Dohad and the Bhil Seva Mandal continue to give relief to the necessitous. The condition of the Bhils is thus on the whole fair and free from anxiety.

As regards the other parts of the district viz., Godhra Kalol and Halol talukas, owing to good rain the condition of the people and of all the crops is good.

# Stock Exchange Crisis Averted

## Board's Timely Action In Closing Market For Day Saves Situation

Bombay, Aug. 10.

**The financial difficulty created sequel to the failure of one operator to provide a large sum of money to enable brokers to take delivery of shares against forward purchases will pass without any untoward incident.**

**BOARD'S TIMELY ACTION**

**As a precaution against any Bear raid, the Stock Exchange Board timely took action to keep the market closed for the day and laboured the whole day to avert crisis.**

ONLY LAKH INVOLVED.

It appears that the total sum involved will be little below Rs. one lakh and this is not a big amount when losses are spread over several brokers. In all about 15 members will have to bear the losses but particularly some five members stand considerable losses. The members who have done business for the operator are financially strong for any amount, except one who will have perhaps to pass through hardship in respect of a small amount.

NORMAL BUSINESS TO-DAY?

The whole trouble will now pass off smoothly and the market will re-open to-morrow for normal business.

It is very likely that small operators will become nervous and will be tempted to unload their speculative holding, but Bear operators will not miss the opportunity of covering their floating short interest. On the whole the market will rule easy but if bull operators pick up courage there seems to be no reason for any important drop in values.

The difficulty is regarding the delivery of Pearl, New Great and Burma shares. These shares may witness some drop and if there is any auction sale it may have adverse effect.

GENERAL OUTLOOK UNFAVOURABLE.

The general outlook is also unfavourable and the drop in cotton is a discouraging factor but favourable progress of the monsoon and abundant supply of cheap money will have a counter effect.

# CROWN PROSECUTES DELHI POLICEMEN

## Sub-Inspector And 4 Constables Face Charge Of Torturing 6 Suspects For Extorting Confession

A sub-inspector and four constables of the Delhi Police are being prosecuted for the offence of resorting to torture to secure information, which is punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years under section 330 of the Indian Penal Code, says the "Hindustan Times."

The names of the accused are: Abdul Hasib, Sub-Inspector of Police constables Jalil, Gur Charan Singh, Attar Singh, and Yasin.

The complainant (the Public Prosecutor) alleged that on the night of 25th and 26th June, 1933, the house of one Hari Ballabh of village Surehra was broken into and a theft committed. A report of the occurrence was made to the police station, Najaf Garh. Abdul Hasib accused was in charge of the station.

During the investigation of the case, Abdul Hasib, accused No. 1 suspected the following persons to have taken part in the commission of the offence:—(1) Ram Gopal, (2) Ratti Ram, (3) Pirthi, (4) Tan Sukh, (5) Sher Singh and (6) Gopal. These six persons were taken to the Najaf Garh police station.

TORTURED MAN LEFT IN FIELD.

It is alleged that Abdul Hasib, accused during the course of the investigation caused hurt to Ram Gopal, Sher Singh, and Ratti Ram for the purposes of extorting from them information which may lead to the detection of the offence and the restoration of the stolen property. Hurt was caused to Ram Gopal, Ratti Ram, Pirthi, Tan Sukh, Sher Singh and Gopal by all the accused persons with the similar object of getting information from them.

Ram Gopal received serious injuries and the accused removed him in a lorry from the police station Najaf Garh to a field between the villages of Ismailpur and Dewar Khan. Ram Gopal remained lying in the field in a semi-conscious condition until he was removed by his brother, Bhoop Singh, to the Medical Dispensary at Farrukhnagar.

Bhoop Singh sent a telegram to the District Magistrate, that his brother had been seriously beaten by the Najaf Garh police. Thereupon, the District Magistrate ordered that an enquiry be made into the matter by Mr. L. Vashisht Magistrate 1st class, Delhi and subsequently an enquiry was made by Mr. Vashisht.

The court fixed 24th and 25th instant for hearing the case.

RELEASED ON BAIL.

The accused being released on personal recognisance bonds.


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*MANAGER.*
"BOMBAY SAMACHAR"
*at the above address.*


# JEW NURSE DUPED?

## Alleged Cheating By N. W. Rly. Foreman

LAHORE, (By Air.)

A charge under section 420 I. P. C. (cheating) was framed today by a Lahore Magistrate against a Jew named Benjamin Morris, Assistant Foreman in the Northern Western Railway Workshop at Mughalpura, for the alleged offence of cheating a Jewish lady of a sum of Rs. 31,605/6/-.

The complainant Miss Rachael Sampson stated that she came to know Morris in 1911 when she was a matron at the Lady Dufferin Hospital at Shikarpur (Sindh). In 1919 the complainant left the Lady Dufferin Hospital Shikarpur and set up as a nurse in this she flourished and was able to put by some money. During the period between 1911 and 1931 the complainant and the accused exchanged letters and visits. In 1931 the accused proposed to the complainant to marry him. Miss Sampson accepted the accused's offer and it was arranged that the marriage would take place in the Jewish Synagogue at Bombay where both were to proceed for that purpose.

After that engagement the accused took from the complainant Rs. 5,000 to buy a motor car, Rs. 600 for furniture and Rs. 26005-6-0 for the construction of a new house in Lahore. Later the accused asked her to give him all her money and on her refusal he broke off the engagement and denied receipt of the money.

The magistrate after recording a number of witnesses framed the charge as above.—A. P.

## *MEANING OF "LOST SOUL"*

(Continued from page 1.)

was submitted to me and I rejected it.

"TO CREATE MORE STRIFE."

Further examined as to what was meant by "I will go out and see what I can do" Mr. Horniman stated that he gathered from it that it meant that Mr. Shaukat Ali was going out to create more strife.

Referring to the heading "Big Brother beyond Repair", Mr. Horniman stated that his impression of this was that Maulana Shaukat Ali could not be repaired, in fact was beyond redemption. Similarly the words "Lost Soul" would mean that Maulana Shaukat Ali had no soul.

Mr. Kanga for the defence objected. How could the opinion of the witness affect the construction of the words complained of, he asked.

"I would like my objection to be recorded or else it might be thought I was not doing my duty to my client" said Mr. Kanuga amid laughter and the Magistrate thereupon noted the objection.

Concluding his evidence Mr. Horniman said that he knew Maulana Shaukat Ali since 1914 and he knew that he was the head of the Khilafat Committee.

Cross-examination was reserved.

FORMAL EVIDENCE.

Formal evidence was then given by Mr. P. P. Karnik, Judical Clerk to the Chief Presidency Magistrate tendered the declaration made by Mr. D. N. Nadkarni on February 19, 1932 as Printer and Publisher of the "Free Press Journal" and "Free Press Bulletin."

As no declaration had been made by Mr. S. Sadanand as Editor the prosecution recalled Mr. Horniman, who in reply to questions stated that in May 1932 he thought the Editor of the Free Press Journal was Mr. S. Sadanand. Shown various copies of the "Free Press Journal" and the "Bulletin", he said the name of Mr. Sadanand was there as Editor.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to Friday 3-30 p.m.

## *OFFICIAL & PERSONAL*

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay received the Chief of Kurundwad (Jr.) at Government House Ganeshkhind.

Colonel J. H. McKenzie lunched at the Government House.

H. E and Lady Sykes attended a Cinema Performance at the West End Cinema in aid of the Kirkee Indian Children's Welfare Centre.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon granted an interview to the Maharaja of Lunawada and Mr. Farabhai Dahabhai, in Bombay, on Wednesday.

Her Excellency received Her Highness the Rani Sahiba of Dharampur; Her Highness the Maharani of Kashmir; the Raja and Rani of Nagod; Her Highness the Maharani of Datia and the Rani of Jagmanpur.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon paid a visit to the Sir J.J. School of Art, and the Indianese Silk Mills on Wednesday.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon honoured the Hon. Sir Suleman Cassum Haji Mitha with their Company at luncheon at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon honoured the Committee of the Willingdon Sports Club with their company at Dinner at the Club on Wednesday.

# GOSPEL OF FORCE JUSTIFIED

## Sir W. Prentice Explains Away Assaults On Congress Delegates

CALCUTTA, Aug. 10.

In Bengal Council to-day, during interpellations, Hon. Sir William Prentice replying to questions said that the Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress, 1933 was declared to be an unlawful association under Section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1908. As Civil Disobedience was at that time the avowed policy of the Congress, action was taken under the provisions of the Public Safety Act of 1932, to prevent holding of the Conference.

CONGRESS MEETING AT ESPLANADE.

Sir William added that an attempt was made to hold a meeting of the Congress at Esplanade junction, and in the case of Delegates who refused to disperse, a minimum force was used either to effect an arrest or secure the dispersal and some injuries were inflicted. The speaker denied the assault by the police when the Delegates were in custody.

A member was referred to a communique of May 29, issued by the Government of India.

Sir William Prentice said that the Government were not considering the desirability of laying a copy of the report, submitted to the Government, on the Table of the Council.

A volley of supplementary questions followed Sir William Prentice's reply regarding the Calcutta session of the Congress in April last. Sir William said that the Government of India sent a copy of the statement that had been supplied to them and asked for a report and the Bengal Government held enquiry on the materials at its disposal.

He added that he did not desire to hold an enquiry of the description suggested by Pandit Malaviya in his statement following the issue of the Government of India communique.—A. P.

The House accepted the personnel of the Select Committee as settled by Sir B. P Singh Roy to consider the Calcutta Municipal Amending Bill and instructed the Committee to submit its report by August 18 after which the third reading of the Bill will be taken up.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENT BILL

Sir William Prentice introduced the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Bill which at the Member's instance was referred to a Select Committee. The object of the Bill is to provide better control of certain places of public amusement and Carnivals where gambling is prevalent and require licenses for keeping such places, and to empower Government to close down such places which are not in public interest. Sir William Prentice explained that he wanted the Bill to be passed in this session and brought into force at cold wether session, when carnivals generally made appearance.

BENGAL FOR BENGALIS

After the conclusion of the official business, the Council accepted a resolution recommending the appointment of none but Bengalis or men domiciled in the province in future, except in cases of need of specialised knowledge or of paucity of suitable men.

An amendment requiring the recruitment in proportion to the population was defeated in the House by 37 to 23 votes, Sir William Prentice on behalf of the Government said that it was difficult to recruit on a population basis, but efforts were being made to enlist the recruitment of services of various communities, subject to the test of minimum qualifications.—A.P

BOMBAY GYMNASTIC INSTITUTE.

The Bombay Gymnastic Institute has now secured a site just near the K. E. M. Hospital Parel and has erected there its own premises, the opening ceremony of which will be made by Raja Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, J.P., on Sunday at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) All are cordially invited to attend.

# LONDON EXCHANGE QUIET

## New York Cotton Market Firm

Sir R.K. Shanmukham Chettiyar, President of the Assembly, left Madras for Bombay on Thursday morning 'en route' to Delhi. (From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Aug. 10: 11 p.m.

The London Stock Exchange ruled quiet on Thursday. The 3-1/2 per cent. Sterling Loan was quoted unchanged, at £84

The Liverpool Cotton Market opened at a rise of 7 points, but closed quiet at a rise of 2 points only.

The New York Cotton Market opened at a decline of 16 points. Later on the market was firm and prices were quoted 2 points lower.

The London Silver Market ruled quiet, but steady. Speculators were small buyers. Prices closed as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot Silver | 18-1/16 |
| Difference | +1/8 |
| Forward | 18-1/8 |
| Difference | +1/8 |

Quotations in Bombay Market were as follows:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 55 | 8 | 0 |
| Shravan | 55 | 8 | 0 |
| Bhadarva | 56 | 6 | 0 |
| Gold Shravan | 30 | 12 | 9 |
| Bhadarva | 30 | 13 | 6 |
| Sovereigns | 19 | 12 | 0 |

Dollar-Sterling Cross Rate was quoted at 4.48-1/2.

Franc was quoted at 84.59.

# C. D. RESUMED AT AJMER

## *13 Civil Resisters Arrested For Picketing*

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, August 9.

Civil Disobedience movement was resumed here yesterday after a lapse of about four months. A batch of 13 individual Civil Disobedience, resisters, mainly belonging to the local Gandhi Ashram, started in a procession from the Civil Lines yesterday morning and after parading the principal streets of the city resorted to picketing of foreign cloth shops in the Naya Bazaar and British Goods shops at the Madar Gate.

As soon as the news reached the City Kotwall, the City Kotwal accompanied by a posse of police constables hastened to the scene and put under arrest all the Civil resisters and marched them to the Kotwali.

Rugby.—British share of the loan to Austria amounting to £9,514,200 issued at 96 per cent. bearing 3 per cent. interest guaranteed by the British Government was rapidly over subscribed and lists were closed at one minute past nine on Thursday morning.—B. O. W.

# LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

## Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

London, Aug. 10.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.48-1/4 |
| To-day's opening | 4.49-3/4 |
| To-day's closing | 4.48-3/4 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 10.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.48-7/8 |
| To-day's closing | 4.49-1/8 |

## LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, Aug. 10.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing Rate | 9.96 |
| To-day's Opening Rate | 9.80 |
| Difference | —.16 |
| To-day's Closing Rate | 9.75 |
| Difference | —.21 |

BROACH EXPECTATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| July/Aug. | 192/8 |
| April-May | 211 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, Aug. 10.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing Rate | 5.75 |
| To-day's Opening Rate | 5.82 |
| Difference | plus .07 |
| To-day's Closing Rate | 5.77 |
| Difference | plus .02 |

FRANC RATE.

Paris, Aug. 10.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 84.53 |
| To-day's Opening | 84.53 |
| To-day's Closing | 84.59 |

# DEVIDAS GANDHI GETS SIX MONTHS S. I.

## Sequel To Disobeying Police Commissioner's Order Not To Enter Delhi Province

NEW DELHI, Aug. 10.

**Mr. F. B. Pool, Additional Districts Magistrate, sentenced Mr. Devidas Gandhi to six months' simple imprisonment and ordered him to be placed in A class der section 5 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act for disobeying the order of the Chief Commissioner not to enter the Delhi Province.**

**Mr. Devidas Gandhi was arrested on August 6 at the Delhi Railway Station on his arrival from Ahmedabad.—A. P.**

## *WHY DEVIDAS WENT TO DELHI*

### *Not For C. D. But To Join "Hindustan Times"*

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Aug. 10.

According to a Delhi message Sjt. Devidas Gandhi has been sentenced to six months simple imprisonment, under section 5 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act, for disobeying the Chief Commissioner's order, not to enter Delhi Province.

It will be recalled Sjt. Devidas had informed the Chief Commissioner that, "I have absolutely no intention of participating in Civil Disobedience movement in Delhi. I have chosen to come to Delhi not with any intention of takink part in politics, but with a view to settling down here in private life for at least few months. I have decided to take no active part in the Civil Disobedience movement for some months'.

Private advices from Delhi show that he had gone there with his newly-wedded wife in order to work on the editorial staff of the "Hindustan Times".

Calcutta.—Messrs. Justices Lort Williams and Henderson dismissed the appeal preferred by the Local Government against the order of the Special Magistrate at Alipur, acquitting an up-country Kaviraj and an up-country student of an Ayurvedic College on a charge of possessing a revolver and three live cartridges.—A. P.

# SPECIAL JURY IN MADRAS BOMB CASE

## Prosecutor Narrates Story Of How Accused Were Found In Possession Of Explosive Substance & Throwing Bomb At Police

MADRAS, Aug. 10.

The trial of three up-country youths in what is known as the City Bomb case commenced to-day at the High Court Criminal sessions presided over by Mr. Justice Bardswell. A special jury was empanelled. The court room was crowded, and admission was regulated by tickets.

It will be recalled that the three accused, Shambunath, Prem Prakash and Hiralal, were arrested on 4th May, in a certain house in Lingha Chetti Srreet which was raided by the armed reserve police. During the raid, it was alleged a bomb was thrown from the terrace of the house which injured a reserve constable. Originally four persons were arrested of whom Govindram died in hospital having been hit by a bullet.

The others were charged before the Chief Presidency Magistrate who committed them to Sessions under the Explosive Substances Act. The accused pleaded not guilty.

The trial is proceeding.

CHARGES.

The charges against the accused are that

(1) they on or about May 4 unlawfully and maliciously aided and abetted deceased Govind Ram in commission of offence, i.e., to cause by an explosive substance; to wit, kuja bomb explosion by throwing the said kuja bomb from the terrace of number 156 Linga Chetty Street at the party of armed reserve police which explosion was of such nature as was likely to endanger life or cause serious injury to armed reserve constable and thereby committed offence punishable under Section 3 read with 6 of Explosive Substances Act;

(2) That they at the same time and place unlawfully and maliciously made or had in their possession or under their control in the upstair of the said premises which was in their possession and occupation, explosive substances such as gun powder acids and chemicals, etc. and machinery and materials for making such explosives with intent by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property in British India and thereby committed an offence punishable under Section 4-B of Explosive Substances Act within the cognisance of Madras High Court.

'MEMBERS OF H. S. R. ARMY."

The Crown prosecutor, opening the prosecution case, said that the accused were members of the Association called the Hindustan Socialistic Republican Army. By about April 20 they came to Madras and were first living in Royapuram. Later they left saying that they were leaving for their own part of the country in the North.

An extraordinary event happened on the night of May 1 at Royapuram, viz., explosion of a bomb as a result of which Roshan Lal, who was one of those living with them in Royapuram, died. The police got information when the accused had moved to Linga Chetty Street. The Assistant Commissioner with two inspectors and a posse of police went to number 156 Lingha Chetty Street at 12 noon. The accused finding a police party on the track assumed threatening attitude. They brandished a rifle, a revolver and a kuja to scare away people, and aimed them at the police. They tried to escape and inspector Susainathan Pillai shot Gobind Ram, finding him aiming some thing at him, as a result of which he died in hospital.

Hira Lal surrendered and the rest were caught after a hot chase. The premises were then searched by the police on the same day and various chemicals, gun powder, missiles and materials for bomb making and kuja boring machine, disguises, uniforms and several other articles were discovered.

Mr. Satyamurthi is defending Shambunath and Pria Prakash, the first two accused.—A. P.

# "PROMISE TO KEEP BOTH WIVES CONTENTED"

## Accused's Fatherinlaw In Santa Cruz "Murder" Case Deposes That He Was Kept In Dark About Accused's First Marriage

How through an advertisement he had come to know the accused and given his daughter Ahalyabai in marriage to him without inquiring whether he was already married or not, was the sad tale narrated on Thursday in the Court of the First-class City Magistrate of Bandra, by the father of the second wife of Rambharos Radhakrishna Misra a Mechanical Engineer of Dwarka, who stands charged with poisoning his first wife and her two daughters, and then sought to remove all evidence of their murder by setting fire to the dead bodies on the night of June 21 last at Santa Cruz.

ROFEPSSOR'S EVIDENCE.

Only two witnesses were examined for the prosecution on Thursday. The first witness Mr. R. C. Motwani, Professor of Anatomy deposed to the effect that the bones he had received from the Medical Officer of Andheri appeared to be those of a woman aged about 25 to 35, and a child between two and six years. The bigger bones formed part of the thigh, while the smaller ones were that of the jaws, vertebrae ribs, and collar-bone.

Mr B. Byasrao, a retired Executive Engineer of Aurangabad in the H. H. Nizam's Dominions, then giving evidence said that he hailed from Bangalore and talked Canarese which was his mother-tongue.

MARRIED AT AURANGABAD.

Continuing he said that of his two children one was a boy aged 16 and the other a girl aged 18. His daughter was called Ahalyabai and she had appeared for the matriculation examination. Witness had read an advertisement in October or November of 1931, which ran thus: "Wanted a Brahmin educated bride of any sub-sect. For particulars apply to the Manager".

Accordingly he wrote to the accused asking him to meet him. The accused arrived somewhere in January 1932. At the interview neither did the Accused tell him that he was married and had three children nor did witness make any inquiries of him as he appeared to be quite a respectable young man. He also made sure that he was a Brahmin and was a vegetarian. The marriage therefore came to be performed at Aurangabad on 24th April 1932. No dowry, however, was paid by witness to the accused who had come for the marriage alone.

ASKED FOR PARDON.

Proceeding, witness said that in the first week of April 1932 two money-orders of Rs. 500 and 600 had been received by his daughter from Dwarka, whilst she was at Aurangabad. Four days after her marriage with the accused Ahalyabai went to Dwarka accompanied by her mother and brother. Witness went there in June staying with his son-in-law for a couple of days. From Dwarka a letter had come to witness from his daughter, about a week or two after she had gone there, saying that the accused already possessed a wife and three children. When witness came to know that the first wife of the accused was cooking separately on some religious grounds. He asked the accused as to why he had kept him in the dark about his first marriage, when accused had replied that he had sinned and asked for pardon, smilingly promising that he would keep both his wives happy and contented.

Witness had been told that the parents of the first wife had come to Dwarka and left before his arrival, there. Towards the end of June last year witness took his entire family including Ahalyabai, back to Aurangabad. About the middle of this year, Ahalyabai again joined her husband at Dwarka, being accompanied there by witness's wife and brother-in-law, Hanmantrao. They were all brought back by witness about June 27 last.

On June 21 witness received a letter dated 18th June from his daughter intimating that her husband had proceeded to Bombay on 15 days' leave in search of a job. She had enclosed therein a letter dated 14th June written to her by the accused in this regard, as well as a newspaper cutting of an advertisement respecting a vacancy occurring for a mechanical engineer in some mill.

SANTA CRUZ TRAGEDY.

Witness came to know of the tragedy at Santa Cruz on 24th June last. On learning this tragic news his first task that day was to send a T.M.O. of Rs. 110 to Hanmantrao in order to bring back the whole family to Aurangabad. He then left for Dwarka the same day, reaching there on the 26th evening. The next day he took the family, including the two sons of the deceased wife of the accused (and who were still with him) to Aurangabad. Hanmantrao had been sent on to Dwarka in order to rescue the accused from some financial trouble, and to bring along with him all his Kit. Letters used to pass between witness and the accused only occasionally.

At this stage the court rose for the day.

The case will come up for further hearing on Friday.

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The Rajput Sabha, Delhi, convened a meeting and passed a resolution expressing sorrow at His Highness the Maharaja of Alwar's abdication and requesting the Government of India to reinstate His Highness.

# MERCHANTS AND MUNICIPAL BOARD

## Cawnpur Chamber's Case For Representation

## "WATCH SOME TIME"

**Reply of U. P. Governor to Allahabad Commissioner's Letter.**

CAWNPORE, August 9.

The following is the full text of the letter addressed by the Secretary to Government, United Provinces, Municipal Department, Allahabad, to the Commissioner, Allahabad Division, regarding representation to the new Merchants' Chamber of Commerce, U. P., Cawnpore, on the Cawnpore Municipal Board:

"I am directed to refer to your endorsement No. 2640 XXIII-160, dated May 15, 1933 with which you forwarded a copy of resolution No. 57, adopted by the Municipal Board of Cawnpore on April 5, 1933, urging upon the Local Government that in future the new "Merchants' Chamber of Commerce, United Provinces, Cawnpore" should be given the representation on the Board at present enjoyed by the United Provinces Chamber of Commerce.

WATCH FOR SOME TIME.

In reply I am to say that while the Governor, acting with his Ministers, has no doubt that the new Chamber represents an important section of Indian commercial interests, he would, before considering a change in the present representation of local commerce on the Municipal Board on which the United Provinces Chamber has been represented since 1916, prefer to watch for some time longer the development of the new Chamber, which only came into being less than a year ago. The Board may be informed accordingly."—A.P

# JUTES RULE FIRM

## Restricted Sale In Coals In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, August 10.

In the Share Market to-day, the Jute Shares ruled steady throughout the session with a slightly easier feeling at the close.

In Coals trading was done on a restricted scale, but the undertone remained steady.

In Teas good turnover resulted at the steady rates.

The Miscellaneous section showed no change.

Securities were quiet, but steady.

The following were the closing quotations:—

SECURITIES.

3-1/2 per cent. New Loan 1947-50 94 14; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 97 14; 4-1/2 per cent Bonds 1934 102 2 small lot; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 112 15.

BANKS.

Imperial Bank fully paid 1200; Imperial Bank contv. 295.

RAILWAYS.

Arrah Sasaram Light 14.

COALS.

Bengal 210 8; Bengal Nagpore 38 4; Equitable 17; Raneegunge 31 10; Standard 26 4.

JUTES.

Alliance 290; Bally pref 113; Birla pref 98 8; Champdany 135; Clive 26 14 small lot; Dalhousie 368 small lot; Gourepore 350 small lot; Howrah 50 8; Hukumchand pref 110; Kamarhatty 476 ex div; National 22; Union 392.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma Corporation 9; Rawalpindi Electric 19 4 small lot; Burn & Co. 6 per cent pref 91 ex div; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 42 10; Triton Insurance 170; Triton Insurance pref 122; Dunlop Rubber 6 per cent pref 105 4.

SUGAR.

Balrampur 11 8; Cawnpore 36 12.

TEAS.

Bhatkawa 45 8 small lots; Dimakusi 25 8; Hantapara 400; Huldibari 25 8; Jutlibari 15 12; Kaliti 13 12; Kalacherra 51; Mohcema ordy. 13 8; Namburnadi pref. 13 4; Sapoi 13; Seepok 25 6; Singell 104; Teen Ali 19 12 small lot.—A.P.

# WHIPPING BILL INTRODUCED IN COUNCIL

## Home Member Says It Is Primarily Intended For Application In Bombay City To Check Riots To Be Extended To Presidency If Need Be

POONA, August 10.

Mr. R.D. Bell, Home Member, moved the second reading of the Whipping Bill, as amended by the Select Committee, in the Bombay Council, this afternoon. The Bill, which is to be applied in the first instance to the City of Bombay provides for its extension to the other parts of the Presidency, as the Governor-in-Council may, by notification, direct and seeks to punish those committing the offence of rioting or instigating or abeting rioting with whipping in addition to, or in lieu of, any other punishment that they may be liable to, under the I.P.C.

Mr. Bell stated that the Bill was primarily intended for application in the Bombay City to check riots.

Dealing with alteration made by the Select Committee, he stated that the Committee had placed attempts to commit riots outside the scope of the Bill and decided that Government should have power to extend the Bill to other parts of the Presidency, if and when required.

There was strong opposition to the Bill from non-officials on the grounds that the Bill as amended was not free from objectionable features, that the measure was wholly unnecessary, and was likely to be misused.

SURVE'S MOTION LOST.

The House divided on a motion of Mr. A.N. Surve (Bombay City) seeking to refer the Bill back to the Select Committee with instructions to exempt riots arising out of public meetings from operation of the Bill. The motion was defeated by a large majority.

Discussion proceeded till the House rose for the day.

Rao Bahadur Chittale expressed his fear that the provisions of the Bill may be used against the civil resisters, and pointed out that if such was the case, the political turmoil had ceased and so the Bill was unnecessary.

Mr. J.B. Petit considered the Bill unnecessary.

Mr. Kamat, supporting the Bill stated that it had come out of the Select Committee considerably improved, though there was still scope for further improvement.

Mr. Bakhle opposing expressed the opinion that the Bill, if it was to be passed, should be made applicable to the whole Presidency, as the mofussil centres produced the Bombay hooligans.

The House then adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

# INTER-PROVINCIAL CONSPIRACY TRIAL

## Special Tribunal Adjourns Hearing Till Aug 14

CALCUTTA, Aug. 10.

On application by the Public Prosecutor, the Special Tribunal adjourned the hearing of the Inter-Provincial Conspiracy trial till August 14.

Mr. J. C. Gupta, Defence Counsel, submitted that Probhat Chakravorty and several other prisoners could not be tried again, as they had already undergone trial and cases against some of them under the Arms Act were still pending. He added that such a trial was barred by Section 403 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The Commissioners observed that the Special Magistrate, who tried the prisoners concerned under the Arms Act was not competent within the meaning of the Section 403 to try them for offences under Section 124 A and 122 I P C in so far a sthere was no legal complaint and no sanction of the local Government under Section 195 Cr. P C He, therefore, held that the trial should proceed.

OOTY ROBBERY CASE ECHO.

Concluding the opening of the Crown case, the Public Prosecutor referred to the Ooty Bank robbery and said that Mosun Lall, whose name appeared in Cipher List, found in connection with the present trial, went with Sita Nath Brahmchari and took part in the Ooty outrage. Later Rosun Lall died of bomb explosion in Madras.—A. P.

# CHARGES ON KURLA MUNICIPALITY

## General Board Adopts Draft Reply

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Aug. 10.

The general boad of the Kurla Municipality at a special meeting held on Thursday night has adopted a draft reply by the President, answering the various charges of maladministration preferred by the Government against the Kurla Municipality.

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Coimbatore.—One person was arrested to-day by the local police. It is alleged he had a revolver and cartridges in his possession. He was produced before the Sub-divisional Magistrate who remanded him.—A. P.

# THREE BENGALI'S ARRESTED

## Alleged To Be Wanted By Chittagong Police

## HOUSE RAIDS SEQUEL

ARMOURY RAID CASE ECHO IN RANGOON.

RANGOON, Aug. 10

The echo of the Chittagong Armoury Raid was heard here, when the police acting on information raided two houses in the 39th Street and another in 32nd Street and arrested two Bangalis at the former place and a women, Kalpana Dut at the latter.

All the three are alleged to be wanted by the Chittagong police, who have been informed.

Meanwhile they have been remanded in custody till the 21st.

# *MUSLIM DECADENCE IN HYDERABAD*

(Continued from page 6.)

State, that has been under the rule of Muslim sovereigns for the past five or six centuries and that is being ruled by the Asafia dynasty for the last two centuries, should have so clean forgotten the fundamentals of their sacred religion. The spirit of Islam is well-nigh extinct amongst Hyderabad Muslims. The mere form persists.

SHRINES AND MULLAS.

To-day you would find them visiting regularly the various shrines in the city and the suburbs, placing flower wreaths on the tombs, distributing alms to the disgusting contingent of beggars that infest these places and then returning home fully satisfied with themselves. Or they would deliberate "Milad" and "Majlis" and run, with their shoes in their armpits, to kiss the unwashed hands of the Mulla, Mujtahid, or Moulvi, who had been haranguing there for the past two hours, to the accompaniment of half-a-dozen cups of tea or coffee. This is all that is left of Islam in Hyderabad.

PREACHERS THRIVING

The result has been that professional preachers from Northern India pay seasonal visits to Hyderabad during certain lucrative months and return to their homes after depriving the credulous "believers" of this State to the tune of several thousands, besides earning a life-pension for themselves from the ever-obliging Ecclesiastical Department, which costs the State 12 lakhs annually.

The crowning tragedy of all this is that there is neither a realisation of their degradation nor, consequently, any sustained and organised effort to reform the existing state of affairs. It will never pay these paid preachers to speak out the bitter truth, otherwise there will come about a serious depression in their present booming trade. And hence superstition and adherence to outward forms is allowed to take the place of real religion. And that's that.

Amongst the poorer Muslim folk and the less sophisticated ones, the craze of the day is for cinemas, theatres and tea-shops again. The result has been that tea-shops have sprung up like musbrooms in almost every street, and do buzzing trade till twelve mid-night, with a cheap gramophone disturbing the sleep of the neighbours round about.

APATHY TO TRADE AND INDUSTRY

Now look at the condition of Muslims in business. I have not got the latest statistics before me, so I shall quote below figures, five years old. But the present position cannot be very much better.

As the State has been having big irrigation projects and huge building programmes for the past decade or more, a contractor's business has been a very paying one in this State. And yet out of nearly 600 registered contractors, Muslims were only about 157.

Take the figures of factory-owners. Out of about 240 factory-owners, Muslims were barely 36. These figures are given here only to show their general apathy towards trade and commerce, which is a very unhealthy symptom of corporate life.

I hope leaders of Muslim opinion in Hyderabad will calmly ponder over these ugly facts and bestir themselves in the direction of reform. "Back to Quran" is the only solution.

# OVERHAULING INDORE STATE SERVICES

## Maharaja Accepts Measure For Decentralisation Among Officials And Appoints Public Services Commission

INDORE, Aug. 10.

With the object of overhauling the services and placing them on a higher and more efficient level His Highness the Maharaja Holkar of Indore has ordered several reforms in the State Administration.

The report of the Decentralisation Committee which was set up some time back to suggest measures for the decentralisation of power among the State Officers has been accepted in the main by His Highness, who believes that the extent of decentralisation must depend upon the average standard of probity and efficiency of the officers. This will depend upon the careful selection of the officers without nepotism.

PREFERENCE TO STATE SUBJECTS.

His Highness has ordered that consistently with the standard of honesty, efficiency and responsibility preference should be given in appointments to the subjects of the State and recourse should be had to the outsiders only when no proper candidate from the State is available. After the appointment by selection of proper officers His Highness attaches great weight to proper and impartial appreciation of their work in order to ensure permanence of service of efficient and honest men.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

With the object of carrying out these principles His Highness has directed that a committee consisting of Sardar R. K. Zananae, Mr. N. V. Raghvan and Mr. V. P. Bhandarkar be constituted as a public service commission for the State to make recommendations to His Highness the Maharaja in respect of appointments and dismissals of officers.

The Maharaja has also defined the powers of appointments, dismissals, administration, finance, etc. of each of the high officials of the State. He considers that further decentralisation is possible and is advisable in the case of certain departments such as law and justice. The internal working of a department so specialised as this can be safely left in the hands of the Chief Justice and the judges of the High Court. The departments need not be centralised as at present so that the sanction of the Prime Minister or any other minister in charge is necessary even in the case of small acting vacancies. Accordingly he has ordered that the Chief Justice and the Judges of the High Court should submit through the Prime Minister and the Cabinet further recommendations with regard to decentralisation is that department.

MAHARAJAH'S APPEAL.

The order concludes by saying that His Highness is aware that the results will ultimately depend on the spirit in which these orders are carried out. Whatever the organisation and the devolution of powers the quality of the personnel of the administeration is all important. Hitherto, apart from the temporary cuts necessitated by the financial stringency which is worldwide this State has treated its officers in regard to pay, leave and pension as liberally as any other Indian State. His Highness the Maharaja is confident that all the officers to whom the present order applies and particularly the Ministers and Heads of Departments will carry out these rules not merely in the letter but also in the spirit and make the Holkar State in point of Administration the model state in Central India.—A P

# GANDHI-ARREST SEQUEL IN DELHI

## Five Arrested Persons Sent To Jail

NEW DELHI, Aug. 10.

Mr. F B. Pool, Additional District Magistrate, sentenced under Section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act Krishnan Nair to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50/- in default six weeks more and Memo Bai, Chhoti Dev', Sohan Lal and Sarupa Nand to three months' rigorous imprisonment each and a fine of Rs. 50/- or six weeks more Memo Bai has been placed in B class while the others in C class.

All were arrested on the 1st August in connection with the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi.—A P

# *FINAL A. I. WHEAT FORECAST*

## *Decrease In Acreage And Yield*

CALCUTTA, August 10.

The following is the final All-India Wheat forecast for the year 1932-33:—

Area: 32,992,000 acres compared to 33,803,000 acres last year representing a decrease of 2 per cent.

Yield: 9,452,000 tons compared to 9,024,000 tons, last year representing an increase of five per cent.—A.P.


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# LABOUR LEADER CHARGED WITH SEDITION

## Government Order Prosecution Of Accused For Speech Made At Naigaum

**A charge under section 124A was framed against Motiram Anand Potkar, a Labour leader and Secretary of the Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday.**

Mr. G. L. Walker, Public Prosecutor, stated that a meeting of the mill workers was held on June 5 at Naigaum at which the accused was present and had made a speech which was taken down by a Shorthand writer sent along with a Sub-Inspector by Rao Saheb Patwardhan, Inspector, C.I.D. Labour Branch.

SPEECH TRANSLATED.

This speech was sent to the Oriental Translator who made a translation of the speech in English. The Government had ordered the prosecution of the accused in respect of this speech.

Mr. Walker then read extracts from the speech and laid special stress on those portions relating to the Government and the Millowners who the accused had stated joined hands to suppress the mill workers.

GOVERNMENT ORDER PROSECUTION.

Rao Saheb Patwardhan for the prosecution said that there was a strike in the Textile Mills on May 29. The Labour Unions were organising meetings to exhort the mill workers to continue on strike.

A meeting had been convened to be held on June 5 at Naigaum. Witness deputed one of his Sub-Inspectors and a short-hand writer to take down notes of the meeting. The speech of the accused was sent to the Oriental Translator The official version was then sent to Government who ordered the prosecution of the accused.

The Oriental Translator and the Short-hand writer were also examined for the prosecution.

Mr. R B Godambe, Advocate, for the defence reserved cross-examination and the case was adjourned to August 16.

# BUSY DAY FOR VICEROY

## His Excellency Grants Several Interviews On Wednesday

VICEROY'S CAMP (Bombay), August 9.

Their Excellencies received the Nawab of Kurwai and Princess Abida Sultan Begum of Kurwai.

Their Excellencies granted interviews to:—

Sir Dinshaw Wacha, his two daughters and grand-daughter.

His Holiness Sayadna Taher Saifuddin.

INTERVIEWS.

The Viceroy granted interviews to the Non-Jurisdictional Chief of Kurundwad (Junior); Mr. Mathradas Goculdas and Sir Chimanlal Setalvad.

Her Excellency visited the Salvation Army; the Seva Sadan Gamdevi; the Girl Guides at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall and the Princess Mary Victoria Gymkhana, where Her Excellency also met the Members of the Bombay Ladies' Branch of the National Indian Association and the Bombay Presidency Women's Council.

LUNCHEON.

The following had the honour to be invited to luncheon:—Sir Patrick Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Wadia, Sir Joseph and Lady Kay, Mr. and Mrs. Flockhart and Mr. Moloney.

DINNER.

The following had the honour to be invited to dinner:—His Highness the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior; His Highness the Maharaja Jam Sahib of Nawanagar; Sir Victor Sassoon; Major P. Gaisford; Captain Clarke; Captain and Mrs. Gough, and Miss Gough; Mr. Byrne; Mr. H. Jackson; Mr. and Mrs. T. Cunningham and Mr. Maconachie.—A.P.

### VICEROY TO INSPECT ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE

His Excellency the Viceroy, accompanied by Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, will inspect the Bombay Corps of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas at 9-0 a.m. on Sunday in the compound of the Elphinstone High School, Cruickshank Road. If it is raining at the time, the parade will be held in the main hall of the Lady Willingdon Building. Ambulance and Nursing Divisions and Cadet Divisions will fall in, not later than 8-30 a.m.

# *ASSEMBLY FIRST BALLOT*

## *Five Unofficial Bills Drawn For Introduction On Aug. 24.*

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

First ballot was held to-day to decide the precedence for unofficial measures tabled in the Legislative Assembly.

Five bills have been drawn for introduction on Agust 24. The first of these bills is by Mr. Amar Nath Dutt and it is to amend Section 491 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Lala Brijkishore who comes next has a bill to amend the Hindu Law of Inheritance.

Mr. Raghbir Singh has drawn third place with a bill to protect milch cattle.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt has also drawn fourth and fifth places with bills to amend Sections 421, 426 and 497 of the Criminal Prosedure Code and also the Civil Procedure Code in certain respects.—A.P.

# OUTWARD AIR MAIL

KARACHI, Aug. 9.

The outward air mail left at 10-25 this morning with 1,276 lbs. of mails and three passengers, including Sir Wilfred and Sir Lawson, ex-Member of the British Parliament.

The Calcutta air mail arrived here at 9-30 a.m.—A. P.

# *FLYING BOAT OVERTURNS*

PONTADELGA, (Azores), August 9.

One of the fifteen Italian flying boats taking off to join the Horta contingent on the resumption of the flight, overturned. One of the crew drowned and three injured.

# ABANDON POLITICAL WARFARE

## Roosevelt Advises Cuba To Restore Order

### HINT TO MACHADO

### President Must Quit If He Cannot Rule Without Force

HYDE PARK, (New York) Aug. 10.

President Roosevelt has addressed a message to Cuba calling on her to abndon political warfare in the interests of economic welfare. The warning in the form of a statement to Senor Cintas, the Cuban Ambassador, reads:—"Problems of starvation and depression are of such immediate importance that even political problems should be met in a patriotic spirit in order to improve conditions as early as possible."

It is believed that Mr. Roosevelt is prepared to go further if necessary to restore order in Cuba and is at present in close touch with the situation by telegraph. Meanwhile, Cintas has left for New York.

NO ARMED INTERVENTION.

President Roosevelt's statement to Cuba is unofficially interpreted as a hint to President Machado that he must quit if he cannot rule without force.

While there is no doubt that Mr. Roosevelt is contemplating immediate action to restore order in Cuba, there is not the slightest sign that he is contemplating armed intervention.—Reuter.

# *MARTIAL LAW DECLARED*

HAVANA, Aug. 10.

A state of war equivalent to Martial Law was signed by President Machado and is effective immediately. It decrees that no one shall be allowed on the streets after 6 p.m. local time,

Guards have been placed on bridges leading from the city.—Reuter.

# *CUBA IN STATE OF WAR*

## *President Issues Decree*

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.

President Machado has issued a decree declaring a state of war in the entire island of Cuba.—Reuter.

# *DR. KOHLY LEAVES FOR CUBA*

## *Likely To Succeed Machado As President*

MADRID, Aug. 10.

Dr. Mario Garcia Kohly, the Cuban Ambassador at Madrid for twenty years, is leaving for Cuba on August 10, after the report that he would be welcome as president in succession to Machado.

Interviewed by Rueter, Dr. Kohly said he would gladly accept the provisional presidency if offered to him after first assuming the portfolio of the Minister of Justice

He believed this procedure was desired by all parties in Cuba as well as in the United States, judging from a telephonic communication from a friend in New York.

Dr. Kohly added he had plans for the complete reform of the Cuban constitution modelled on the constitution of Switzerland with the presidency for four years without re-election.—Reuter.

# *BRITISH PROTEST AGAINST EXCESSES*

## *Three Spaniards Killed And Scores Arrested*

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.

It is learned authoritatively that the British Minister and Spanish Ambassador at Havana have complained to the American Ambassador at Havana regarding the treatment of their citizens and damage to property as result of the strikes and rioting.

The Spanish Ambassador states that three Spanish citizens have been killed during past three days several wounded and scores arrested.—Reuter.

# *GERMAN DUTIES ON BRITISH TEXTILES*

## *Lancashire Industry Alarmed*

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Two sections of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce participated in a discussion yesterday with the Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers Association and the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners concerning the threat to the Lancashire Spinning Industry from the 50 per cent increase in German port duties on certain textile goods, which came into force on August 2.—B, O, W,

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B-88

● Dangerous germs, carrying disease and infection, are ever present in the air. Listerine, the safe antiseptic, kills these germs. Used as a gargle, it helps you avoid coughs, colds, sore throat. Applied to cuts, burns or bruises it insures perfect cleanliness; prevents infection. Ideal for the relief of prickly heat and insect bites too.

You will find Listerine useful in many ways. Keep a bottle in your home at all times—use it regularly.

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

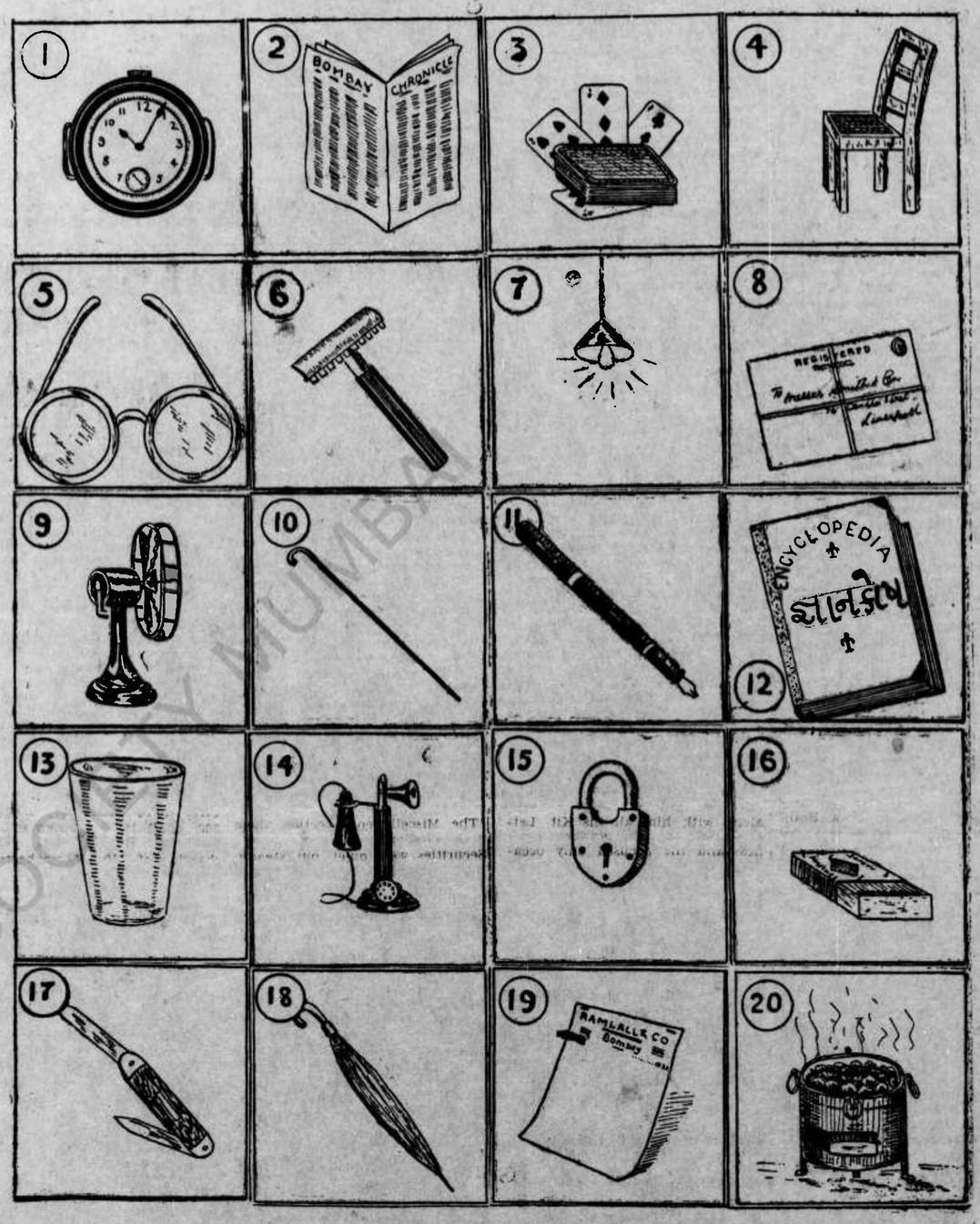
KILLS 200,000,000 GERMS IN 15 SECONDS


# COMPETITION

# WHAT DO WE USE THEM FOR?

| 1st PRIZE Rs. 500 | 2nd PRIZE Rs. 200 | 3rd PRIZE Rs. 100 |
|---|---|---|

AND CONSOLATION PRIZES Rs. 200




Here is a Competition that even the youngest of children can enter with as much confidence as their Seniors. We have illustrated twenty articles which are in daily use everywhere. Each one of these articles has a particular use and in the list of clues given we have named the uses of all the twenty articles. All you are asked to do is to select, from the list of clues given, the correct use for each article illustrated. For instance, illustration No. 6, depicts a razor. On glancing down the list of clues you note that No. 13 states FOR SHAVING. Obviously this is the correct use and therefore the correct answer.

For five minutes' application you stand a chance to earn more than many months' labour can bring you.

**RULES.**

1. After you have selected the right uses for the articles illustrated, enter only the NUMBER of the clue, against the appropriate Number of the illustration, as shown in the example. Do not enter the words of the clue.
2. When you have filled in all the clues, add your full name and address, enclose EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS and post it to the

**COMPETITION MANAGER,**
**Post Box No. 706,**
**Bombay.**

3. Any number of entries may be sent in the same cover, provided a separate EIGHT ANNAS in Stamps is enclosed for each entry. Insufficient Stamps will disqualify the Competitor.
4. All entries must reach this Office not later than the last post on 23rd August, 1933. Entries received after this date will not be included and will be declared forfeit.
5. Local competitors may hand in their entries personally at the offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" and obtain receipts for the same.
6. In case of ties the Management reserves the right to divide the prizes amongst the winning Competitors.
7. All Competitors enter the Competition on the distinct understanding that the Management's decision is legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this Competition, and no correspondence will be entertained.
8. Results will be announced in our issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" on the 31st August, 1933. This is a Joint Competition appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" simultaneously.

## COMPLETE LIST OF CLUES.

We use them daily for:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. BREEZE. | 7. COMMUNICATION. | 14. PROTECTION. |
| 2. CUTTING. | 8. RECREATION. | 15. ILLUMINATION. |
| 3. DRINKING. | 9. LIGHTING. | 16. INFORMATION. |
| 4. SECURITY. | 10. PUNCTUALITY. | 17. WRITING. |
| 5. KNOWLEDGE. | 11. VISION. | 18. REST. |
| 6. HEAT. | 12. CORRESPONDENCE | 19. SAFETY. |
| | 13. SHAVING. | 20. COVERING. |

## ENTRY COUPON

| No. of Article. | No. of Clue. | No. of Article. | No. of Clue. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | 11 | |
| 2 | | 12 | |
| 3 | | 13 | |
| 4 | | 14 | |
| 5 | | 15 | |
| 6 | 13 | 16 | |
| 7 | | 17 | |
| 8 | | 18 | |
| 9 | | 19 | |
| 10 | | 20 | |

Name.....

Address.....

# SHIPPING NEWS

## Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Aug. 9.
London Mary, Kismeto, Kooc
Cariguino, Attilio, Trieste

Bombay Aug. 10
Tarantia, Caithness, Liverpool
C/Rangoon, Naylor, Karachi.
President Pierce, Nelson, New York
Naldera; Derie, London.

DEPARTURES
Bombay Aug. 10
Naldera, Derie, Kobe.
Varsova, Darkee, Busrah.

Bombay, Aug. 11
Baron Ogilvy, Jones, Port Said.
President Pierce, Nelson, New York.
Cariguino, Attlio, Java.
Gambhira, Ellis, Calcutta.

LOADING
Bombay, Aug. 9.
Steamer Ranpura for London.
Stemer Garbeta for Calcutta.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.
Bombay Aug. 10.

S.S Naldera—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Naldera arrived in harbour yesterday from London with the outward mails of the 27th ultimo, a general cargo and 120 passengers and hence she sailed the same day for China and Japan Ports, with mails, a general and same botto meargo and passengers.

S.S. London Maru—The O S K steamer London Maru arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Kobe with a general cargo and 3 passengers.

S.S. Cariguino—The Lloyd T Co's steamer Cariguino, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste with a general cargo and passenger and hence she will sail to-day for Java with same bottom cargo.

S S Tarantia—The Graham T Coy's steamer Tarantia arrived in harbour on Thursday from Liverpool with a general cargo.

S S C/Rangoon—The K N Coy's steamer City of Rangoon arrived in harbour on Thursday from Karachi with a general cargo.

S S President Pierce—The F F Campbell Co.'s steamer President Pierce arrived in harbour on Thursday from New York with a general cargo and passengers and hence she will sail today for New York with a general and same bottom cargo and through passengers.

S S Baron Ogilvy—The Messrs. Luis Drefuse Coy's steamer Baron Ogilvy, sailed yesterday for Port Said with a general cargo.

S.S. Varsova—The B I S N Coy's steamer Varsova sailed yesterday for Busrah with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Gambhira—The B I S N Coy's steamer Gambhira will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Aug. 10.

S.S. Ranpura for London—1 case brassware Thos Cook and Sons.

For Alexandretta—60 bales cotton yarn M A A L A Razak.

S.S. Tarantia for Liverpool.—350 bales wool raw Eastern Wool Trading Co; 347 bales wool raw M Nissim; 50 bales cotton thread waste B Mahasukhram and Co; 167 bags buffalo pickers P Kasambha.

For Manchester.—50 bales cotton raw B Mahasukhram and Co.

S.S. C/o Bristol for Liverpool—225 bales cotton thread waste L O Vora; 104 bales cotton thread waste S Trikamlal and Co.

S.S. C/o Rangoon for Marseilles—30 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Manchester—59 bales cotton thread waste L O Vora; 125 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co.

For Barcelona.—97 bales cotton thread waste L O Vora; 225 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co.

For Liverpool—125 bales cotton raw B Mavji and Co; 1000 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S.S. Trifels for Hamburg—32 bags Kamala herb Cox and Kings Ltd.; 2000 bales myrabollum H Odhavji; 21 bales cow hides D Abraham and Sons; 118 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co.

For Chios—7 bales animal hides D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. President Pierce for San-francisco—6 bales Numdas Cox & Kings Ltd.

For New York—27 bales animal skins D Abraham and Sons; 7 bales animal skin A Rasool and Sons.

For Syria—50 bales cotton raw H Nensey and Co.

S.S C/o Hereford for Liverpool—52 bags groundnut oil cakes Cox and Kings Ltd.

S.S. India for Marseilles—700 bags castor seed Birla Bros.

For Genoa—110 bales cotton raw Italindia Cotton Co; 110 bales cotton raw Breul and Co; 667 bags gingelly seed S Piras and Co.

S.S. Kepwick-hall for Ghent.—440 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 275 bales cotton raw B Cursondas and Co.

For Antwerp—55 bales cotton raw N Nagshi and Co; 220 bales cotton raw S Karamshi and Co.

For Ratterdom—640 bags ground nut seed S Piras and Co.

S.S. Baron Kinnaird for Port Said—2396 bags linseed L Dreyfus and Co.

S.S. Temple Lane for Port Said—7000 bags castor seed Shrauss and Co.

S.S Tango Maru for Dairen.—300 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co; 150 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Hongkong—20 bags fish mows R Dhanji and Co.

S.S. Havre Maru for Shanghai—200 bales cotton raw O Suleman & Co.

For Kobe—12 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co; 141 bales cotton raw Nissho Co. Ltd.

S.S. Naldera for Hongkong—150 bags dry fruits Shah and Co; 82 bags dry fruits D Mavji and Co.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Aug. 10

S.S. Badarpur; Agents B. Shell Oil Co.; from Rangoon:—1213099 gallons kerosene oil in bulk.

S.S Vasna; Agents M M & Co.; from Busrah:—35 bags animal skins; 2440 bags barley.

From Karachi:—260 bags bran; 331 bags wheat flour; 137 bales cotton; 1660 bags wheat; 1250 bags dry fruits; 175 bags gram; 160 bags jira; 35 cases fish; 23 bundle animal skins

S.S. Strathaird; Agents M M & Co from London: 50 cases cigarettes; 50 cases wine; 130 cases castor oil; 220 cases provision; 200 kegs borex; 40 kegs boric acid; 50 cases gin; 160 cases whisky; 25 cases biscuits; 55 drums colour; 35 drums linseed oil; 608 drums paint.

From Gothenburg:—182 bales cardboards.

S.S. Victoria; Agents L Triestino; from Genoa:—46 cases camphor; 15 cases lamps; 23 bottles mercury; 30 cases art silk and cotton mixed goods; 96 cases miscoroni; 24 cases silk fancies; 25 drums varnish; 23 drums chemicals; 95 drums dyes; 60 drums boric acid; 40 cases soap; 91 cases motor covers; 485 cases rayon yarn

From Naples:—16 cases silk yarn 500 bags potatoes.

From Aden:—280 bags bajree; 24 bags gum Arabic.

S.S. Planorbis; Agents B Shell Oil Co.; from Sarawak:—4124 tons diesel oil in bulk.

S.S. British Renown; Agents A P O Co.; from Abadan:—2890 tons diesel oil; 5060 tons furnace oil in bulk.

S.S. Jalajyoti; Agents S S N Co.; from Calcutta:—10102 bags rice; 14 bags chests tea; 175 bales gunnies; 35 bales D W Bgs.; 460 nongs spelter; 198 cases medicine.

From Colombo:—94 chests tea; 3000 bags copra.

From Tuticorin:—185 bales cotton; 31 bales cotton yarn; 35 bales cotton waste; 31 bags coorid husk.

S.S. Finnager; Agents S V Corporation; from Batoum:—6985 tons kerosene oil in bulk

S.S. Aungban; Agents B Shell Oil Co.; from Rangoon:—1079340 gallons kerosene oil; 500 cks. kerosene oil; 1853 cks. 70 drums lub. oil; 11 cks. grease; 261 cks. motor oil; 120 cks. turpentine; 30 cks. malario'; 400 tins match wax; 192 bags p.-wax; 2124 cases candies.

S.S. Carthage; Agents M M & Co.; from London:—5 cases aniline colour; 26 cases bacon; 11 cases cheese; 8 cases hams; 7 cases provision; 3 cases butter; 55 cases books; 10 bales blotting paper; 4 bales writing paper; 23 bales paper; 34 cases cigarettes; 2 cases tobacco; 11 cases shoes; 2 cases boots; 6 cases cod liver oil; 1 bales rope; 135 cases wine; 2.0 cases whisky; 5 cases spirits; 25 cases fruit salt; 55 cases paint. 6 nongs. motor car; 12 bundles cable; 3 casks ivory; 9 barrels leather stiffeners; 2 cases sardines; 9 cases shoap; 18 cases biscuit; 1 case glue; 10 cases machinery; 112 cases Horlick's Malted Milk; 66 cases oil varnish; 4 cases plaster of Paris; 7 cases Potass Iodine; 3 cases caffaine citrate; 3 cases potassium bromide; 1 case nitrate of silver; 1 case films; 100 cks. portland cement; 8 cases drugs; 23 cases medicines; 52 cases preserves; 2 cases emery cloth; 1 case brushes; 1 case hardware; 2 cases hats; 5 cases stationery; 106 cases oil stoves; 3 cases toys; 2 cases golf clubs; 2 cases bicycles; 175 cks. cement.

From Southampton:—1 case cigarettes; 16 cases electric cable; 2 cases powdered milk.

From Amsterdam:—10 cases cheese.

From Bordeaux:—85 cases brandy; 15 cases wine.

From Columbo:—500 bags copra; 100 cyls cocoanut oil; 4 cases dye.

From Tuticorin:—132 cases Bengal matches; 24 bales cotton; 350 nongs. empty iron drums.

From Calicut:—270 bundles coir rope; 300 bundles coir yarn; 116 bags cocoanuts; 7 bags cardamoms.

**REWARD OF RS. 500.**
MAHATMA PRADATTA MIRACULOUS HERB.

The mere sight of it cures at once serious scorpion bites and the bites of hornets and bees also. Cures lakhs of sufferers and keeps it for hundreds of years and its efficiency is unaffected. Price Re. 1 per root. Reward of Rs. 500 if proved fallible. B. Brij Nandan Sahai, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Patna High Court, writes:—"It can be used for curing hundreds. It is an innocent herb and deserves public patronage."
VAIDYARAJ AKHIL KISHORE RAM,
No. 22, P.O. Katrisarai (Gaya).

# "Stop Frontier Bombing"

Sardar Jamiat Singh addressing a mass meeting at Chowpaty Sands on Wednesday evening, convened to protest against the aerial bombing on the Frontier.

# COTTON OUTLOOK

## Crop Reports Satisfactory

Bombay, Aug 10

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly cotten market report:—

With the exception of yesterday, when there was a technical reaction, the tone throughout the week has been weak. As so often happens there was much liquidation before the Bureau Report was published on Tuesday, most operators preferring to have a square position until they knew whether the Bureau officials were going to serve up a surprise as they frequently do on 8th August. This year was no exception as the crop estimate was given as 12,314,000 whereas the average of private guesses was arounded eleven million bales. The condition of the crop as at 1st August is given as 74.2 per cent. Of the 40,798,000 acres planted we have been informed that only 29,704,030 acres remain in cultivation the balance presumably having been given up under the Wallace plan. The present crop estimate indicates an average yield of 198.4 lbs. on the remaining acreage. This is a large figure and is partly explained by the reasonable suggestion that the farmers must have given up their least promising acres. In addition weather conditions this year so far have been somewhat better than usual, and we understand the crop estimators believe that damage by the boll-weevil will be under the average of recent years. In spite of the acreage reduction, the world feels that there is going to be more than enough cotton for all probable requirements for whilst the supply of American cotton, present and prospective, is less than it was a year ago, it would appear probable that this will be largely made up by larger crops in Egypt and probably India. By the end of last month 171,000 bales of American cotton had already been ginned. The crop will soon be moving freely. Unless weather conditions should take a turn for the worse, always a possibility at this time of the year we look like having a dull market for some time to come.

LOCAL SITUATION.

In Bombay during the week trading has been very restricted. Actual demand has been conspicuous by its absence. Speculators have been sellers rather than buyers and contract prices have sagged fully ten Rupees per candy. The supply of old crop in India is smaller than usual, but with Japan supplied with Indian cotton until the end of the year, China quiet, Europe taking little interest, and local Mills finding difficulty in finding buyers for their goods, for the time being there is little the Bulls can enthuse about, especially as reports from the cotton districts are very satisfactory. It looks as if the cotton market is likely to decline further.

# BAY DEPRESSION CENTRES NEAR RAIPUR

## Monsoon Vigorous In And Around Central Parts Of Country And Active In Malabar Assam And Bengal

POONA, Aug 10

Depression from the Bay of Bengal is centred this morning near Raipur and is likely to move northwestwards. Monsoon has been vigorous in and around central parts of country and active in Malabar, Konkan, Assam, Bengal and in and near the Punjab Kumaon Hills.

Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa Chota Nagpur, Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan, North Hyderabad and Malabar and local in Assam, Bihar, the United Provinces, East and north Punjab, east Rajputana, Gujarat, Bombay (Deccan) and South Hyderabad, while a few falls have occurred in upper Burma, Baluchistan southeast Madras, Madras Deccan and north Madras coast.

Chief amounts of rainfall are as ollows:—Akyab two; Lashio, three-quarters; Darjeeling three; Silchar, two; Sibsagar, Cherrapunji, Burdwan, Cuttuck, Sambalpore, one and half; Barisal, Ranchi, one; Cox's Bazar, Naraynganj, Calcutta, three quarters; Pachmari ten; Bareilly, Hooshangabad, four; Bhopal, Raipur, three; Indore, Jubbulpore, Nagpur two; Khandwa, Pendra, Chanda one and half; Amraoti one; Seoni three-quarters; Benares, Jhansi, Nowgong, half; Jhalaripatam, two; Kotah, Ludhiana, three quarters; Kalat half; Mahabaleshwar, six; Khandala, three; Parbhani, Nizamabad, Mercara, two; Calicut, one and half; Ratnagiri, Aurangabad, Sholapur, one; Kolwar, three-quarters; Marmagao, Malegaon, Gopalpur, half.

Forecast: Rainfall will increase in Konkan, Gujarat, west Central India, and east Rajputana and will extend in west Rajputana with in thirty-six hours. Monsoon will be vigorous in north Deccan and Central Provinces and active in Malabar, east Central India, southern divisions of United Provinces, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bengal, Assam and Burma and scattered falls will recur in south Deccan and in and near Punjab Kumaon Hills.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Locally heavy rain likely in west central provinces, west central India, Gujarat and east Rajputana during the next forty-eight hours.—A. P.

### *ALL-INDIA RAINFALL*

The following table gives the details of the rainfall for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Wednesday, together with the rainfall departure from normal Since June 1:—

| Stations. | Past 24 hours | Since 1st June | Departure from normal |
|---|---|---|---|
| Agra | 1.6 | 18.8 | +4.7 |
| Ahmednagar | ... | 10.1 | +0.8 |
| Ahmedabad | 0.1 | 21.2 | +2.7 |
| Ajmer | ... | 24.4 | +13.7 |
| Akola | 0.3 | 21.4 | +4.4 |
| Allahabad | ... | 12.1 | —7.8 |
| Amraoti | 0.2 | 19.4 | +2.0 |
| Bangalore | ... | 7.6 | —0.6 |
| Benares | ... | 14.1 | 5.4 |
| Bombay | 0.2 | 40.4 | —6.6 |
| Calcutta | 0.3 | 34.9 | +7.1 |
| Cawnpore | 0.7 | 13.09 | —3.3 |
| Chittagong | 0.8 | 53.8 | +5.1 |
| Dehra Dun | 3.9 | 54.8 | +10.0 |
| Delhi | ... | 22.3 | +8.9 |
| Hyderabad Sind | ... | 5.9 | +1.3 |
| Hyderabad Dn. | ... | 23.0 | +10.3 |
| Indore | 0.1 | 29.7 | +11.4 |
| Jhansi | 0.4 | 21.3 | +1.5 |
| Jubbulpore | 0.3 | 25.2 | —5.7 |
| Karachi | ... | 15.5 | +11.1 |
| Lahore | ... | 7.8 | —0.9 |
| Lucknow | 0.2 | 7.8 | —11.7 |
| Ludhiana | ... | 10.2 | —2.5 |
| Madras | ... | 2.1 | —5.0 |
| Mahableshwar | 4.1 | 213.6 | 30.9 |
| Malegaon | ... | 8.0 | —1.9 |
| Mount Abu | 0.2 | 44.0 | +9.7 |
| Mussoorie | 1.6 | 53.2 | +10.8 |
| Mysore | ... | 6.9 | 0.8 |
| Nagpur | 0.2 | 32.5 | +6.2 |
| Patna | 0.1 | 18.2 | —5.4 |
| Peshawar | ... | 1.8 | +0.8 |
| Poona | 0.1 | 18.0 | +4.9 |
| Rangoon | 0.7 | 51.9 | +6.4 |
| Rajkot | ... | 16.2 | —9.0 |
| Ranchi | 0.6 | 26.5 | —2.5 |
| Ratnagiri | 0.9 | 88.3 | +19.7 |
| Rawalpindi | ... | 17.8 | 5.2 |
| Sholapur | ... | 10.3 | |
| Sialkot | ... | 18.7 | +5.6 |
| Simla | 0.3 | 24.2 | —6.4 |
| Srinagar | ... | 8.2 | 3.8 |

T denotes a fall of from 1 to 4 cents

## BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

The following are the rainfall figures for August 10:—

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 10-8-33. Colaba Point 0.24 in.: Fort 0.70 in.: J J Hospital 0.45 in.: Cotton Laboratory Matunga 0.50 in.

Total since 1st June to date. Colaba Point 40.67 in.; Fort 64.34 in.: J J Hospital 47.13 in.: Cotton Laboratory Matunga 43.44 in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1932. Colaba Point 51.18 in.: Fort 58.02 in.: J J Hospital 54.85 in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931. Colaba Point 70.84 in.: Fort 77.23 in.: J J Hospital 70.48 in.

### COLABA OBSERVATORY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10-8-1933.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .023 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.4 degrees (04 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.7 degrees 1.4 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 88 per cent.

Direction of wind—N W

Velocity of wind—20 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours—287 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours: 36 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10 —10.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.24 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 16.25 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 33.52 inches.

Weather Remarks—Rain and Squallry.

### BAROMETER READING

The Official Barometer Reading for August 10 is as follows:—

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.7 degrees F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.88 inches and a compensated anerold 29.68 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

### TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

EX-GODOWN, BOMBAY.
Bombay, August 10.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 265 per ton. Per Case of 84lbs. Rs. 20 per case.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 67 per ton.

# NO FEAR OF WATER SHORTAGE

## Tansa And Tulsi Lakes Overflow While Vehar Lake Is Nearly Full

The following is the state-ment showing details of the storage of water in Lakes, etc., for the week ending 5th August 1933, compared with the corresponding week last year:—

Contents in millions of Gallons.

| Name of Lake and week ending. | When Lake is full. | At commencement of week. | At end of week | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| VEHAR LAKE | | | | |
| For 5th Aug 1933 | 9.120 | 5.040 | 3.345 | Tansa supply substituted from 1st August 1933. |
| 6th Aug 1932 | 9.120 | 8.251 | 8.684 | |
| TULSI LAKE— | | | | |
| For 5th Aug 1933 | 2.294 | 2.294 | 2.294 | Overflowing from 29th July 1933. |
| 6th Aug 1932 | 2.294 | 2.294 | 2.294 | Overflowed from 11th July 1932. |
| POWAI LAKE— | | | | |
| For 5th Aug 1933 | 1.200 | 1.200 | 1.200 | Overflowing from 29th July 1933. |
| 6th Aug 1932 | 1.200 | 1.200 | 1.200 | Overflowed from 11th July 1932. |
| TANSA LAKE— | | | | |
| For 5th Aug 1933 | 35.604 | 28.314 | 35.604 | Overflowing from 2nd August 1933. |
| 6th Aug 1932 | 35.604 | 35.604 | 35604 | Overflowed from 27th July 1932. |

### SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, August 10.

Castorseeds September Delivery Opening Rs. 27-6; Highest Rs. 27-10; Lowest Rs. 27-4; Closing Rs. 27-6. May Delivery Opening Rs. 28-14; Highest Rs. 29-2-6; Lowest Rs. 28-11-6; Closing Rs. 28-12-6.

Linnseed December Delivery Opening Rs. 6-13-6; Closing Rs. 6-12.

Groundnut Seeds August Delivery Opening Rs. 28; Highest Rs. 28-5-6; Closing Rs. 27-13. February Delivery Opening Rs. 29-7; Highest Rs. 29-13-6; Lowest Rs. 29-6; Closing Rs. 29-9.

The War Office announces that Lieut-Colonel C. C. Foss V.C. has been appointed Commander, Rangoon Brigade Area.

Scientifically Designed— Built to last!

If you are still using Foreign toothbrushes, it's because you haven't seen an ARYAN—the premier Swadeshi Toothbrush solidly built of the finest and most expensive material obtainable that outlasts three ordinary imported brushes. Its exquisitely beautiful and elastic handle white or coloured, its fine but firm and thoroughly sterilized bristles, its unique design are its features rarely present in foreign brushes selling at double the price. You'll like its cleansing and polishing qualities too and above all the honest service it gives you.

LET THE NEXT TOOTH-BRUSH YOU BUY BE ARYAN.

THE "ARYAN"
Is designed and cut most scientifically according to instructions from
Dr. P. DHARGALKAR,
Dental-Surgeon.

Sold Everywhere
aryan TOOTH BRUSH
ARYAN BRUSH Co 36 HAMAM St FORT, BOMBAY

SCRIBBLING BLOCKS : :

FOR SALE
In Various Sizes
At Annas 4 Per lb.
Write to the MANAGER
"Bombay Chronicle"

# GOOD DEMAND FOR SPOT COTTON IN N. Y

## Weekly Weather Report Favourable

## PERSISTENT TRADE CALLING IN LIVERPOOL

## Bears Nervous On Possible Inflation

The Bureau Report proved one day's wonder and now the sold-out state is reflecting with a better tone.

The Weekly Weather report was favourable but large demand for Spot cotton raised prices in New York market.

The U. S. Government has overestimated the crop and with possibility of inflation. Bear operators are becoming nervous.

Last season the total supply of 26 million bales was marketed at an average price a little over 6 cents when Dollar Cross Rate was 3.40.

The consumption has now increased to the extent of 2 million bales and with an available supply of 24 million bales, present prices are reasonable when dollar cross rate stands around 4.50.

In view of decrease in supply and increase in consumption, present price-level which is mainly due to decline in dollar, presents a good opportunity to buycotton for a long pool.

Bombay, August 10.

The New York Cotton futures market was nervous and irregular on Wednesday, unsettling factors being more favourable weather and spot houses buying. The market opened quiet at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 2 to 4 points and kept on improving on fairly large buying by spot and commission houses and prices recorded a rise of 34 points from the opening level. The weekly weather report was favourable but failed to influence any selling. The Southern hedge selling was well absorbed and towards the close there was some liquidation which resulted in a relapse of 8 points from the highest level and the market closed at a net rise of 24 to 27 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 25 points at 9.85c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was very steady and closed at a rise of 28 to 27 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 28 points at 9.82c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points as a result of overnight American cables predicted inflationary measures which offset scattered liquidation and hedge selling. There was straddle selling with easier American advices but later there was persistent trade calling which in conjunction with short covering improved prices. The market closed at a rise of 13 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 16 points at 5.99d.

East Indian cotton futures advanced 13 points and Egyptian cotton futures closed at a rise of 18 to 13 points.

The Alexandria cotton market was quiet and closed at a decline of 28 to 23 points.

COMMENT ON BUREAU

The U.S. Government comment on Bureau report is as under:—

The indicated area for harvest is the estimated area in cultivation on July 1st, less probable removal of 10,304,000 acres and is less than the ten-year average abandonment. The condition of 74.2 per cent is higher than any condition on August 1st, since 1915, excepting 74.9 per cent reported in 1931.

Growing conditions have been particularly favourable to the Atlantic sea-board states, where the crop is early and well fruited and weevils are less active than usual. In the central part of the belt and Texas and Oklahoma conditions have been less favourable but still above the average.

The indicated yield per acre of 198.4 is about 18 per cent higher than the ten-year average and is the highest since 1914 with the exception of 211.5 pounds in 1931. When the yield indicated for each state is applied to the acreage estimated to be covered by the reduction contracts, the amount of cotton taken out of production by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration is indicated to be about 4,247,000 bales. The potential crop, had there been no reduction programme, is thus indicated to have been 16,561,000 bales.

Data on weevil indicate that dry hot weather in June greatly reduced potential damage which appears not much more than half the average of recent years.

GOOD DEMAND.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., state:—

Despite fairly favourable weather prices improved on trade buying and on reports of export Houses buying for the Far East. It appears that Government have taken the highest yield per acre on the assumption of continued favourable weather during the harvesting season with a condition of 74.2 per cent. Past records, however, show the deterioration in condition from July to September has varied from 10 to 30 per cent. with a 10 years' average of 10 per cent. Should this average deterioration be taken into account the present estimate seems likely to be the highest for the season; furthermore assuming a crop of 12-1/4 million, the total supply would be 24 millions against last season.

Prior to America going off the gold standard on a supply of 26 million bales and severe trade depression prices in America ranged around 6 cents with a cross-rate of 340. consequently to-day with the dollars at 450 prices seem very reasonable on prospective supply and consumption.

PRIVATE CABLES.

(up at 1-11 p.m.)

New York October

higest 10.04 plus .32

(down at 10 a.m.)

lowest 9.70—.02

Messrs. Breul and Co., have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

Market reaction owing to distinctly bearish bureau shows well liquidated position and ability to respond any Bullish factors. Still advise moderate purchases on declines.

Messrs. Chunilal Menta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York. Better tone reflects sold out condition with renewed trade and Commission house demand. South sold.

New York. Market affected more by absence of selling than a demand from buyers and strength of outside markets. United States Government weekly weather report favourable. Poor trade demand with large supplies. Hedging from now on will become greater.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

(1-11 p.m.)

December highest 10.24

(at opening).

lowest 9.88

Liverpool 8-54 p.m. Weekly Government Weather Report generally favourable.

Possibility of inflation making market nervous.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithraj have received the following cable:

New York:—Market acting well speculative selling well absorbed are not inclined to change our opinion.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| October 1933 | 9.96+24 |
| December 1933 | 10.17+25 |
| January 1934 | 10.23+25 |
| March 1934 | 10.38+26 |
| May 1934 | 10.57+27 |
| July 1934 | 10.72+25 |
| Middling spot | 9.85+25 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Aug. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 9.92+28 |
| December | 10.13+27 |
| Middling spot | 9.82+28 |

New York Noon Call—

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 9.96 |
| December | 10.16 |

## GOLD AND SILVER

### Large Tenders

Bombay, Aug. 10.

There was considerable activity in the local silver market. Bear operators have issued large tenders and buyers are unwilling to take tenders as there are persistent rumours about removal of import duty. Shravan delivery opened at Rs. 55/15 and declined to Rs. 55/8 but later on rallied to Rs. 55/11. Bhadarva delivery ruled firm and the difference widened to As. 12. Gold market was quiet.

| | Rs. | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 55 | 10 | 0 |
| Shravan | 55 | 10 | 0 |
| Bhadarva | 56 | 2 | 0 |
| Ready Gold | 30 | 12 | 6 |
| Shravan | 30 | 12 | 9 |
| Bhadarva | 30 | 13 | 3 |

## NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Aug. 9.

Spot Silver 36 1/8 + 1/8c.
September 36.70 + 30
Tone:—Steady.

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 9.

Chartered Bank of I A and China £15-7/8.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) £129½.

P and O Banking Corporation £9-3/4.

National Bank of India £45.

Funding Loan 4 per cent £110⅛

Conversion Loan 3½ per cent £99⅜.

Rupee Paper 3½ per cent £62.

Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 £71-3/4.

Indian Stock 3½ per cent 1931 £84.

Indian Stock 4½ per cent 1950/55 £106½

Consols 2½ per cent £73-3/8.

War Loan 3½ per cent £99½.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £109⅞

## DOLLAR STERLING CROSS RATE

London, Aug. 10.

Previous Closing 4.48 1/4
To-day's Opening 4.49 3/4

## FRANC CROSS RATE

London, Aug. 10.

Previous Closing 84.53
To-day's Opening 84.53

## ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Aug. 9.

SAKELS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Nov. | 14.92—28 |
| Jan. | 15.33—25 |
| Mar. | 15.70—29 |

ASH:

| | |
|---|---|
| Aug. | 12.61—27 |
| Oct. | 12.36—23 |
| Dec. | 12.49—23 |

## NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug. 9.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 12000 bales.

Day's exports to Great Britain 1000 bales.

Day's exports to th eContinent nil.

## LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: Aug. 9. 10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations closing.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| August 1933 | | 5.74+13 |
| September 1933 | | 5.75+14 |
| October 1933 | 5.66 | 5.75+13 |
| November 1933 | | 5.76+13 |
| December 1933 | | 5.78+13 |
| January 1934 | 5.71 | 5.80+13 |
| February 1934 | | 5.82+13 |
| March 1934 | | 5.84+13 |
| April 1934 | | 5.85+13 |
| May 1934 | | 5.87+13 |
| June 1934 | | 5.88+13 |
| July 1934 | | 5.90+13 |
| August 1934 | | 5.91+13 |
| Middling Spot | | 5.99—16 |

## INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH— | |
| Fully good (good staple) | 4.95 |
| Fine (good staple) | 5.10 |
| Superfine (good staple) | 5.25 |
| C.P. OOMRA— | |
| Good (No. 1 staple) | 5.04 |
| Fine (No. 1 staple) | 5.19 |
| Choice (No 1 staple) | 5.34 |
| BENGAL— | |
| Good | 3.93 |
| Fine | 4.03 |
| Superfine | 4.13 |
| SCINDE— | |
| Good | 4.03 |
| Fine | 4.13 |
| Superfine | 4.23 |

## EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Sakellaridis— | |
| October 1933 | 7.75 |
| November 1933 | 7.81 |
| January 1934 | 7.89 |
| March 1934 | 7.97 |
| May 1934 | 8.05 |
| June 1934 | 8.13 |
| F.G.F. Spot | 8.04 |

## COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Aug. 9.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-1/4.

## BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Aug. 10.

The New York cotton market fully recovered the decline but the local cotton market which is believed to support the cotton trade is doing great harm to bonafide trade and more or less it can be called a gambling den.

In the local market Broach A/M delifery was quoted at Rs. 220/- before the Bureau report and with same level of prices in New York to-day Broach is selling at Rs. 214

The market is mainly controlled by a gang of operators who every now and then obstructs the bonafide movement of prices and several operators now believe that there is no legitimate cotton market in Bombay.

This is the main reason why local operators prefer Liverpool and New York markets where intelligent operator has enough scope for business.

The local market was expected to open at Rs. 216 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 215 and declined to Rs. 214/4. It is a difficult task to arrive any conclusion about the prospective situation and opinions are valuless before mad speculators.

Liverpool Market opened steady at a rise of 7 points, but later on was quoted 3 points higher.

The Local Market was raided by bear operators and commission houses were large sellers. Prices rapidly declined to Rs. 211/4 and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Broach J/A. | 193 |
| Broach A/M. | 211-8 |
| Oomra D/J. | 179-12 |
| Bengal D/J. | 153-12 |

ROOM RATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Superfine | 205 |
| Fine | 202 |
| Fully Good | 199 |
| Good | 196 |

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Aug 10

M. G.—

Benga' U P sup 181; fine 157; F G 153; good 149

Punjab sup 157; fine 154; F G 151; good 148

Rajputana sup 158; fine 155; F G 152; good 149

Oomra No. 3 extra superfine 189; sup 187; fine 185; FG 182

Oomra No. 1 extra superfine 196; sup 190; fine 192; F G 189

Oomra No. 2 extra superfine 192; sup 194; fine 188; F G 185

Broach No. 2 sup 203; fine 201; F G 199; Good 197

Punjab-Ame sup 212; fine 210; F G 208; good 206.

Surat sup 251; fine 249; F G 247; good 245

Rajpipla sup 251; fine 248; F G 247; good 245

Navsari sup 259; fine 257; F G 255; good 253

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSN. LIMITED.

Bombay, August 10.

The following rates prevailed in the Market on the 10th day of August, 1933:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS.

| (B.T.) | April-May 1934. | July-Aug. 1933. |
|---|---|---|
| 10-30 | Rs. 215\|4 | 197\|4 |
| 12-30 | Rs. 215 | 197 |
| 2-30 | Rs. 213\|12 | 195\|12 |
| 4-30 | Rs. 211\|12 | 193\|12 |
| 5-30 | Rs. 211 | 193 |
| Highest | Rs. 215\|8 | 197\|8 |
| Lowest | Rs. 210\|8 | 192\|8 |

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug 10

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 165 |
| Bengal Fine | 162 |
| Bengal F G | 159 |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine | 162 |
| Sindh-Punjab F G | 159 |
| Wardha-Hingt Fine | 192/94 |
| Nagpur Savner Fine | 192/94 |
| Yeotmal | 188 |
| Arvi Fine | 189 |
| Ellichpur Fine | 188 |
| Amraoti-Berar Fine | 184 |
| Khamgaon Fine | 184 |
| Mulkapur Fine | 176 |
| Khandeish Fine | 172 |
| Muthia F G | 154 |
| Jalna/Sailu F G | 174 |
| Burwah-Sanavad F G | 184 |
| Ujjain/Shujaulpur F G | 187 |
| Broach F G | 199/200 |
| Punjab/American | 212 |
| Punjab/American mix | 197 |
| Cambodia | 257/62 |
| Miraj/Sangli | 197/202 |
| Compta Good | 202 |
| Bagalkot | 187/92 |
| Busoga | 335 |
| Kampala | 339 |

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Aug. 9.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—

C and F Calcutta per cwt 7/10½ Aug/Sept sellers.

C and F Bombay per cwt 1/10½ Aug/Sept sellers.

C and F Karachi per cwt 7/10½ Aug/Sept sellers.

## MONEY MARKET

### Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 10

B. C. RATE:—

T T and D D 1|6

LONDON:—

Banks Selling T. T. and D D 1/6 1/32

Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 1/32 to Dec.

Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 3/32.

Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32

Banks Buying 3 Months 1/6 5/32 Aug/Sept.

New York B. C. RATE:—

T T 299 1/2 nominal

Banks selling T T 297 1/2 nominal

Banks buying T T 294 nominal

PARIS:—

Banks selling D D 632

Banks buying D D 642

AMSTERDAM:—

Banks selling D D 61 1/4

JAPAN:—

Bank selling T T 80 1|2 Nominal

Banks Buying 60 Days 79 Nominal.

HONGKONG:—

Banks selling D D 95

SHANGHAI:—

Banks selling D D 84 1/2

SINGAPORE:—

Banks Selling D. D. 156 1/4

JAVA:—

Banks selling D D 61 1/4

BERLIN:—

Banks selling D D 103 1/4

CROSS RATE:—

New York/London 4.48 1/2 9th instant

Shanghai/London 1/3 1/16 10th instant

Japan/London 1/2 7/16 10th instant

London/Paris 84.56 9th instant

London/Belgium 23.71 9th instat

London/Switzerland 17.10 9th instant

London/Italy 63.06 9th instant

London/Berlin 13.89 9th instant

London/Holland 8.20 9th instant

London/Stockholm 18.38½ 9th instant

London/New York 4.48 1/2 9th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £8-4-7 1/2 8th instant £6-4-8 9th instant

Silver London ready 17 15/16 8th instant 17 15/16 9th instant

Silver London forward 18 1/16 8th instant 18 9th instant

Silver New York ready 36 1/4 8th instant 36 1/2 9th instant

London discounts 3 mos 7/16 per cent 8th instant 7/16 per cent 9th instant

London discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 8th instant 11/16 per cent 9th instant

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1|2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1 per cent.

3 mos. 1 per cent.

6 mos. 2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

LONDON METAL.

London, Aug. 9.

Copper Braziers £49½.

Yellow Metal £40½.

Spelter Hard Indian Brands £17

Corrugated sheets 24. £16½.

Tin English Ingots £216.

SEEDS.

London, Aug. 9.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton no offers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton £10-12-6 Aug/Sept sellers.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent ton £10-11-3 Aug/Sept sellers.

LINSEED.

London, Aug. 9.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £11-12-6 Aug/Sept sellers.

Linseed Laplata c.i.f. Hull ton £10-15-0 Aug/Sept sellers.

Linseed Laplta c.i.f. Hull ton £11-17-6 Aug/Sept sellers.

LINSEED OILS.

London, Aug. 9.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt 20/3 Aug sellers.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt 21/4½ Jan/Apl sellers.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Aug. 9.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb spot 4-1/32 sellers.

LONDON EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 9.

TT London on

| | |
|---|---|
| Berlin | 13.88 |
| Amsterdam | 8.20 |
| Brussels | 23.72 |
| Madrid | 39.60 |
| Milan | 63.03 |
| Berne | 17.11 |
| Paris | 84.53 |
| Prague | 111.62 |
| New York | 4.48¼ |

LONDON DICOUNT RATES

London, Aug. 9.

Bank Bills—

3 months market rate 0-7/16 per cent.

6 months market rate 0-11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills—

3 months market rate 2 per cent

6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest day to day Loan 0-1/4 per cent.

Interest 7 day's market loan 0-1/4 per cent.

## COTTON STRADDLES

### Approximate Differences

New York-Liverpool:—October 166; Jany. 149; March 148.

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach A.-May 216—Liverpool May 5.93 Rs. 42-1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York:—Broach A.-May 216—New York May 10.57 Rs. 45-3/4 at 4.48-7/8 Cross Rate.

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 9.

Broach July/A. Op. 194; Hi. 196-1/4; Lo. 194; Close 196-1/4

Broach A./May. Op. 212; Hi. 214-1/2; Lo. 212; Close 214-1/2

Oomra D./J. Op. 184-1/2; Hi. 185; Lo. 183-3/4; Close 183-3/4

Bengal D./J.. Op. 155; Hi. 156-1/4; Lo. 155; Close 156-1/4.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

T T. on London:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Close | 1-3 |
| To-day's Opening | 1-3 1/16 |
| To-day's Close | 1-3 |

## COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, Aug. 9.

| | To-day. Bales. | Total. Bales. |
|---|---|---|
| Broach J./A. | 500 | 23.600 |

LONDON SILVER.

London, Aug. 9

Silver.—Very little doing.

Spot 17-15/16.

Forward 18.

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 9.

Gold bars fine per oz £5-4-8

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Aug. 9.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels 24/7½ Aug sellers.

Wheat Barletta Russo parcels 24/4½ Aug sellers.

Wheat South Australian parcels 27/9 Aug. sellers.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, August 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| September | 1.00-1/2 |
| December | 1.03-3/8 |
| May | 1.07-1/8 |

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, August 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| September | 1.41—.01 |
| December | 1.46—.02 |
| March | 1.53—.01 |
| May | 1.58—.01 |

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, August 10.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Linseed September | 6 | 9 | 6 |
| Linseed May | 6 | 15 | 0 |
| Wheat September | 4 | 9 | 0 |
| Wheat May | 4 | 12 | 3 |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Aug 10

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yester-day | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | ... | 219,492 |
| Central India | 641 | 206,922 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 229 | 133,208 |
| Hyderabad-Gaoran | ... | 55,681 |
| Berar | 793 | 469,805 |
| Central Provinces | ... | 136,164 |
| Total Oomras | 1,663 | 1,221,272 |
| Dholera | 381 | 295,096 |
| N.-W. Provinces | ... | 8,055 |
| Rajputana | 143 | 84,289 |
| Sind-Punjab | ... | 106,647 |
| Broach | ... | 327,729 |
| Coompta & Dharwar | 822 | 91,165 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 529 | 72,452 |
| Cocoanada | ... | 13 |
| Tinnevelly & Cambodia | ... | 58,157 |
| Persian | ... | 7,300 |
| American | 692 | 74,703 |
| Egyptian & African | 147 | 152,031 |
| Comilla, Burma & other sorts | ... | 88 |
| Total | 4,377 | 2,498,997 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 3rd August.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yester-day | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 2,013 | 395,119 |
| Japan &China | 2,589 | 1,179,188 |
| Coast Ports | 100 | 26,366 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 130,630 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan | ... | 6,058 |
| Total | 4,702 | 1,737,361 |

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales—

Receipts to date 9-8-33 1933-34 81000; 1932-33 82000

Receipts yesterday 9-8-33 1933-34 12000; 1932-33 10000

Exports to date 9-8-33 1933-34 128000; 1932-33 110000

Stock at Ports 4-8-33 1933-34 2996000; 1932-33 3370000

Stock at Interior Towns 4-8-33 1933-34 1176000; 1932-33 1333000

Stock at Liverpool 4-8-33 1933-34 825000; 1932-33 772000

Visible Supply 4-8-33 1933-34 6476000; 1932-33 6689000

Quantity in Sikgt 4-8-33 1933-34 61000; 1932-33 35000

Quantity out of sight 4-8-33 1933-34 128000; 1932-33 149000

## WALL-STREET MARKET

### Promising Outlook

New York, Aug. 9.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | dollars. |
|---|---|
| Amer. Power & Light Com. | 13¼ |
| Amer. Power & Light Pfd dol.6 | |
| Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P A | 25½ |
| Amer. Forn Power Com. | 13 |
| Amer. Forn Power Gold D | 49 |
| Amer Forn Power 7 p.c. | 26 |
| Electric Bond Common | 26 |
| Electric Bond dol 5 Pfd | 49½ |
| Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd | |
| Consolidated Gas | 52 |
| Columbia Gas | 21¼ |
| United Power & Light A | 5½ |
| North American | 26 |
| United Corn. | 10 |
| American Super Power | 5½ |
| American Tel and Tel | 128 |
| Western Union Telg. | 65 |
| Radio Corp. | 3-3/4 |
| Cheasapeake & Ohio | 46¼ |
| New York Central | 46 |
| Union Pacific R R | 120 |
| Pennsylvania R R | 37 |
| Baltimore & Ohio R R | 31 |
| International Carriers | 8½ |
| Mac Intyre | 34 |
| Alaska Juneau | 26¼ |
| Noranda Mines | 33 |
| Kelvinators | 11 |
| United States Steel | 55½ |
| Bethelehem Steel | 42 |
| Youngstown Sheet & Tube | 27 |
| American Smelting | 36 |
| Int. Nickel Common | 19½ |
| International Harvestor | 37 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 17-3/4 |
| Kennecott Copper | 20⅞ |
| Cerro de Pasco Copper | 34 |
| Glidden | 16½ |
| General Motors | 31½ |
| Packard Motor | 6 |
| Chrysler | 39 |
| General Electric | 25¼ |
| Goodyear Tyre | 39½ |
| United Aircraft | 36 |
| Curtiss Wright | 3⅞ |
| National Dairy | 21½ |
| Standard Oil of N J | 37 |
| Mid. Con. Petroleum | 12½ |
| Philips Petroleum | 14 |
| St. Regis Paper | 5½ |
| American Radiator | 16 |
| National City Bank | 33-1/4 |
| Guaranty Trust | 334 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 475 |
| American Ice Co. | 13 |
| Bush | 4½ |

General Motors sales for July 87298; Market outlook decidedly promising.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, August 10.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Central India | 641 |
| Barsi-Nugger | 229 |
| Berar | 793 |
| Dhollera | 381 |
| Rajputana | 143 |
| Compta-Dharwar | 322 |
| Western-Northerns | 529 |
| Americans | 692 |
| East Africans | 147 |
| Cotton Total | 4,377 |
| | Cwts. |
| Wheat | 10,256 |
| Linseed | 21,550 |
| Rape, Rai & Mustard seeds | 137 |
| Gingellyseed | 1,084 |
| Poppyseed | 4 |
| Groundnuts | 3,017 |
| Castorseed | 4,026 |
| Rice | 72,933 |
| Myrabollams | 465 |
| Cottonseed | 506 |
| Gram | 2,213 |
| Joowar | 191 |
| Barley | 2,329 |
| Bajree | 1,675 |
| | Tons. |
| Coal | 2,414 |

Following is the abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department on the 7th August, 1933:—

(In thousands of Rs.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes in circulation | 1,76,56,30 |

RESERVE: COIN & BULLION IN INDIA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver coin | 94,80,12 |
| Gold bullion | 29,32,51 |
| Silver bullion | 9,99,68 |
| SECURITIES: PURCHASE PRICE | |
| In India | 44,53,99 |
| In England | |

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, August 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 66-1\|2d. |
| December | 68-1\|2d. |
| March | 70-1\|4d. |

BOMBAY SUGAR.

Bombay, August 10.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Java Ready | 14 | 10 | 6 |
| S.S. Nawab | 4 | 13 | 9 |
| July Shipment | 4 | 12 | 6 |
| A\|S Shipment | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| O\|D. Shipment | 5 | 1 | 0 |

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS.

On Wednesday, the 9th August 1933, tenders to the amount of £2,070,000 at 1s. 6-1|16d. were received and allotted approximately 48 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 16th August, 1933, on the same conditions as previously announced.—A.P.

Digitized with funding from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1063

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY AUGUST 11, 1933

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of INSURANCE Business.
J2

## REARRESTED MARCHERS RELEASED AGAIN !

### Bombay Government Orders Further Detention Of Ashram Manager In Sabarmati Jail

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 10.

Three youths, who were arrested and released on Sunday last, it is alleged, for intending to march to Ras from Mahatma Gandhi's Ashram, again attempted to march to Ras last evening. They were again arrested and released.

Two picketers, one male and the other female, who were also arrested yesterday, while picketing foreign cloth shops, were released at night.

Mr. Naran Das Gandhi, Manager of Gandhiji's Ashram, and the nephew of Gandhiji, who are still detained in the Sabarmati Jail under the Bombay Special Emergency Powers Act, have been ordered by the Government of Bombay to be detained in the Sabarmati Jail still further.—A. P.

## TRIPARTITE TRADE PAREYS AT SIMLA

### Conference Will Open In September Third Week, And Will Mainly Centre Round Allocation Of Indian Markets For All Textiles

RUGBY, Aug. 10

Sir Joseph Bhore, Commercial Member of the Government of India and Sir Frank Noyce, Industries and Labour Member, will represent the Indian Government at the discussion in Simla in September with the Japanese Government of Indo-Japanese Trade.

It is expected that Mr. Sansom, British Commercial Councillor at Tokyo will be present in an advisory capacity.

The anticipated negotiations between representatives of Indian and Japanese Governments for a new trade agreement to replace the one, which in accordance with six months' notice of denunciation, expires on 10th October, will open in Simla about 21st September.

Simultaneously, tri-partite discussions between representatives of the industries concerned in Lancashire, India and Japan, will take place in Simla. These discussions will relate to the Indian market in respect of all classes of textiles and to the British colonial markets in which India is interested.

JAPS TO VISIT LONDON.

It is probable that before the Simla conversations open, Japanese industrial delegates will visit London for preliminary industries' conversations with representatives of British Cotton Textile and rayon industries and the proposal for the Simla tri-partite discussions is made on the understanding that discussion in India will be followed immediately by discussion in this country with regard to other textile markets between industrial representatives of Britain and Japan.

RUNCIMAN'S LETTER.

The President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Walter Runciman, in a letter to the Japanese Ambassador dated 20th July, expressed the hope that the Japanese Government would be able to accept this proposal on behalf of Japanese industry and by means of discussion of the kind contemplated, the interests might arrive at a satisfactory agreement.

The Japanese Ambassador accompanied by his Commercial Counsellor Mr. Matsuyama called at the Board of Trade to-day, and in the absence of Mr. Runciman saw Sir Horace Wilson. A communique issued by the Foreign Office states that the Ambassador handed in the Japanese Government's reply to Mr. Runciman's letter.

Certain points were raised which are now being examined, after which it is proposed that a further letter be addressed to the Japanese Ambassador. These points deal mainly with procedure.

Arrangements for holding discussions in India between industrial representatives of the United Kingdom, India and Japan and for subsequent discussions in London are being proceeded with.—B. O. W.

## ASSEMBLY SESSIONS

### Viceroy To Address Both Houses On August 30

SIMLA, Aug. 10,

The following dates have been fixed for official business in the Assembly during the forthcoming session. August 22, 23, 28, 30, Sepetmber 1, 4, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16.

The Viceroy addresses Joint Session of both Houses on August 30.

Further enquiries regarding New Delhi Capital outlay programme show that in all expenditure if a crore and a half is contemplated, of which a crore will be immediately spent in connection with clerks' quarters and officers' bungalow.

Anither crore of rupees sanctioned in connection with Reformed Constitution will include the building of a large number of quarters for members of Federal Legislature, besides provision for a large hospital court and public offices building for New Delhi and improvement in sanitation.—A P.

## *JAPANESE DELEGATES*

### *Will Leave Kobe For India On August 24.*

SIMLA, Aug. 10.

The following communique has been issued:—

"The Japanese Ambassador in London has intimated through the Foreign Office that for the purpose of forthcoming negotiations between the Governments of Japan and India, Japan will be represented by Mr. Setsuzo Sawada, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and by Mr. Susumu Terao, Director of Division of Overseas Trade of the Department of Commerce and Industries.

The delegates will leave Kobe for India on August 24 by S.S. "Hakusan Maru."

Sir Joseph Bhore, Member Incharge of the department of Commerce and Railways, and Sir Frank Noyce, Member Incharge of the departments of Industries and Labour, have been nominated to represent India.—A. P.

Anglo-Soviet negotiations dealing with the possible form of the new commercial treaty were resumed at the Board of Trade on Wednesday.

## BIG HAUL OF COMMUNISTS

### Two Day's Drive Results In 250 Arrests, Including Women

### NEW BAN ON STUDENTS

### Nazi Committee To Purge All Opponents From University

BERLIN, Aug. 9.

The end of a big two-day drive against Communism, involving the arrest of 250 persons, including several women was announced by the Brunswick Government.

Arrests made by the police and Nazi Auxiliaries in consequence of an attempt to revive the Communist Party and the feverish activity of the Communist propagandists.

Sixty arrested persons were summarily sentenced to a total of 45 years; sentences range from one month to 6-1|2 years.

The remainder will be dealt with similarly.

The ban on Communist students in the Prussian Universities was extended to all students, who were Marxist or anti-Nationalist minded. The Nazi Student Committees will carry out the purge of all students who any way opposed the Nazi Government.

The number of unemployed in Germany on August 1 amounted 4,486,000 a decrease 2-1|2 millions since the beginning of February, according to the State Insurance Department.—Reuter

## *Ajmer Amateur Dramatic Club*

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMER, August 9.

At the request of Mr. Janki Sharan Chaturvedi, Vaidyraj Swami Ganeshanandji has given his bungalow to the Youngmen's Amateur Dramatic Club for their using it for rehearsals and establishing the office of the Club. The Secretary has tabled a resolution before the Executive of the Club thanking the Vaidyaraj for his liberality.

## At Home To Lady Willingdon

Lady Cowasji Jehangir gave an "At Home" to Lady Willingdon on Wednesday at the P. M. Gymkhana.

Lady Willingdon attended the Bombay Girl Guides' Rally at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Wednesday. The Guide Commissioners are standing with Lady Willingdon.

## HUNT FOR ANTI-NAZI LITERATURE

### German Frontier Police Warn Searchers

GENEVA, Aug. 10.

Electricity works situated half in the Swiss and half in the German territory near Basle were searched by a party of Nazis for anti-Nazi literature early yesterday morning.

The incident hitherto has not evoked Governmental protest though the German Frontier Police warned searchers against their action and refused to join them.—Reuter.

## *TEA SHARES ACTIVE*

### *Canadian Loan Over 2 Premium On 'Change*

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Aug. 9.

On the Stock Exchange, good tone was maintained, but activity was chiefly confined to tea shares and investment buying mining shares, more particularly Kaffirs. The strength of gilt-edged was well-maintained and the new Canadian Loan is now over two premium.

German loans rallied sharply.

There has been further investment demand for the Far Eastern securities.

Commodity markets have shown rather more life, but wheat was adversely affected by cheap European offerings and good R... harvesting. Wall Street was quiet firm.

## CONSTABLES SHOT AT

### Armed Pathan Opens Fire When Challenged By Policemen

### BULLET PIERCES LUNG

**Villagers Rush to Culprits' Rescue, Snatch Rifle from Police and Pelt Them With Stones.**

NATHIAGALI, August 9.

Two foot constables of the Nizampur Police Station, were seriously injured on Sunday by an armed Pathan and five others.

It is reported that the constables were returning from Inzri village after serving summons, when they were encountered by three persons riding a camel, one armed with rifles. Suspecting that the weapon was unlicensed, the constables challenged the owner, whereupon the latter fired a shot wounding the constable below his heart.

After piercing the left lung, the bullet emerged through the left side. Meanwhile, the second constable snatched the rifle. On cries being raised, the villagers came and pelted the constables with stones, and snatched the rifle. The culprits are said to have absconded.

Later, the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nowshera, visited the scene of occurrence. It is expected that additional police will be posted there, as the previous record of the conduct of the villagers is also stated to be objectionable.—A.P.

## UNIONS ISSUE BALLOT PAPERS

### Strike Threater In Canadian Railways

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 9.

Strike ballot papers are being sent out to-day to 24,000 employees on the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways thrughout Canada by the Union executives. They are returnable by September 15.

The dispute has arisen over two wage cuts of ten per cent each enforced since the beginning of the year.

Railwaymen unsuccessfully appealed against the second cut. Government are watching the situation closely and will do their utmost to prevent general railway strike.

### ASSYRIANS SURRENDER TO IRAK

LONDON, Aug. 9.

A telegram received in London to-day announces the unconditional surrender to Irak authorities of Assyrians, who recently crossed the Irak Frontier. Dissension amongst Assyrian tribesmen themselves was the main cause of Irak Frontier trouble, is the opinion expressed in London Iraki circles.

While Lower Tiary clan is prepared to accept the conditions laid down by the League of Nations, Upper Tiary under at religious leader Marshimun who was trained for Ministry at Canterbury is dissatisfied. Recent developments of the situa... caused King Feisal's hurried departure by air for Irak.—Reuter.

## REDUCE GOVT. EXPENDITURE

### Non-Official Resolution Carried In Burma Council

### DEBT OF OVER SIX CRORES

**Committee of Elected Members to Effect Economies.**

RANGOON, Aug. 9.

The Burma Legislative Council commenced discussions on the non-official resolutions to-day and only two motins were carried.

The first motion was that in view of Burma Government's being in debt of over six crores of rupees the Council urged Government to appoint a committee of elected members to make recommendations for effecting economies in the administration and reductions in Government expenditure.

The Finance Member opposed it on the ground that a similar committee was being announced as announced by the Governor yesterday. But the motion pressed to a division was carried by a majority of 16 votes.

ALLOWANCES FOR COUNCILLORS

The other motion which referred to stopping of allowances to the members of council and granting of actual fare by third class was amended recommending to Government to appoint a committee to consider and make recommendations regarding allowances to be paid to members and their travelling expenses.

The amended motion was carried Government supporting it.

The Council then adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

## VILLAIN AS ESCORT

### Invents Story Of Sick Sister And Decoys Jat Woman

### BARBER'S ROLE TRICK

### Threatens To Murder Her Baby And Decamps With Jewellery

SHEIKHUPURA, Aug. 8.

Story of a clever fraud by a villain comes from the village of Leagar Chak No. 5. A man, disguised as a barber, is reported to have gone to the house of a Jat woman of the village and told her that he had been sent by her sister from the village of Karyal to bring her with himself. He related that her sister was on death bed and that if she wanted to have a last look at her she must hurry up and accompany him.

As barbers are generally employed in the Punjab for such errands and are generally asked to escort women when they have to go to the houses of distant relatives, the simple village woman at once believed the man and prepared to go with him.

CLEVER RUSE.

The woman had a baby in arms and taking a boy aged about 16 with her, she left the place in company of the 'barber' by an evening train. When they had reached Nankana Sahib, the barber asked the boy to get down from the train and sit on a bench and himself went away on the pretext of bringing the woman who was sitting in the female compartment. This, however, was only a ruse to get rid of the boy, because as soon as the train had whistled to start again, he boarded the train leaving the boy behind.

At the next station which was their actual place of destination the woman got down. The barber expressed surprise when the boy was nowhere to be found. He, however, explained to the woman how urgent it was to reach Karyal without further delay as otherwise he feared she might never see her sister alive.

The Jat woman was persuaded to accompany him. The barber carried her baby and when they reached a secluded spot, the barber is said to have threatened to murder the child if he was not given all the ornaments in the person of the woman.

She gave all the ornaments that she wore on receiving which the man is said to have fled away leaving the woman unattended in a strange place. She, however, managed to find her way to her sister's village where she narrated her whole experience. The police are investigating the case.—A. P.

## *TWO BENGALI YOUTHS ARRESTED*

### *Bankura Mail Robbery Case Echo*

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

A Bengali youth, who is an ex-police constable, was arrested from a boarding house in North Calcutta to-day following a search by the special branch of the police, who, it is alleged, recovered from his possession a revolver, several live cartridges and G.P. notes.

Another youth was also arrested in another house.

The arrests are being made in connection with the Bankura Mail Robbery Case.

RE-ARRESTED.

Amulya Das Gupta and Sukumar Kar who were arrested in connection with the inter-provincial conspiracy case, were discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate but re-arrested under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A.P.

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